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INFORMATION

*Pres file*

Monday, February 5, 1968 -- 6:30 p.m.

Mr. President:

Herewith the casualty figures and weapons captured by Corps areas from 29 January to midnight February 4 in Vietnam.

Roughly speaking, if these figures are correct, they took 10 weeks' casualties in a week.

The weapons captured are also round about 10 weeks' take.

W. W. Rostow

WWRostow:rla

## THE WHITE HOUSE

WASHINGTON

February 5, 1968

MEMORANDUM FOR MR. ROSTOW

SUBJECT: Statistics on the Past Week's Activity in Vietnam

The following are cumulative statistics for the period from the 29th of January to midnight, February 4, by Corps areas:

	<u>Killed</u>	<u>Wounded</u>	<u>Captured</u>	<u>Weapons Captured</u>
<u>I Corps</u>				
Enemy	6030		2009	1276
U.S.	225	1218		
South Vietnamese	335	1159		
<u>II Corps</u>				
Enemy	3562		1477	1103
U.S.	77	309		
South Vietnamese	270	933		
<u>III Corps</u>				
Enemy	7118		456	1412
U.S.	148	1109		
South Vietnamese	238	905		
<u>IV Corps</u>				
Enemy	3625		559	1043
U.S.	65	239		
South Vietnamese	226	956		
<u>TOTAL</u>				
Enemy	20,335		4,501	4,834
U.S.	515	2,875		
South Vietnamese	1,069	3,953		

It is interesting to look at this in comparison with other periods.

	<u>1965</u>	<u>1966</u>	<u>1967</u>	<u>Last week</u>
Ratio enemy/friendly killed	2.8/1	3.7/1	4.1/1	12.8/1
Enemy weapons captured (weekly average)	224	357	598	4,834

It is difficult to make a relationship with prisoners, due to a change in reporting procedures. However, it is interesting to note that the prisoner of war population as of January 1 was 9,743. Assuming all those captured last week are valid POWs, this will mean we have increased this population by almost 50 percent in just one week.

*Art*  
Art Mc Cafferty