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REPUBLIC OF VIETNAM  
MINISTRY OF ARMED FORCES  
HIGH COMMAND  
RVNAF  
J-2  
MILITARY INTEL. CENTER

R E P O R T

No. 027/TQ/B/5/QT

SUBJECT: Results of interrogation of false rallier, Ngô Văn Nhỏ, body guard of Commander of VC 703/T.1 Base (?) located in the Cambodian territory

The following information is supplied by Ngo Van Nho, body guard of Nguyen Ngoc Tho, Commander of VC 703/T.1 base (?) located in the Cambodian territory, who falsely rallied at Tri Tam district (Binh Duong) at 1900 hrs on 2 Jan 65:

Subject supplied the following information:

-Outline of personal history and the circumstance under which he was assigned by the VC to act as a false rallier.

Location of VC 703/T.1 Base (?) and the Un~~ited~~ Youth Camp located in the Cambodian territory.

-The presence and activities of Soviet Russian and Chinese Communist cadre at 703/T.1 Base.

-Activities of Nguyen Ngoc Tho, Commander of 703/T.1 Base (?)

I. BRIEF PERSONAL HISTORY AND THE CIRCUMSTANCE UNDER WHICH HE WAS ASSIGNED BY THE VC TO ACT AS A FALSE RALLIER:

11. Circumstance of joining the VC:

Subject only has a vague idea of his past. When he was a little boy (possibly 6 years old) his parents named him Nguyen Văn Châu (?) (residence unknown). One day a woman came, enticed him and took him to a VC

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base located in the Cambodian territory where he was brought up.

As a result Subject does not clearly know his parents' names and birth place (?). According to Tho, Commander of 703/T.1 base, Subject has been brought up by the VC for the past 6 years (?).

From the time of his arrival at the base, he was 14 years old, before the VC allowed him to study the Vietnamese language for a year. At the age of 15, he left school. Subject and Nga (Subject's buddy) were assigned to act as body guards of Tho mentioned earlier. It was not until August 1964 dit Tho reveal: "Your parents were murdered by the RVNAF when you were a little boy, I took you to the base where you have been brought up for the past 6 years. So it is your duty to avenge your parents by pretending to rally to the RVN Government in order to collect and report information to me."

12. Preparations for the false rally.

Before rallying, Tho told Subject to report to the RVN authorities as follows:

You (Subject) are a native of Thị Tinh your parents died when you were a little boy therefore you joined the VC and acted as a liaison agent for Múi Núi, Thị Tinh village guerrilla cadre. Your mission was to carry mail from Bến Cát to Bến Súc and Thị Tinh. If the RVN authorities ask about the strength [of Thị Tinh Village Guerrilla Force] you will say approx. 20 men. The RVN authorities will doubt you if you give a higher figure.

In addition, it is strictly forbidden to reveal any details about the Cambodian territory. If you reveal information on the base, you will be killed by the RVN authorities.

After you rally, you will manage to falsely ask for the permission to visit your relatives living in Gò Dầu then secretly move to the outdoor market and follow a forest trail to Cây Me area. After that you ask C.12 Unit (?) to escort you to the base to report the situation to me. When you request leave, the more days the better.

13. Circumstance of rallying:

15 days later, when Subject had received directives and completed paper formalities, he was guided by Tho to move along a trail leading to the Vietnamese Cambodian border. At Cay Me (?) area, he was received by C.12 Unit (?). Then he was led by the personnel of this unit through winding trails. After 3 days' movement Subject arrived at Binh Duong river. The person who led him told him to take a boat to go to Tri Tam district and rally to Chiếu Hói Committee. It was then 1900 hrs, 8 Jan 65.

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14. Statement made at District Chieu Hoi Committee:

Interrogation by the Chieu Hoi Committee, Subject followed Tho's advice, gave false information on his parents' names.

He stated that his father's name was Ngô Văn Sáu, and his mother's, Nguyễn Thị Hiếu. Both were dead. He added that he was native of Dầu Tiếng and he was a guerrilla of Thi Tinh village. On 14 Jan 65, Subject was sent to the Chieu Hoi Committee of Binh Duong province.

Here, Subject was so well treated that he confessed he was a false rallier, and according to the VC orders, he was to legalize his paper then furnish Tho with information collected in the future.

II. LOCATION OF THE VC 703/T.1 BASE (?)

Subject did not know to which unit this base was subordinate. He only knew that at the gate, there was a large sign (approx. 0.50 x 0.20m) bearing the #703/T.1.

According to Subject's statement, this base was located on Cambodian territory, in a quadrangular area enclosed by coordinates XT020280 + XT020260 + XT040280 + XT040260, at the center of Savay Rieng, Kompong Chak, Trasaut and Tamo areas.

21. Cadre in charge of the base:

It is known that there were 5 VC cadre in charge of the base as follows:

Chief: Nguyen Ngoc Tho  
Cambodian language instructor: B<sup>2</sup>ay Hoa  
Vietnamese language: M<sup>2</sup>oi S<sup>2</sup>e  
Tailoring and embroidering: Sáu Ng<sup>2</sup>ot and  
instructor Ba V<sup>2</sup>ân (women)

22. Description of base 703/T.1

This base was located in a small wooded area on the Cambodian territory.

There, the VC constructed 2 rows of rectangular houses, size 25m x 10m. Each row is partitioned into 2 apartments. These houses were constructed of wood and roofed with sugar palm leaves concealed under dense foliage. No aircraft had flown over this base. Therefore, it is not known whether the base can be seen from the air.

23. Missions of base 703/T.1 (?):

Subject reveals that base 703/T.1 (?) had the two following main missions:

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231. Feeding and education of teenagers:

Feed, educate and train teenagers until they are grown up for employment in collection of information.

Regarding this, Tho sent Nga (Subjects' buddy) to Saigon to operate for 3 times in 1961, 1962 and 1963. Each time, Nga was absent for about 3 months.

According to Nga, Saigon was very gay. He ate in a "Popular" restaurant and rent a cot for 20\$ a night to sleep. In addition, prior to his departure, Nga was issued a false birth certificate by Tho to produce to authorities when asked for. (Other details unknown).

232. Receipt of Soviet and Red Chinese weapons:

Subject confirms that this Camp also stored a quantity of weapons and ammunition supplied by Soviet and Red Chinese cadre.

(See details in next paragraph)

24. United Youth Camp in base 703/T.1 (?)

It is known that in base 703/T.1 (?), the VC were lodging and feeding 82 teenagers from 10 to 16 years of age whom the VC called "United Youths", [TN: Should be teenagers] Following was the composition of these children broken down into various age categories:

- 11 ea from 15 to 16 years of age
- 49 ea from 10 to 14 years of age
- 22 female teenagers from 10 to 14 years of age

241. Activity of teenagers:

Each day, these children were taught by VC to tailor, embroider, and make sandals out of automobile tires. A small number of them studied Vietnamese. For the 11 older ones, they were trained by VC on reconnaissance to prepare them for false rallying like Subject's case.

242. Native places of these teenagers:

Subject did not know their native places, but occasionally saw some women come to bring 1, 2 or 3 of them home [for a visit]

In Jan 64, Subject saw 1 woman come and bring home 2 children and 2 others in Jun 64. On these occasions, according to these women the children were entrusted to the VC by them, for their feeding and education.

Since contact with these children was forbidden by Tho,

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Subject does not know the details. However, Subject saw many candies and cakes in the pockets of these children. Based on the above fact, Subject guesses that the VC probably used these women to kidnap teenagers and bring them here for feeding and education as in Subject's case.

NOTE: Since Subject did not pay attention to the time, he does not know when the VC had brought the children here. Subject only knows that as of 1959, they [VC] have brought here approximately 60 teenagers (?) in several groups, several months apart.

III. PRESENCE OF SOVIET AND RED CHINESE CADRE IN BASE ~~403~~<sup>203</sup>/T.1 (?)

31. Soviet and Red Chinese cadre:

Around 1960, each month, Subject saw 1 jeep painted dark green carrying 6 foreigners into the base to bring cakes and candies to the children. Since there were 2 men with white complexion, looking like Frenchmen, Subject asked Tho and was told that they were Soviet and Red Chinese cadre who loved us and assisted us a great deal.

311. Dress of the above cadre:

The above cadre were composed of 2 Russians and 4 Red Chinese. They used to wear khaki uniforms with straight stiff collars tightly buttoned and . yellow service caps (like RVN police caps).

A special point was that Subject did not see an insignia on them.

312. Supply of weapons and ammunition:

Unlike the years from 1963 and before, when 1 jeep had been used, 2 jeeps also painted dark green like RVNAF ones - were now used. Each jeep carried 3 (2 Red Chinese and 1 Russian). The trips were made at intervals of 1, 2 or 3 days.

Each time they arrived [there] Subject saw some 5 or 6 wooden boxes (0.60 x 0.40m) carried from the jeep to the base.

Out of curiosity, Subject asked Tho is these boxes contained tid-bits (TN: candy, cakes, gifts, etc). Tho answered that they were ammunition to fire at "the enemy".

Another time, 4 red stock rifles and 2 ARs were carried to the base. These ARs had a bipod (approx. 0.30m long)

32. Distribution of ammo:

Every 2 or 3 months, a group of approximately 50 persons came to pick up goods [ammunition] (at approximately 1500 hrs) and carried them

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away. Tho disclosed that these people were from 701/Tl. They picked up ammo to supply 702/Tl at Ba Thu to be used for Combat (?)

Sometimes at night, many people (?) came to pick up goods [ammo] and carried them away, to an unknown place.

These times, Tho did not allow Subject and Nga to go out, therefore, Subject did not know the details.

IV. ACTIVITIES OF NGUYEN NGOC THO:

Tho was a very important VC cadre. He knows foreign language. He often travelled to Hanoi by airplane from Pnom Penh.

He travelled twice in 1964 (once in Jan 64 and once in June 64). Each round trip lasted 7 days.

Every 1 or 2 days Tho rode a 3-wheel lambretta from the base to the outdoor market (Tay Ninh) to buy Western medicine. On such trips, Tho was accompanied by 2 body guards: Nga and Subject. All three men were armed with P.38 pistols. Tho's pistol previously belonged to the Chief of Security Police at the outdoor market who was killed and disarmed by the VC in or about June 1964.

41. Restaurant frequented by Tho in the outdoor market:

Every time they came to the outdoor market, Tho and Subject stopped by Phuc's restaurant. They usually stayed in this restaurant from 1000hrs to 1200hrs.

In addition, Subject knows two men named Leng and Hi . . . in charge of collecting information for the VC in the outdoor market. They are armed with pistols but their unit or agency is unknown. From time to time they talked to Tho in the above mentioned restaurant.

42. Tho attended an entertainment show in Savayrieng Province:

In June 64, a Psy War Entertainment troupe from Hanoi performed in the garden in front of the Savayrieng Province Chief's residence.

Tho received an invitation from the Province Chief and led 82 children to the show. Each child was given 2 paper flags (one Cambodian flag and one (VC) red flag with a yellow star).

In addition, Subject saw the Province Chief shake Tho's hand and lead him to the seat of honor.

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Before the show, Tho took the microphone and introduced the NVN Psy War Entertainment Troupe, saying that the children in SVN have a free and well provided life [sic].

43. Itinerary:

The itinerary to and from 703/T1 base is composed of 2 following routes:

- Route used by Russian and Chinese Communist cadre for weapons and ammunition supply.
- Route leading from 703/T1 base to the outdoor market on the Vietnamese-Cambodian border.

(See attached sketch)

V: COMMENTS BY J2-HC (MIC):

As a naive youth with little education, Subject was taken advantage of and intoxicated by the VC, Subject's statements are inconsistent. Concerning the information he furnished, it is observed that:

51. The designations 701/T1, 702/T1, 703/T3 are heard of for the first time.

It is assumed that 703/T1 base is subordinate to R and in charge of transporting weapons and ammunition received from Russian and Chinese Communist aid from Cambodia to SVN, raising and training a number of children (kidnapped by the VC in SVN?).

The designations 701 and 702/T1 are possibly the cover numbers of Weapons Supply Stations related with 703/T1 on Vietnamese territory.

52. Organization to kidnap children:

Recently, the newspapers, and public rumors disclosed several cases of kidnapping and disappearance of children, especially in Capital. This information can be related to the above said VC base to raise the children.

It is assumed that the VC kidnap children with the purpose of:

- Making these children unable to identify their origin and poisoning their spirit from the time they are young until they only know loyalty to the VC.

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- Training them to be Intelligence Cadre.

Recommendations: After the statement of the rallier, we may:

- Organize the arrest of Tho, Commander of 703/T1 base in the outdoor market at Go Dau Ha (Tay Ninh) in order to obtain more information on this matter.

- Hold a press conference to publicly denounce: Cambodia for knowingly sheltering the above VC on its territory (by taking photographs of the base and use of the Rallier's statement) and the wicked VC schemes of kidnapping children for their own purpose (as stated by the rallier).

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1 boundaries

▲ RVNAF border outpost

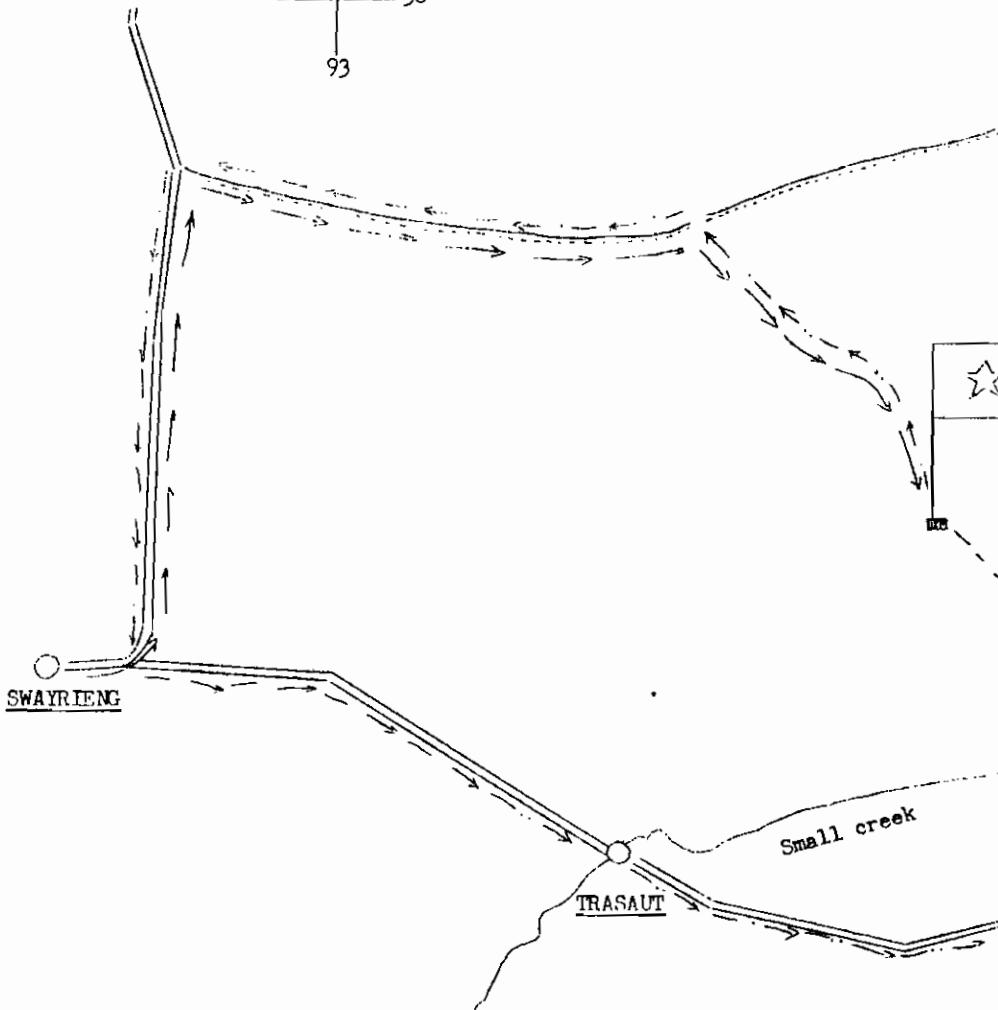
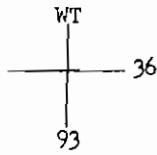
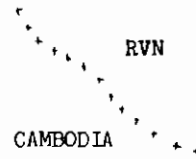
△ Cambodian border outpost

- - - -> Route used by VC cyclists in 1963 to enter into Chh Trôi (outdoor) market

- - - -> Route used by VC cyclists at present to enter into Chh Trôi (outdoor) market

- - - -> Route used by Soviet Union and Communist Chinese Cadre to enter into the base by Jeep

- - - -> Laterite road



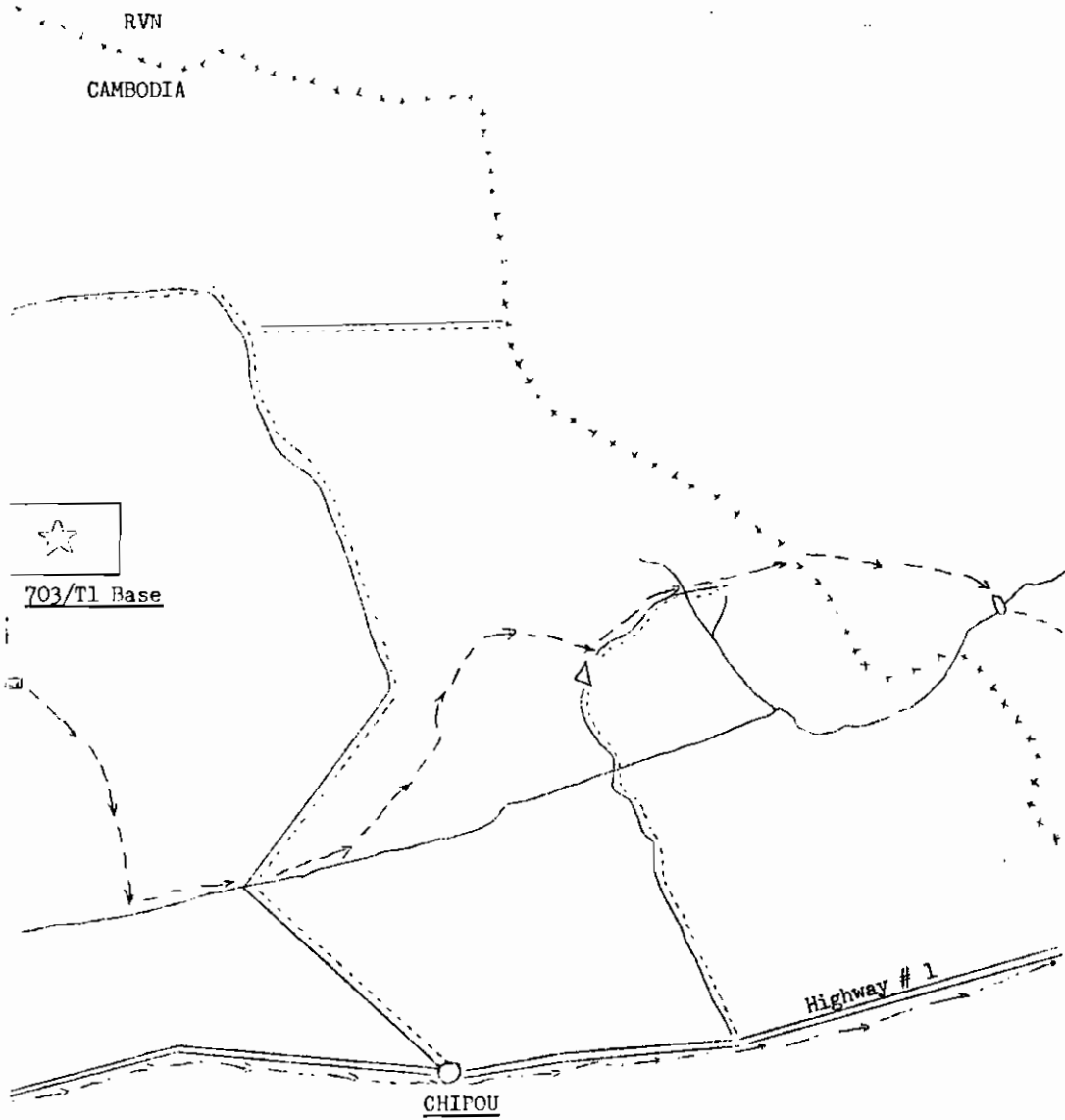
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SKETCH OF VC 703/T1 BASE AND MOVEMENT ROUTES  
ON CAMBODIAN TERRITORY AND MOVEMENT ROUTES

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By PR NARA Date 9/16/96 to Interrogation Report of false Rallier NGÔ VĂN NHỎ

(Map scale: 1/100,000)



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