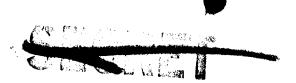
1

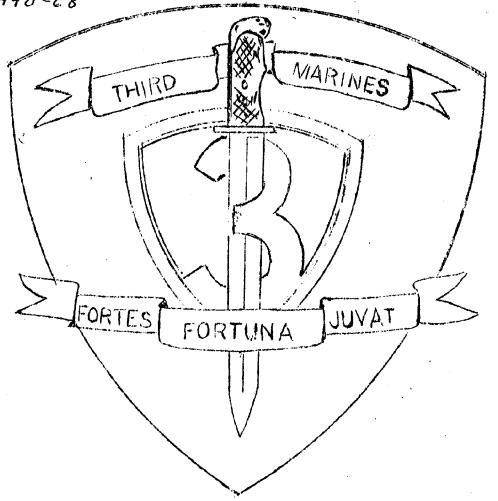


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UNCLASSIFIED

COMMAND CHRONOLOGY JULY 68

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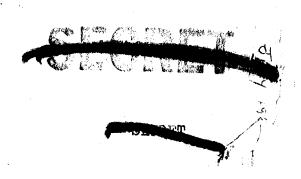
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DOWNGRADED AT 3-YEAR INTERVALS
DESCRIPTION OF THE 12 YEARS

OD NIP 5200 13

3d Marines
Couv 1 of 8

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Chail halls Chain 3d Marines 5 & . | 11 3d Marine Division (Reinf) Fur rPO San Francisco 96602

00440-68

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3/VAN/row 5750 10 aug 68 Ser.003A11368

From: Commanding Officer

To: Commandant of the Marine Corps (Code AO3D)

Via: Commanding Conoral, 3d Marine Division (Reinf), FMF Commanding Conoral, III Marine Amphibious Force **(1)**

(2) (3)Gormanding General, Plant Marine Porce Pacific

Command Chronology for Period 1 to 31 July 1968. Subj:

Ref: (a) MCO 5750.2A W/Ch #1

Fruit uco 5750.8 (b)

(a) 3d Mar 01v0 5750_1B (NOTAL)

Maps: VIETHAM: AMS Sories L7014 1:50,000 Shoets 63421, 63321V, 634211, and 64421V. (a)

3d Marines Command Chronology

In accordance with the provisions of references (a), (b), and (c) anclosure (1) is submitted.

21 Upon removal of enclosure (1) this letter is domegraded to unalassified.

R. L. Milan JR.

DOWNGRADED AT 3-YEAR INTERVALS DECLASSIFIED AFTER 12 YEARS Marines DOD DIR 5200,10 1 of 8



HEADQUARTERS
3d Marinos
3d Marino Division (Roinf) FMF
FPO San Francisco 96602

COMPAND CHRONOLOGY

1 TO 31 JULY 1968

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PART IV - SUPPORTING INCOMESTIS

Carleinous Bill

unclosure (1)

SECRET

PART I

ORGANIZATIONAL DATA

1. DESIGNATION COMMANDERS

3d Marines(-) (Roinf) Colonel M. A. HULL 1-14 July

Lioutenant Colonel V. R. STUART

15-31 July

2. LOCATION. Ropublic of Victnam.

3. SUBOADINATE UNITS

Hig Co. 3d Marines 1st Lieutenant C. B. KRUCZKOWSKI

1-8 July

1st Lieutenant J. L. HICKMAN

9-31 July

let Bn. 3d Marines Lieutenant Colonel C. V. Jahman

1-31 July

2nd on, 3d Marines Lieutenant Colonel M. DAVIS

1-31 July

3d Bn, 3d Marines Lieutenant Colonel J. W. Marsh

1-28 July

Lioutonant Colonol W. H. DATES

28-31 July

lat Bn, Lat Marinea Lieutenant Colonel A. VAN WINKLE

14-26 July

4. ATTACHED UNITS

MONE.

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5, STAR OFFICERS

Executive Officer Lieutement Colonel V. A. STUART

1-14 July

Captain C. G. GIPSON 1-8 July let Lioutenant G. B. KRUCZKOWSKI

9-31 July

8 2 Major J. C. Hankahan 1-23 July

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SECRET	
	GySgt F. J. FLORIAN 23-26 July Major J. A. GUTHEINZ 27-31 July
S-3	Major D. J. MURPHY 1-10 July major D. C. ROVEGNO 11-31 July
ALO	Major D. J. KIELY 1-31 July
S−3 A	let Lioutenant R. B. STONE 1-8 July Captain K. E. FOX 8-31 July
S-3A/NBC Employment Off	lst Lioutenant R. R. RICE 1-31 July
S-3A/NBC Dofonse Off	lst Licutement P. J. WYMES 1-18 July
S-3A/Sniper Plt Ldr	lst Lieutenant C. V. SPAIDE 1-18 July
S-3 Ln Off	1st Licutonant D. T. MADISON 17-31 July
S-3 Ln Off	lst Licutement R. T. STONE 9-18 July
S-4	Major B. W. ADAMS 1-20 July Captain V. E. WALLACE 21-22 July Captain F. R. LENNON 23-31 July
S-4A	lst Lioutenant J. L. HICKMAN 1-8 July
Rogt Supply Off	Captain V. E. WALLACE 1-31 July
Asst Rogt Supply Off	2nd Licutenant R. G. HOWLE 1-31 July
Asst Rogt Supply/Amb Off	lst Lioutonant F. H. GOSIMA 1-3 July
O'IM	lst Licutonent D. M. BIRNVEROUR 1-6 July GySgt C. E. LAWLER 7-31 July
Comm Off	Captain A. A. JAWSSEW 1-27 July Captain D. J. KENT 28-31 July
	Englosuro (1) SEORTE

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Asst Comm Off

2nd Licutonant W. O. WEIDON

1-31 July

S-5

1st Lieutonant W. M. PUGH

1-20 July

Rogt Surgoon

Lioutenant V. D. MASON, MD, USN

1-30 July

Lioutenant G. W. GREGORY, MD, USN

31 July

Chaplain

A

Commandor F. R. Mcalister, CHC, USN

1-26 July

Lieutonant Commander H. H. BOND, CHC, USN 26-31 July

Hq Commandant

1st Lioutonant C. B. KRUCZKOWSKI

1-8 July 1st Licutonant J. L. HICKMAN

9-31 July

AVERAGE MONTHLY STRENGTH

USMC OFF/ENL	usn off/Enl		
OFF / ENL	OFFIEND		
16 195	2 3		

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PART II

MARKATIVE SUMMAKY

The beginning of July found Third Marines "A" Command Group at a forward command post vicinity MAI XA THI (YD 285671) preparing for the upcoming Jones Creek operation. The remainder of the Regimental Headquarters Company was completing a displacement from Camp Kistler, Cua Viet (YD 345695) to Camp J.J. Carroll (YD 062547) in preparation for Third Marines assumption of responsibility for the LANCASTER II area of operation.

On 2 July, Third Marines commenced the Jones Creek operation (a part of NAPOLEON/SALINE) with its two battalions, 1/3 and 2/3. The scheme of maneuver involved sweeping north along Jones Creek to the DMZ with 1/3 on the left bank and 2/3 on the right bank, soizing a series of assigned objectives. The operation was in conjunction with OPEMATION THOR, a massive air, arty and NGF attack on enemy forces/positions in and around DMZ (See Third Marines Overlay for Frag Order 14-68).

1/3 was directed to move out first and was given the additional mission of uncovering the LAI AN road and providing security for ARVN ongineer offert on the road, but as it turned out the ARVN cancelled their plans for work on the read, On 4 July, 1/3 made contact with an unknown size enemy force. 2/3 commenced attack on the 5th of July but did not make enomy contact until 6 July. Both pushed on through the NVA resistance (SAF, AWF, mortars, arty, RPG, otc.) scizing and searching their assigned objectives. A considerable amount of amony goar was captured and the NVA suffered significant losses while 1/3 and 2/3 sustained relatively few casualties. At 060600H, Third Marines assumed operational control of 3/3 and directed the battalion to commone an attack on its assigned objectives (on 2/3's right flank) on 7 July. 3/3 soized its objectives with negative contact. On 8 July the phasing out of the Jones Greek operation began. Each of Third Marine's battalions was helilifted successively to Quang Tri to undergo rehabilitation in the SURE program. The cumulative totals for the Jones Crock operation were:

Friondly	THOMY
16 KIA 75 WIA (MED EVAC) 27 WIA (MINOR)	230 NVA KIA 7 NVA POW 29 IWC 8 CSWC

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On 9 July, Third Marinos terminated the Jones Creek operation and passed responsibility for the MAPOLEON/SALINE AO to First Marines effective 091200H. The "A" Command Group then helilifted to Camp Carrell to commence planning for MULTI-REGIMENT OPERATIONS in LANCASTER II AO. (During this period of planning Third Marines was designated as division reserve).

At 092200H, Third Marinos assumed OPCON of G/2/4 and the following day at 0830H assumed OPCON of D/1/4 and D/1/9. Also at 100830H, Third Marinos assumed responsibility for the LANCASTER II AO.

Camp Carroll received 6 rnds 75mm arty on the morning of the 10th. Negative casualties were sustained in this enemy welcome gesture to the Regiment.

At 101800H, after 2/3 had moved into position at Thon Son Lam, Camp Carroll, and along Rt#9, Third Marines passed operational control of 6/2/4, D/1/4 and D/1/9 to higher command. Third Marines directed 2/3 to assume responsibility for the defense of Thon Son Lam and Camp Carroll, to provide security for conveys traveling along Rt#9, and to designate a company as Sparrow Hawk and Bald Eagle force in the Regimental AO.

On 11 July, 3/3 arrived at Camp Carroll and relieved 2/3 of responsibility for the Camp Carroll defense.

On 12 July, Third Marines issued Frag Order 15-68 directing 3/3 to commence an ambush/anti-infiltration operation north of Rt#9 and the Cam Le River (See Overlay to Frag Order 15-68) and 2/3 to reassume responsibility for Camp Carroll defense, Sparrow Hawk and Bald Eagle. On the same day at 1200H, Third Marines passed OPCON of M/3/3 to Task Force Hotel.

At 141600H, Third Marines assumed OPCON 1/1(-) and directed 1/1(-) to relieve 2/3 of its defense and security mission, thus anabling 2/3 to commence planning and proparation for the upcoming MULTI-REGIMENT Operation. At 141745H, Third Marines reassumed OPCON M/3/3 from Task Force Hotel.

Meanwhile 3/3 continued its anti-infiltration mission in its assigned AO, where they received speradic mertar fire. They located enemy positions, ordnance, and equipment and recovered the bodies of 2 recon team members who had been killed in an earlier operation in that area. Effective 150800H,

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Third Marines directed 3/3 to terminate the anti-infiltration operation and returned to Camp Carroll to prepare for the upcoming operation. 3/3 was also directed to assume the Sparrow Hawk and Bald Eagle responsibilities.

At 161200H, Third Marines assumed OPCON 1/3 from Task Force Hotel but allowed 1/3 to remain vie LZ Stud to continue plans and preparations until they jumped off on the operation.

On D-Day, 17 July, the OPERATION LANCASTER II July commenced with forces from 2nd AdVN Regiment attacking objectives on Third Marines left flank and Ninth Marine units attacking on the right flank. At 171400H, 2/3 holilifted to LZ Falcon (YD 032642) and moved to seize obj 5 (under light SAF and mortar fire) as directed by Third Marines Operation Order 3-68 (See Operation Overlay to Op Order 3-68).

On the morning of the 18th (D+1), 1/3 helilifted to LZ Grow and commenced an assault on obj 7. At 1354H, K/3/3 with the battalien "B" Command Group, designated Task Force Sierra, landed at LZ Cardinal and commenced seizure of obj 15 in order to observe any enemy movement in or out of the regimental AO on the left flank.

At 190830H (D+2), 3/3(-) was lifted into LZ Buzzard (YD 0360) to commence assault on obj 11.

In the period 17-25 July, the regiment's three battaliens successively seized and secured their assigned objectives in the "Mutters Ridge", "Helicopter Valley" and "Dong Ha Mountain" area, terrain through which U.S. force had not operated in ever a year. Virtually no contact was made as 1/3, 2/3, and 3/3 seized their assigned objectives (1/3-objectives #7, #9, #17; 2/3 - objectives #5, #1, and #3; 3/3 - objectives #11 and #13). The battaliens cleared numerous landing zones and located and destroyed many enemy bunker complexes and base camps. A considerable amount of enemy gear and ordnance was captured. Of particular significance were 2 - 75mm pack howitzers captured by 1/3/3 vie Dong Ha Mtn. These howitzers are believed to be the same ones that had harassed Camp Carrell with speradic fire for menths. Losses for the period were:

Friendly	Enchy	
5 KIA	33 MVA KIA	
26 WIA (MED EVAC)	4 TWC	
9 WIA (MINOR)	3 CSWC	

(Note - two of the friendly casualties were sustained during rocket attacks on 1/1 at Thon Son Lam).

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At 221610H, Task Force Siorra was helilifted to LZ Joan to secure the area and establish a Fire Support Base there for continued operations to the West. Meanwhile 3/3 had been tasked to develop a permanent OP position on Dong Ha Mtn and was commencing work to fulfill that mission.

On 25 July 2/3 was helilifted back to Thon Son Lam in order that 1/1(-) could be relieved of its security mission.

On 26 July, Third Marinos directed 2/3 to relieve 1/1(-). At 260900H, Third Marinos passed OPGON 1/1(-) to higher command and gave 2/3 the defense, security, Sparrow Hawk, and Bald Eagle missions.

At 271028H, 1/3 helilifted to LZ Bocky in accordance with Third Marinos Frag Order 24-68 (See Overlay to Frag Order 24-68) to conduct a two battalion search and destroy operation in the Cam Lo River Basin. In the afternoon of the 27th, 3/3(-) lifted to LZ Margo to provide a blocking force and develop a fire base to support future operations. 2/3 was designated regimental reserve. The operation continued through the end of the menth without any significant contact. 1/3 and 3/3 experienced minor probes, but the NVA refrained from making contact. During the operation numerous new landing zenes to facilitate future operations were developed, many security bunker complexes were destroyed, and enemy infiltration routes were explored. As the menth ended, 3d Marines were making plans to withdraw its battalions from the field and began looking shead to future operations.

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PART III

SEQUENTIAL LISTING OF SIGNIFICANT EVENTS

1. Combat Missions Assigned:

- (a) Operation Jones Crock 021201H 090600H July 68, 3d Marines conduct combat operations with a (3) battalion sweep up Jones Crock to locate and destroy enemy forces, fortifications, installations and supplies. Provide security for ARVN Engineer Bn conducting improvements on Lai Read. (See 3d Marines Frag 14-68 (Operations Overlay).
- (b) Upon conclusion of Operation Jones Creek the 3d Marines commenced deployment to Camp Carrell, the Chia, and Then Son Lam as Division Reserve. The 3 organic battalions were passed to CG, 3d Mar Div for OPCON temporarily while undergoing the SURE Program. Upon conclusion of the SURE Program the battalions commenced their deployment. One battalion was deployed to LZ Stud and Ca Lu and one battalion to Then Son Lam. Units operated in their assigned areas. 3d Marines' Headquarters, with one battalion, was based at Camp Carrell-and assigned to operate in the area south of Route 9. The posture, as outlined, was maintained during period 101200H 170600H and planning for a MULTI-REGIMENT OPERATION was initiated.
 - (c) Operation Lancastra II, July

3d Marinos (Roinf) conduct search and destroy operation in assigned area to locate and destroy onemy forces, fortifications, supply caches and be prepared to support 2nd ARVN Regiment by fire or maneuver.

2. Significant Operations Covered.

See paragraph 1 above.

3. Casualties Inflicted on the knowy.

(a)	Confirmed NVA/VC KIA	220	33	2 5%
(b)	NVA PW	<i>3</i> 7	0	γ
(c)	Dotainocs (Unclassified)	2	0	Ž
(a)	Detainoss Released as	6	0	6
• •	Innocent Civilians			

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Opn Jones Creek Opn Lancaster II Tot

SECRET

4. Casualties Sustained.

 $\frac{\text{KIA}}{3} \qquad \frac{\text{WIA (MED EVAC)}}{8} \qquad \frac{\text{WIA (MINOR)}}{11} \qquad \frac{\text{MIA}}{0}$

- 5. Now Tochniques Employed. None.
- 6. Command Relations.
- (a) During the period Ol 091400H July, the 3d Marines were OPCON to CG, 3d Mar Div.
- (b) During the period 091401H to 312400H July, the 3d Marines were OPCON to Task Force Hotel of the 3d Mar Div.
- 7. Equipment. Allowance of T/E equipment supporting Headquarters Third Marines was considered adequate. No recommendations for medification of allowances were received during this period.

8. Logistics

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(a) General. Logisticially, July was a very big operational month. The transportation of supplies and Equipment to and from Units envolved in operation Lancaster II, July was its self a major operation. All classes of supplies were airlifted out of LZ Stud and the LZ at Camp Carroll for the ever all support of 1/3 - 2/3 -and 3/3. For the period 18 July to 29 July a total of ever 1,000,000 pounds of resupply was airlifted by Helicopter to the units in the field. From 1 July to 31 July a large amount of supplies was transported from Dong Ha to Camp Carroll by truck. This encluded fresh chew for the Regimental messhall.

(b) Supply.

- (1) FLSG-B at Dong Ha remained the primary source for all classes of supplies.
- (2) Problems continued to exist in obtaining certain class II items such as repair parts for motor transport and communications equipment. Generally all other classes of supply were available providing transportation could be arranged to deliver the items where needed.
- (c) Evacuation and Hospitalization. The Regimental Aid Station provided routine medical treatment and emergency first aid. Serious cases were evacuated to D-Medical Company for treatment and further evacuation.

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(d) Transportation.

- (1) 3d Marines has a truck plateon consisting of (15) 21/2 ten trucks, (9) cargo trailers, and (1) wrecker from 3d Meters, for general support. During this period 1 July to 31 July the truck plateon was utilized for treep moves based on the tactical situation of Operation Lancaster II. Also during this period large amounts of supplies were moved from Dong Ha to Camp Carrell. During the last few days of July while still in operation Lancaster II (3) 21/2 ten trucks were in support of 1/3 2/3 3/3 at LZ Stud.
- (2) The Headquarters Company Motor Transport section maintained general support of the Regimental Headquarters. The motor transport section had some problems aquiring spare parts and batteries from the supply source.

(c) Sorvico.

- (1) Construction. No construction was accomplished during this period due to tactical commitment.
- (2) Maintenance. Problems continued to exist in obtaining certain first and second echolon repair parts.
- (3) Laundry Sorvice from Vietnamese Civilians ostablishment in Cam Lo was very satisfactory.
- (4) Samitation for the month of July at Camp Carroll has been unsatisfactory. Some of the reasons are a shortage of personnel plus the fact that we just moved in the area at the beginning of the month. The biggest problem is poor policing, inadequate head facilities and showers. The heads need now buckets and fly proofing, the showers need new scakage pits. The mess hall has been and is still a problem primarily because of a lack of cooks and more supervisory personnel.
- 9. Civic action. None.

10. Administration.

- (a) Administrative personnel received on the job training during this period.
 - (b) Discipline. No disciplinary action during this period.

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- (c) Special Services provided:
 - (1) Stationery kits
 - (2) Game kits including athletic recreation equipment
 - (3) Nightly motion pictures when posible
 - (4) Free soda and beer
- (d) Post exchange facilities were available at Camp Carroll and continued to carry basic health and comfort items and other merchandise.
- (e) A postal unit from the Division Post Office was in operation and served all units.

11, Personnel

- (a) There is a critical shortage of: 9999 First Sergeant, 8421 Career Advisor.
 - (b) Summary:
 - (1) Gains: 6 MCOff 21 MCEnl 2 USNOff 0 USNEml (2) Losses: 10 MCOff 20 MCEnl 2 USNOff 0 USNEml
 - (2) Losses: 10 Medii 20 Memi 2 Osnofi O Osnemi (3) Monthly average strength
 - 16 MCOff 195 MCEn1 2 USNOff 3 USNEn1 (4) Net loss/gain:
 - 4/0 MCOff 0/1 MCEnl 0/0 USNOFF 0/0 USEnl (5) Emergency loave. 3
- (c) Awards. During the reporting period the following awards were presented:
 - 13 Purplo Hearts
 - 1 Air Strike/Flight Medal
 - 1 Letter of appreciation
 - 2 Crosses of Gallantry (RVN)
- (d) Morale is considered to be from excellent to outstanding. The R & R program and the motion pictures were contributing factors. There were 13 out of country and 5 in country R & R quotas used during this period.
 - (o) Chaplain:

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- (1) Sunday Services
 - (a) 4 Protestant 103 Attendance (b) 4 Catholic 70 Attendance
 - (c) 4 Latter Day Saint 12 Attendance

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(2) Professional Counselling Cases - 32.

12. Intolligence.

- (a) <u>Significant Events</u>. During the early part of July, there was one engagement with the enemy. This occurred in the Napoleon/Saline AO during the 3d Marine's special operation along the Song Ben Ngu (Jones Creek). The enemy avoided contact for the remainder of the menth, as the 3d Marines conducted operations in the Northern portion of the Lancaster AO.
- (1) The Jones Crock engagement commenced on the 2nd, at Lai An (YD 2472), and lasted until the 9th. The enemy force encountered is believed to have been the entire 48th Regiment, based on the size of the enemy force, although only the 1st and 3d Battaliens and separate engineer and transportation companies of the 48th were positively identified. Major contact was broken as the enemy withdrew North into the Demilitarized Zone.
- (2) As in the past Jones Crock area contacts, the enemy fought from well-prepared defensive positions, and he was supported by coordinated artillery fire from North of the Ben Hai River. As the enemy was pushed to the Southern edge of the DrZ, extensive concerting wire covered by enemy fire were encountered. It was later learned that this wire had been emplaced by the 2nd ARVN Regiment prior to the enemy's Tet offensive.
- on the 9th, the enemy withdrew either North or West, most probably North, as our battalions swept Dong Ha Mountain and the two ridges to the North. 2/3, the Northermost battalien, had minor contact with an enemy delaying force on the 18th, and received mortar fire. With the exception of this one encounter, however, the enemy avoided infantry contact. Sweeping battalions found many unoccupied bunkers, empty in most cases, although a few contained NVA material. The most significant find was two 75mm howitzers emplaced in bunkers with firing parts facing Camp Carroll.
- (4) Very little recent trace of the enemy was found in end-of-the-month operations in the Northwestern part of the AO. There was contact with only one NVA, although a small number of others were observed. Prior to the operation,

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there had been ADSID reports of vehicular activity in the area, but no road or vehicle tracks were discovered.

- movement into the 3d Marines AO and into the DMZ immediately Noth of the AO were received from usually reliable sources. However, the enemy continued to avoid contact. It appears that he is either just infiltrating through the area or elso that he is moving into position for future action.
- (6) Because of the change of operating area, no local trends are revealed when July statistics are compared with previous months.

(b)	Cont	acts	and Incidents	DAY	NIGHT	TOTAL
	(1)	Sma1	l arms/Snipers			
		(a)	Opn Jones Greek		r _e	•
	÷.		lstön, 3d Mar 2ndön, 3d Mar	6 4	1 0	7 4
	**	(ъ)	Lancaster II	·		
			lsten, 9th Mar 2nden, 3d Mar 1sten, 1st Mar 1sten, 3d Mar Other Total for Month	1 3 2 2 4 22	0 0 1 0 0	1 3 3 2 <u>1</u> 21
	(2)	Gren	üdes		•	
		(a)	Opn Jones Creek	0	0	0
	•	ું(৮)	Lancastor II			
	i k		3dBn, 3d Mar Other Total for month	0 1 1	2 0 2	2 <u>3</u> 3
, ***	(3)	Mino	8			
		, (a)	Opn Jones Creek			
	· ·	K.	lstBn, 3d Mar 2nd3n, 3d Mar	1 4	2	3 4
					Enclo SECAR	sure (1)

 \mathcal{A}^{-1}

 $(\nabla e^{i\theta})_{i=1,\dots,N}$

SECRET (b) Lancaster II 1stBn, 3d Mar 3dBn, 3d Mar Total for month (4) Booby Trap Opn Jones Croek (a) 2ndBn, 3d Mar 1stBn, 3d Mar (b) Lancaster II 2ndBn, 3d Mar 1stBn, 3d Mar Total for month (5) Sightings-Where Enemy Did Not Fire or Return Fire (a) Opn Jones Creek lstBn, 3d Mar 2ndBn, 3d Mar (b) Lancaster II 1stBn, 1st Mar 1stBn, 3d Mar 2ndBn, 3d Mar 3dBn, 3d Mar 22351 0 0 4 Other Total for month (6) Mortar/Arty/Rocket Fire (a) Opn Jones Creek lstBn, 3d Mar 2ndBn, 3d Mar 1st Amtrac Bn 11. 8 (b) Lancaster II lstBn, 1st Mar lstBn, 9th Mar Anclosure (1) SECRET

2ndBn, 3d Mar	2	1	3
3dBn, 3d Mar	5	1	6
Camp Carroll	1	_0_	
Total for month	27	9	36

(7) Unidentified Flying Lights (Possible Helicopters) Observed

(a) Opn Jones Creek

lst	Amtrac	Bn	0	
+ -			•	

(b) Lancaster II 0 Total for month 0

0 0

1

(c) Enemy Losses

(1)	Personnel	Opn Jones Creek	Opn Lancaster 11	Total
-----	-----------	-----------------	------------------	-------

(a)	Confirmed NVA/VC AIA 220	33	253
(b)	NVA PW 7	Ö	7
(c)	Detainees (Unclassified) 2	0	2
(a)	Detainces Released as 6	0	6
	Innocent Civilians		

(2) Material

(a) Weapons

(1) (2)	SKS AK-47	11 14	1	12 15
(3)	RPD	ī	ō	1
(4) (5) (6)	LMG #56	5	0	5
(6)	HMG #57 75mm Pack How.	0	2	2
	60mm Mortar Tube	Ŏ	ī	ı
(7) (8)	82nm Mortar Tube	2	1	3
(9)	Bolt Action Rifle	1	0	1
(10)	(Unk Type) U.S. M-16	ο	3	3
		ŏ	<u>્</u> ಷ್ಟ	í
(12)	45 Cal. Pistol Pistol (Unk Type)	0	2	2

(b) Ammunition

(1) 82mm Mortar Ands 140

158 298

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	(3) (4) (5) (6) (7) (8)	60mm Mortar Ands	755 21 26 20 50 0 0	33 21	1,310 54 47 30 4,450 1 55 26 500
(c)	Expl	osives			
	(Ś) (6)	Bangalore Torpedo TNT (lbs) Blasting Cap ChiCom Grenades U.S. bombs AT Mines ChiCom Claymore U.S. M-26 Grenades Dunanite (Case)	9 60 11 15 1 2 0 0	0 7*4 0 38 3 5 6 15 1	9 67% 11 53 4 7 6 151
(d)	Weap	ons Accessories	;		
	•	Plate	8 2 0 0	15 0 1 1	25
	(5) (6)	12.7 AAG Carriage 75mm Pack How. Parts	0	<u>l</u> Unknown	1
(e)	Indi	vidual Equipment			
		Packs Poncho Flashlight Gas Mask E-Tool Gas Mask Filters Picks Pocket Knife Helmets Belts Canteens	000000000000000000000000000000000000000	14 2 27 1 2 2 1 2 2 3	271221223

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	(12) Shovels (13) Whistle (14) Cooking Pots (15) Assorted Messgear	0 0 0	8 1 3	8 1 3
(f)	Communication Equipment	2		
	(1) PRC-93 (2) PRC-25 (3) Radio Whip Antenna Base	0 0 1 0	1	1 1 1
(g)	Medical Supplies	0	0	o
(h)	<u>Documents</u>			
	(1) Papers(2) Pictures(3) Diary	0 0 0	7 3 1	7 3
(i)	Rice (lbs)	0	520	520
*	Old Chow (Unknown Amour	nt)		
(j)	Fortifications and Post	l ti ons		
	(1) Bunkers (2) Concertine Wire (3) Fighting Holes (4) Trenchlines (5) Mortar Positions (6) AW Positions (7) Base Camp (8) Trails	20 Unk 0 0 0 0 0	323 171 1 5 7 1 4	343 171 5 7 1
	(0) +1 (1+1)	~	"T	-1

(d) Enemy Observed

(1) Opn Jones Crock

Size of Unit	Location	<u>Date</u>
2	246721	6 July
3	267756	6 "
3	258734	6 "
15	251742	7 "

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(2) Lancaster II

12	960581	11	July
	062592	12 12	
2	076587	12	Ħ
7	958607	12	15
4 2 7 20	961559	12	11 11
2	958607 961559 080557	1).	11
) -	873573	16	H
4	056576	19	n
2	873573 056576 014614 008552 026599 06355410	12 14 16 19 20 20 22 22 22	H H H H
11	008225	2ó	11
7.Tr	026599	20	Ħ
3 E	06255110	22	21
75	062514	22	11
r.	063542	22	ti
5	063563 945601 195709	26	11 11 11 11
,	945001	20	tt.
4	195/09	21	11
1	896609	29	11
3	102622	30	11
2	019568	31	": 11
3421115151413241	898608 8986 08	27 29 30 31 31 31	
1	8 9 86 08	31	Ĥ

(e) Trend. Summary of incidents on a monthly basis for past 3 months.

	May	<u>Jun</u>	<u>Jul</u>
SAF Surprise Firing Devices Mines Grenades Mortar/Arty/Rocket Fire Movement W/O Fire Engagements Assassinations Sabotage Kidnappings Demonstrations Intimidation Rewards Paid Miscellaneous	33 9 3 62 26 10 0 0 0	158 120 1460 000 000 000	24 11 36 26 1 0 0 0
	155	115	3.06

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13. Communications

(a) General

- (1) During the month of June, communications were maintained in support of the Third Marine Regiment.
- (2) During this period of time, the Regimental repair shop received 49 pieces of communications equipment for Repair. Of these, 18 pieces were evacuated to a higher echelon for repair. The remainder were repaired and returned to the using section.
- (3) The Regimental Message Center processed a total of 1328 messages. Of the 1160 incoming messages 754 were received electrically and 406 by courier. Of the 168 outgoing messages 147 were sent electrically and 19 by courier.

(b) Sequential Listing of Events

- (1) 2 July At 1500 1st Marines began taking over operation of the existing communication facilities at Cua Viet. At 1630 3d Marines secured all communications at Cua Viet.
 - (2) 3 July Left Cua Viet
 - (3) 4 July Arrived at Camp Carroll
- (4) 5 July At 0900 3d Marines took over the communications facilities at Camp Carroll from the 4th Marines.
- (5) 9 July Alpha Command Group Returned from Jones Creek.
- (6) 13 July AN/TRC-97 was installed at Camp Carroll as the primary source of radio relay communications between 3d Marines and the 3d Marine Division. Organic AN/TRC-27's reverted to a back-up status.
- (7) 18 July Detached one radio operator with radio equipment to LZ Stud to set up an S-4 liaison net.
- (8) 20 July Detached one radio operator to the 3d Battalion 3d Marines as a liaison operator to Task Force Sierra.
- (9) 27 July A log Periodic Antenna, AS-2236/GRC was installed and operated on Regimental Tactical Radio Not I. It was used with success and eliminated the problems encountered in operating over difficult terrain.

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14. Weather

- (a) Weather during the month of July was generally hot, and skies were generally clear. There was one three-day period of rain during the latter part of the month. Except for that one period, rainfall was limited to widely scattered showers.
- (b) The major effect of the weather was a high incident of heat casualties. Aerial and ground observation remained excellent except during the three days of rain and during showers. Then, visibility was only slightly limited.
 - (c) Statistics were as follows:

	Upn Jo	Upn Jones Creek	
Average	high temperature	96	95
	low temperature	81	79
	humidity	73%	70%

(d) Except for the three-day July rain, weather was essentially the same as in June.

15. Fire Support

- (a) Units Providing Artillery Support
 - (1) Direct Support

A/1/12 B/1/12 C/1/12 W/1/12 W/3/12 Det, Prov 155mm How Btry PH How - 6, 1st AmdAmphip Co.

(2) Conerol Support - Reinforcing

K/4/12 M/4/12 A/1/40 (USA) B/1/40 (USA) B/1/11 1st 8" How Btry 108th U.S. Army Field Arty Gp.

Phologues (1)

(b) Displacements

2 July - B/1/12 from C-2 to My Loc (YD 3068)
7 July - A/1/12 from C-3 to Cua Viet (YD 3469)
9 July - B/1/12 from My Loc to Thon Son Lam
12 July - C/1/12 from Mai Xa Thi to Camp Carroll
15 July - A/1/12 from Cua Viet to Camp Carroll
26 July - A/1/12 from Carroll to LZ Joan (XD 9360)
27 July - C/1/12 from Carroll to LZ Margo (XD 9061)
26 July - Det W/3/12 from Carroll to LZ Becky, attached
1/3 (XD 8561).
28 July - Det Prov 155mm How Btry from LZ Cates to LZ
Joan.

(c)	Missions	Opn Jones Creek	Opn Lancaster II
	Obs H&I	134	53 3
	Total	<u>20</u> 458	1716

(d)	Ammunition	Expended	Opn Jones Creek	Opn Lancaster II
	105	HE WP ILLUM HC COFRAM	6700 319 248 39 100	19758 1535 193 26
	107	HE WP ILLUM	219	858 7 4 53
	155	he WP Illom Topals:	7616	1729 172 28 211126

(e) Enemy Casualties Inflicted

Opn Jones Creek 32 Opn Lancaster II 3

(f) Control and Coordination. 3d Battalion, 12th Marines with it's OPCON and organic units provided direct support of reinforcing fires to units of the 3d Marines. The 3/12 CP displaced with the regimental CP on all occasions. Initial tactical and technical fire direction was centralized at Camp

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Carroll, however as the batteries occupied the fire bases, technical fire direction was relinquished for case of handling and speed in response. Fire Support Coordination was performed from Camp Carroll, with direct communications between adjacent, higher and lower echelons.

16. Air Support.

(a) During the month of July 1968, the 3d Marines received air support from 1st MAW, 7th Air Force, and U.S. Army units. Helicopter support was provided by MAG-36, MAG-39 and MAG-16. Fixed Wing Support came from MAG-11, MAG-12, and MAG-13 as well as from 7th Air Force units. During July, air support was used in both Operations Jones Creek and Lancaster II. A breakdown of support is as follows:

(b) MED EVACS

	US WIA	US ILL	US NBC	US KIA	VO/NVA KIA
0/3 1/3 2/3 3/3 1/1 2/1 1st Amtra	8 56 7 50 0	16 19 125 28 14 6	8 15 25 25 9	0 4 7 0 3 0	0 0 0 0
Bn Totals:	144	208	85	14	1 = 452

- (c) CAS: 106 Flights 212 A/C 625,250# Qrd. CSS: 58 Flights 66 A/C 256,000# Ord.
- (d) R/S: 1/3 230470# 2/3 309448# 3/3 326093# 12th Mar 706111# Total: 1572122#
- 190% Hrs. 103 Flights (e) A/O: Klondike 12% Hrs. Sandbox 10 Flights 29% Hrs. Trail Flights 232 Hrs. Total: 126 Flights
- (f) G/S: 26 Flights 53 A/C 912 Rockets Expen.

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- (g) C&C: 0/3 33 Flights 65 A/C 408 Pax 20 V/R's 16 MED EVACS

 1/3 70 Pax 7 V/R's 10 MED EVACS

 2/3 58 Pax 4 V/R's 30 MED EVACS

 3/3 42 Pax 7 V/R's 6 MED EVACS

 1/1 5 Pax 0 V/R's 6 MED EVACS

 2/1 2 Pax 1 V/R's 0 MED EVACS

 2 Pax 1 V/R's 0 MED EVACS

 1st Amtrac Bn 5 Pax 0 V/R's 0 MED EVACS

 Totals: 590 Pax 39 V/R's 67 MED EVACS
- (h) 3858 Control Functions 124.4 Average Per Day

High Per Day 233 on 29 July Low Per Day 21 on 10 July

(i) 10 Paywar Birds 73/4 Hrs.

1 Spooky 2 Hrs.

- 9 Bn Troop Lifts (includes Bn Lifts)
- 8 Co Troop Lifts (includes Co Lifts)
- 3 Gun Btry Lifts
- 2 Regt. Com. Grp. Lifts
- 17. Psychological Operation. None.

18. Training

(a) Objectives. To develop individuals and units to the state of operational readiness requisite to successful combat operations in RVN.

(b) Highlights

- (1) Approximately 75 men test fired M-16 rifles.
- (2) One Lieutenant attended the Comm Crypto Security

School in Yokosuka Japan.
(3) One Corporal and one Private First Class attended

NCO School on Okinawa.

(4) One Sergeant attended the 16th Div Personal

Response Course.

(5) Three Corporals and two Private First Class attended Ground Surveillance Radar (AN/PPS-6) School at Dong Ha.

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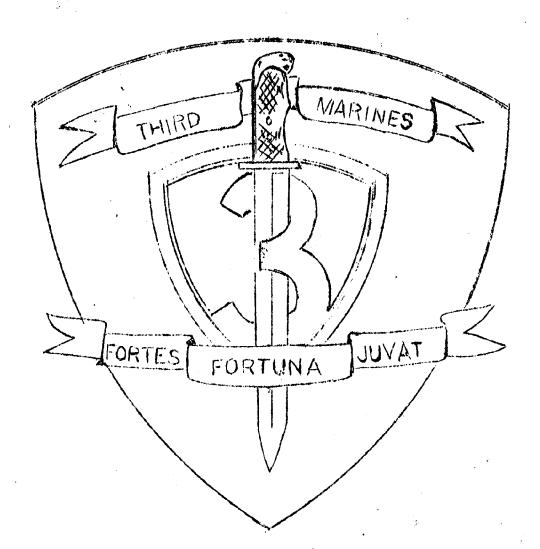
PART IV

SUPPORTING DOCUMENTS

- Ja. Third Marines Frag Order 14-68 (Overlay)
- Third Marines Frag Order 15-68 (Overlay) 12.
- Third Marines Op Order 3-68 (Overlay) √ **3**•
- 14. Third Marines Frag Order 24-68 (Overlay)
- Werby Coby NULLOFEON ZULINE
- MSG-121040 RELA TASKTORCE HOTEL PLAN 1-68 MSG-130595- MREL Black Bottom mag

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3D MARDIV S&C FILE BT# 473668



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DECLASSIFIED

HEADQUARTERS

3d Marines

Marine Division (Reinf) F EPO San Francisco 96602

00424-68

3/DCR/bb 3100 26 July 1968 . 68. SerNo: 06/42/8-68. CopyA of // Copies

From: Commanding Officer

To: Commanding General, 3d Marine Division (Reinf) FMF

Sub 1: Combat Operation After Action Report

Maps, VIETNAM AMS Series L7014, 1:50,000 Sheets 6442 IV Ref: (a)

Div0 3100.1D (b)

(c) 3d MarPay Opo 5-68

Code Name. NAPCLEON/SALINE (Search and Destroy)

Dates of Operation. 290630H Febuary - 090600H July 1968

Location. CUA VIET RIVER COMPLEX, CAMP KISTLER (YD 349694) QUANG TRI Province, Republic of Vietnam.

4. Task Organization.

1

3d Marines (Reinf) Hq Co, 3d Marines 3d Bn, 1st Marines 2nd Bn. 4th Marines

1st Bn, 3d Marines

1 & M/3/4 OPCON TO 1/3

2nd Bn, 3d Marines 3d Bn, 3d Marines 1st Bn. 9th Marines

2nd Bn, 9th Marines 3d Bn, 9th Marines 1st Amtrac Bn,

B Co. 3d Engr Bn

3d Bn, 21st Inf, 196th Light Inf Bde

C Co, 1st Bn, 8th Cav, lst Air Cav Div

lat Cav Div

COL M. A. HULL (29FEB-09JUL)

LT G. B. KRUCZKOWSKI (29FEB-09JULY) LT COL M. MCGOWAN (29FEB-05MAR)

LT COL C. W. WEISE (OSMAR-OZMAY) MAJOR C. W. KNAPP (O3MAY-05MAY)

LT COL L. A. RANN (Q6MAY-31MAY)

LT COL R. W. GOODALE (OlMAR.15APR) LT COL C. V. JARMAN (16APR-05JUN)

LT COL C. V. JARMAN (25JUN-09JUL)

05MAY-08MAY)

IT COL M. DAVIS (25JUN-09JUL) LT COL J. W. MARSH 31MAY-09JUL)

LT COL M. V. PALATAS (26MAY-27MAY)

LT COL M. V. PALATAS (OLJUN.OZJUN)

LT COL F. S. KNIGHT (26MAY-31WAY) LT COL D. J. LAMONTACGNE (18MAY-19MAY)

LT COL E. R. TONER (29FEB-18MAR)

LT COL G. F. MEYERS (19MAR-09JUL)

LT A. R. BREHM (29FEB-12AFR)

CAPT B. M. RANTA (13APR-09JUL) LT COL W. P. SNYDER (OLMAY-16MAY)

1st Bn, 5th Cav, 1st . LT COL C. E. JORDAN JR. (06MAY-08MAY) Air Cav Div

CAPT C. P. SCHELL (OSJUN-17JUN)

D Co, 1st Bn, 9th Cav, CAPT W. A. CHABOUDY (17JUN-30JUN)

Donwgraded at 3-year intervals: Declassified after 12 years

A TROOP, 3d Squadron 5thCAPT S. S. MCLAUGHLIN (05JUN-20JUN)
Armored Cav Div
C TROOP, 3d Squadron 5thCAPT P. METHERALL (20JUN-30JUN)
Armored Cav Div
3d Bn, 12th Marines LT COL J. A. COMO

5. Supporting Arms.

a. Artillery Support.

- (1) 3d Bn, 12th Marines together with reinforcing Artillery and Naval GunFire Support Ships provided direct support to the battalions of the 3d Marines during the period 29 Febuary to 09 July 1968. General support and reinforcing fires were provided by the 12th Marines Units in DONG HA and C-1.
- (2) The following is a summary of unit locations, significant displacements, missions and ammunition expended during the operation.

a MARCH	A second of the	
UNIT	LOCATION	DATE
	QUANG TRI QUANG TRI CUA VIET QUANG TRI	01-31 Mar 01-31 Mar 15-31 Mar 01-31 Mar
Amphibian Tractor CO. C Btry 1/11 Det Btry W/1/12 W Btry 1/11	CUA VIET C-4 C-4	01-31 Mar 01-31 Mar 01-31 Mar 01-15 Mar

Significant Displacements.

- (1) 15 Mar W/1/11 From C-4 to CAMP CARROLL. OF COM to
- (2) 15 Mar W/3/12 from CAMP CARROLL to CUA VIET. OPCON to 3/12 from 1/12.
- to C-4.
 - (4) 31 Mar Det W/3/12 from CUA VIET to C-4.

Missions Fir	ed	Ammunit:	ion Expo	nded.
Observed Unobserved	540 ·	105MV ~ 4.2"	16349 6811	
H&I _B Totals	1198 2180			Sacket
	17.			

b. APRIL	I UNCLASSA			
UNIT	•	LOGATION		DATE
G Btry 3/12 W Btry 3/12 W Btry 3/12 2nd PROV 155 HOW 6 Plt G Btry 1/11 Det W/1/12 A Btry 1/40		QUANG TRI QUANG TRI CUA VIET QUANG TRI CUA VIET CUA VIET C-4 QUANG TRI	y d	01-27 Apr 01-30 Apr 01-30 Apr 01-30 Apr 01-30 Apr 01-30 Apr 01-30 Apr 17-30 Apr

Significant Displacements.

- (1) OR Apr 1stPlt, 1st Armd Amhp Tractor CO, displaced from C. 4 to CUA VIET.
- (2) 17 Apr A/1/40 (USA) displaced to QUANG TRI under ePCON of 3/12.
- BEACH. (3) 17 Apr 1/3/12 displaced from QUANG TRI to WONDER
- (14) 27 Apr G/3/12 displaced to KHE SAHN and passed OPCON to 1/11.
 - (5) 27 Apr I/3/12 from WONDER BEACH to QUANG TRI.

Missions Fired.	Ammunition Expended
Unobserved 201 Unobserved 129 H&I's 1069	105 - 9 5 96 107 - 3549
Naval GunFire	Ammunition Expended
5/38 8412 5/54 859 8/55 1237	5"/38 - 8412 5"/54 - 859 8"/55 - 1237

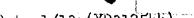
c. MAY

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UNIT	LOCATION	DATE
I Btry 3/12 2ndPROV 155 HOW (-) A Btry 1/40 (USA) D Btry 3/82 (USA) C B try 1/11 H Btry 3/12 W B try 3/12 Det W Btry 1/12	QUANG TRI QUANG TRI QUANG TRI MAI XI THI CUA VIET CUA VIET MAI XI THI C-4	01-31 May 01-31 May 01-03 May 10-17 May 01-31 May 01-31 May 01-31 May
1stPlt,1st Armd Amph CO	OUA VIET	01-18 May
3dPlt, 1st Armd Amph CO	CUA VIET	19-31 May

Significa Displacements



- (1) 03 May A/1/40 CHOPPED to 1/13 (YD312544).
- (2) 10 May D/3/82 MAI XI THI (YD286671). 17 May D/3/82 was helilifted to PHU BAI area.
- (3) 19 May 1stPlt, 1st Armd Amohib CO was relieved in place (XD345697) by the 3dPlt.

Missions Fired		Ammunition Expended
Observed 521 Unobserved 143 Falls 1266	3 .	105 - 26235 107 - 8464 155 - 465

d. JUNE

UNIT	LOCATION	DATE
C Btry 1/11 E Btry 3/12 H Btry 3/12 C Btry 1/12 C Btry 1/12 A Btry 1/12 B Btry 1/12 W Btry 3/12 W Btry 3/12 W Btry 3/12 C Btry 3/12 W Btry 3/12 C Btry 3/12 C Btry 3/12	CUA VIET QUANG TRI CUA VIET CUA VIET MAI XI THI C-3 C-3 C-3 CUA VIET QUANG TRI CUA VIET CUA VIET	01-03 Jun 01-14 Jun 01-23 Jun 23-24 Jun 25-30 Jun 25-30 Jun 25-30 Jun 25-30 Jun 01-30 Jun 01-30 Jun 01-30 Jun
C Btry 3./40 (USA)	J-1	2530 Jun

Significant Displacements.

- (1) 18 Jun H Btry 3/12 from CUA VIET 235675 to 346694.
- (2) 16 Jun W Btry 3/12 from MAI XI THI 280688 to 309541.
- (3) 23 Jun C Btry 1/12 from CA LU 015458 to 346694.
 - (h) 24 Jun C Btry 1/12 from CUA VIET to MAI XI TAX.
 - (5) 25 Jun A Btry 1/12 from PHON SON Last to 0-3.
 - (6) 24 Jun B Btry 1/12 to 0-2.

Missions Fir	<u>ed</u>	Ammuri	زار	ion li	en adod
Observed 211 Unobserved H&I's TOTAL	NAPOLEON/SALINE 525 785 1321	107	•	7058 2390 51,	

Δ.	JULY	
8.	ODT	

UNIT	LOCATION	DATE
A Btry 1/12 A Btry 1/12 B Btry 1/12 B Btry 1/12 C Btry 1/12 Mortar Btry 3/12 3dDet HOW-6 Det Mortar Btry 1/12	0-2	01-07 Jul 07-09 Jul 01 Jul 02-09 Jul 01-09 Jul 01-09 Jul 01-09 Jul 01-09 Jul

White is said the

Significant Displecements

- (1) Ol Jul B/1/12 from C-2 to MY LOC (YD 305680) OPCON 3/12.
- (2) 07 Jul A/1/12 from C-3 to CUA VIET (YD 345695) OPCON 3/12.

Missions Fired	Fired Ammuni			tion Expended		
Observed Unobserved H&I's TOTAL	58 77 349 484	105 4.2 8"/55 5 "/54 5"/38	7255 230 54 35 176	Seoret		

f. Summary of Unit Movements. Locations and Dates

UNIT	LOCATION	DATE
G Btry 3/12 I Btry 3/12 W Btry 3/12	QUANG TRI WUNDER BEACH	01Mar-27Apr 01Mar-17Apr 17Apr-27Apr 27Apr-14Jun 15Mar-16Jun 01Mar-31May
2ndPRÖV 155 HOW Btry(-) 1stPlt, 1st Armored Amphibian Tractor CO C Btry 1/11 W Btry 1/11 Det W Btry 1/12 A Btry 1/40 (USA) D Btry 3/82 (USA) H Btry 3/12 H Btry 3/12 C Btry 1/12		19May-09Jul 01Mar-03Jun 01Mar-15Mar 01Mar-09Jul 17Apr-30Apr 10May-17May 27May-15Jun 16Jun-23Jun
H Btry 3/12 C Btry 1/12 A Btry 1/12 B Btry 1/12	CUA VIET	23Jun-24Jun 24Jun-09Jul 07Jul-09Jul 01Jul-09Jul

g. Total Missions Fired

 Observed
 1665

 Units
 1178

 H&I*s
 1980

SECRET

h. Total Ammunition Expended

105	4.2	155	NGF	
HE 58409 WP 3794 ILLUM 3386 FIRECRACKER 312	18190 656 2888 CS 190	519	8"/55 5"/54 5"/38	1291 894 8588
TOTAL	66544	519		10773

(3) Control and Coordination

- (a) 3d Bn, 12th Marines exercised tactical control and provided technical fire direction for all batteries under its OPCON.
- (b) Mission clearance was provided by the ground unit originating the mission, the Regimental FSCC, and higher head-quarters when necessary. All missions falling within 500 Metors of another unit unit boundary were cleared by the next higher headquarters.

b. Min Support

- (1) During Operation NAPOLEON/SALINE, 3d Marine units received Air Support from 1st Marine Air Wing units, 9th Marine Amphibious Brigade, 7th Air Force, and U. S. Army units.
- (2) Fixed Wing support came from MAG's 11, 12, and 13 and included close and direct Air Support strikes. Photographic Reconnaissance, Helo Escort, Radar Bombing (TPQ-10) aerial mining, illumination, and aerial observer. 7th Air Force units provided close and direct air strikes, aerial observer, photo reconnaissance illumination and Radar Bombing (TPQ-10). In addition, the capabilities provided by the AC-47 "Spooky" aircraft were utilized on numerous occasions with great effectiveness and contributed a great deal to the success of the operation. Strategic Air Command strikes were also provided in an effort to reduce the amount of enemy artillery and logistic support with a profound effect.
- (3) Aerial Observer flights by U.S. Army aircraft and pilots were timely and effective and provided the key to the outstanding utilization of fixed wing support. Rotary Wing support was provided almost solely by USMC units, MAG's 16, 36, and 39 provided the majority of support in the form of River Reconnaissance. During the Operation, rotary wing support took the form of Command and Control troop lift, MED-EVAC, Resupply, Close Air Support and observation flights significantly. 3d Marine units were able to execute several heliborne assaults the largest of which was a battalion assault of the LE XUYEN area providing once again the great capability to maneuver rapidly with helicopter aircraft.

SECHLET

- standing and the determination and devotion to duty exemplified by all aircrews was commendable to the overall success of this Operation. Though there were many instances of outstanding performance, most victoworthy is all incident which occurred during the battle for DAI DQ on 05 May, which serves as an example of the superior support provided and the courage and devotion of the sizerow involved.
- CH-46 transport, space 1-13 landed under fire to pick, up, casualties.

 Lifting from the zone the pilot was informed that more wounded

 MAMORE ARGED 40 Short distance away though already bit and subjected

 to continuous and interse fire. Space 1+13 attempted the second

 rescue. In the attempt Space 1-13 was shot down. Without con

 hesitation his wisc amanded intertact, and completed the daring rescue of the provided by HULL directet, and completed the daring rescue of the troops and sirenew. The crews oficthese sineral falling tioned of

 without regards for their emplies but tonly in the interest and

 of the most they were to support it us) but to he seed these emplete

 in support of 12 marine units, forest 500 san the sighter was a

 shot down by enouy 50 cal fire while attempting to strike means

 positions. CAPT S. W. CLARC. Uswells marine Higher Aguadroin

 235, lost his life because he continued to press his attack even

 though he was aware of intense enough fire.

4

 $(p_{ij})_{ij} = \{e_{ij}^{(i)}\}_{ij}$

- (7) The exemplary courage determination in the face of the enemy and the strong spirit that exists among fellow Marines displayed by these pilots and all of these who supported this Regiment will long be remembered and their acts serve to once again illustrate the tremendous effectiveness of the Marine Air-Grownd Team.
 - (8) The following is a resume of Operations
 - a. MEDEVACS: 1499 USMC, USA, CIV, and VC/NVA
 - b. CAS: 231 FLIGHTS 453 A/C 1,348,150 #ORD. CSS: 281 FLIGHTS 343 A/C 1,528,550 #ORD.
 - TO OUR RIS TO STAND TO BE TO BOLD OUT OUT
 - a. 4/0 331 FLIGHTS 465% HRS.
- G. G.S. 138 FLIGHTS 38 9 4 70 950 ROCKETS EXE.
 - The second of the control of the second of t
 - S. CONTROL RUNCTIONS ASSESSED OF ENDING TONS OF THE POLICY OF THE POLICY

CUN BTRY LIFTS
REGT TROOP LIFT
REGT CND GRP LIFT
CO TROOP LIFTS
LEN TROOP LIFTS



PLUS PSYWAR BIRDS AND FLAGMSHIPS

6. Intelligence

During Operation NAPOLEON/SALINE, enemy activity occurred in spinits. There were periods of intense enemy-initiated action, and there were others when only isolated contacts and sightings occurred. Corresponding with geographic location, there were two distinct types of enemy conject.

The portion of the MAPOLEON/SALINE AO north of the THACH HAN River (Gua Viet Waterway) is sparsely populated, has very little vegetation, and villages exist but, for the most part, have been destroyed by combat operations. The terrain is open with the only channelizing feature being the SONG BEN NGU (Jones Creek) running from north to south from the BEN HAI to the CUA VIET. Combat operations in this area were characteristically conventional as opposed to guerrilla in naturo. The enemy was almost entirely North Vietnamese, and he employed artillery; rockets, recoilless weapons, and mortars in support of his infantry. The enemy's basic tactic was to occupy villages that have been vacated by the Vietnamose or only partially occupied by civilians, and to occupy areas that have been recently abandoned by friendly units. He then fortified these areas and waited for us to enter on operations, patrols, and sweeps. The enemy used this tactic to good advantage in that he was able to employ his supporting arms (on call and adjusted) against our attacking personnels while employing concentrated automatic and small-arms fire along prepared fields of fire. His tactics also limited the diffects of friendly supporting arms in that he was protected by well constructed, fortified positions. The ememy fought tenaciously and only withdrew, usually, under the cover of darkness, when he no longer had the means or ability to continue to resist. The enemy used this tactic in major engagements at MY LOC (YD 305681), MAI XA THI (YD 280669), LAW XUAN (YD 268700), NHI HA (YD 272703), AND DAI DO (YD 254629). There was only one large enemy attack against a U. S. position in this operation. It occurred when an enemy battalien attacked the U.S. Forces occupying the NHI HA area (YD 272703). The attack commenced at dawn and continued until after daylight; the enemy withdrev to the north only after sustaining heavy casacities and, in effect, had coased to be a fighting force.

The pertion of the NAPOLEON/SALINE AO south of the THACH HAN River is heavily populated, vegetated around villages, and is compartmented by rivers and streams throughout. This area has been characterized by sniper fire, embushes, use of surpris-firing devices, and generally harrassing tactics. The enemy was usually local Viet Cong; there were only two encounters with large forces and were of short duration. Engagements took place at PHU TAI (YD 297625) and LE XUYEN (YD 345633). These contacts occurred when we swept these area and encountered dug in Viet Cong. The enemy in this area has used artillery and mortars in a harrassment role, as opposed to support of infantry troops. He has shown little tendency to fight and was mainly engaged in proselyting, taxation, and rice gathering.

Confirmed enemy units in the northern portion of the NAPOLEON/SALTNE AO included the 48th and 52nd Regiment of the 320th Division and elements of the 27th and 270th Independent Regiments. There were no confirmed major units in the south.

7. Mission

operations in your AO on both North and South Banks of CUA VIET and include all tributaries as necessary in order to insure the uniterrupted passage of shipping on the CUA VIET River and to dony enemy access to rocket positions oriented against DONG HA and QUANG TRI. (Opo 5-58)(wreet)

b. Additional Missions

- access to rice stores, uncover enemy assembly areas and caches, and deny enemy freedom of movement.
- 2. Dredge Security. Third Marines provided local security for equipment and personnel involved in dredging Operations on the CUA VIET.
- 3. Leatherneck Square Operations. Third Marines conducted combat operations in Leatherneck Square to locate and destroy enemy forces, fortifications, installations, and supplies.
- 4. Jones Creek. Third Marines conducted combat operations in Jones Creek Area to locate and destroy enemy forces fortifications, installations, and supplies.

8. Concept of Operations.

Third Marines accomplishes its mission by the employment of Second Infantry Battalions and First Amtrac Battalion with supporting arms.

One Infantry Battalion, with assigned forces, conduct aggressive ground surveillance, search and destrey operations, and spoilling attacks in assigned AO on the North bank of the Thach Han River (See Overlay). Initially establish combat operation base in vic MY LOC (YD305682).

One Inf Bn, with assigned forces, conduct aggressive ground surveillance, search and destroy operations, and specificing attacks in assigned AO on the South Bank of Thach Han Biver (See Overlay). Maintain Sparrow Hawk in Accordance w/GG 3d MarDiv Opo 2-68.

First Amtrac Bn conduct combat patrolling, aggressive ground surveillancd, and limited search and destroy operations in assigned AO along the coast of Gulf of Tonkin. Defend GUA VIET Port Facility, LSA, and GUA VIET Base Area. Maintain rifle company (Reinf) at C-4 combat outpost to interdict coastal infiltration routes.

Civic Action programs will be executed in support of tactical operations employing MEDCAPS and other services to foster better understanding and relations between the VN people and American pervicement. Active support will be lent to the revolutionary development program.

PsyOps will be increased and accented toward the Chieu Hoi program, the NVA soldier and the civilians who support him.

9. Exoution.

In accordance with Third Marine Division Opo 5-68, Third Marines under the Command of Golonel M. A. HULL commenced OPERATION WAPOLEON/SALINE 290630H and by 291300H Feb the Regiment's "A" Command Group had displaced from Quang Tri Air-field Complex (YD305556) to Camp Kistler, CUA VIET (YD349694).

At 010800H March, Third Marines received operational control of BLT 3/1, 1st Bn 3d Mar and 1st Amtrac Bn (...) and initiated a search and destrey operation vicinity MIA KA THI (YD2766) employing 3/1. The operation commenced with an attack (YD2766) employing 3/1. The operation commenced with an attack across JONES CREEK in which 3/1 received heavy sniper, RPG, merter, and artillery fire. The fire continued throughout the day and 3/1 sustained heavy casualties but was successful in intlicting heavy losses on the enemy as well. 3/1 continued in intlicting heavy losses on the enemy as well. 3/1 continued their sweep through the village taking occusional morter and their sweep through the village taking occusional morter and arty fare. On 5 March 3/1 was relieved by BLT 2/4. Cumulative losses for this operation were; Friendly; 30 KIA, 91 WIA (MEDEVAC) losses for this operation were; Friendly; 30 KIA, 91 WIA (MEDEVAC) Bhemy: 95 NVA KIA, 3 NVA POW'S, 8 IWC, 15 CSWC.

Meanwhile, 1/3 commenced clearing operations South of the CUA VIST River. Significant contact was made by A/1/3 on 5 March when they attacked an objective vicinity (ND260630). Crossing the river by entrac, they received heavy extensive and resignises withe fire from an estimated enemy platoon. A/1/3 sustained withe fire from an estimated enemy platoon. A/1/3 sustained 5 KIA and 14 WIA and killed 9 NVA, captured a considerable amount of genu.

On 7 March, BLT 2/4 commonced a joint operation with forces of the 2nd ARVN Regiment to clear the area North of the Bo Dieu River. Contact was made with an extimated encoy company, BLM 2/4 suffered 10 KIA, 40 WIA (MEDERVAC) and 24 WIA (MINCR) while killing 53 NVA and capturing 16 IWC and 2 GSWC.

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Reacting to intelligence, 1/3 commenced a sweep of PHU TAI (YD2962) on 7 March and encountered an estimated VC company or larger unit. 1/3 sustained 13 KIA, 53 WIA (MEDEVAC), and 14 WIA (MINOR) in the contact. A sweep of the area revealed 27 NVA KIA, 20 IWC, and 2 CSWC.

Continuing operations North of the CUA VIET River, BLT 2/4 assaulted LAM XUAM (YD2869) and made contact with an estimated enemy battalion on 12 March. Maneuvering and using supporting arms to maximum extent, 2/4 killed 78 NVA while sustaining 11 KIA, 54 WIA (MEDEVAC), and 11 WIA (MINOR).

On 13 March, B Company, 3d Engr in direct support of 3d Marines constructed a wire barrier across JONES CREEK at (YD284671) to prevent mines from floating into CUA VIET river traffic.

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BLT 2/4 commenced operations vic VINH QUANG THUONG (YD2565) on 18 March. In assaulting their objective, they encountered the enemy who was fighting from well fortified positions. Advancing under air and artillery support, 2/4 swept through the village killing 120 NVA and capturing 4 POW'S, 17 IWC, and 4 CSWC. BLT 2/4's casualties were 15 KIA, 88 WIA (MEDEVAC), and 18 WIA (MINOR). This action earned BLT 2/4 congratulations from General Westmoreland, COMUSMACV.

There was no major action again until the end of March but it should be mentioned that 1/3 continued clearing and pacification operations South of the river, and 1st Amtrac Bn provided valuable support to both infantry battalions as well as conducting aggressive patrolling operations along the Gulf Of Tonkin.

On 30 March, 3d Marines, as part of TASK FORCE KILO, commenced a coordinated assault North to the DMZ with 3/5 ARMORED CAV USA and elements of the 2nd ARVN Regiment in order to divert enemy attention from Rte #9 so other 3d Marine Division forces could open the road to KHE SANH. BLT 2/4, as 3d Marines meneworing force, operated on the right flank and took heavy rocket fire on 1 April. The only significant contact occurred when E/2/4 was probed by an estimated enemy company. The enemy was repelled. E/2/4 suffered no casualties but killed 3 NVA and captured 1 POW and 1 IWC. The operation terminated on 2 April and, though there was little contact, a considerable amount of enemy ordnance and gear was captured and many enemy positions were destroyed. Losses for the operation were 10 WIA (MEDEVAC) while 27 NVA KIA'A were confirmed.

The period 4-6 April was without significant enemy contact. All units conducted extensive patrolling and company sweeps in their respective AO'S. BLT 2/4 established patrol bases at LAM XUAM (YD2670 and NHI HA (YD2771) to monitor amy enemy movement in the area. During the period the patrol activities of the various units uncovered significant caches of enemy ordnance.

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On 17 April A/1/3 made contact with a well dug in enemy force in vic (YD352619). Contact continued throughout the day and into the evening. A awaep of the area the following day revealed 17 NVA bodies and evidence that more had been killed and dragged away. Considerable gear was found and numerous enemy bunkers were destroyed. A/1/3 sustained 3 KIA, 14 WIA (MEDEVAC), and 7 WIA (MINOR) in the action.

On 30 April the most significant action within OPERATION NAPOLEON/SALTNE commenced when a patrol from H/2/4 encountered a dug-in NVA company Vic (YD261632) at the Southeastern edge of 3d Marines AO. An extension of the AO was approved and the fierce battle of DAI DO (YD2562) commenced. BLT 2/4 moved the balance of H/2/4 to reinforce and utilized available supporting arms to soften the enemy. F/2/4 moving to attack DAI DO came under heavy fire. The balance of BLT 2/4 and B/1/3 were committed to the conflict. The contact became extremely heavy and the NVA displayed a strong will to stand and fight. Friendly units sustained many casualties from the intense enemy fire. Many onemy counterattacks were experienced and successively repelled. Cy 3 May 1/3 moved through BLT 2/4's lines to continue the attack. On 5 May while securing a series of objectives 1/3 came under heavy fire from vic (YD245651). The fighting was intense and the NVA counterattacked. M and 1/3/4 were lifted in to protect 1/3s west flank. On 6 May 3d Marines assumed OpCon 1/5, 1st Air Cav and moved them into position to continue the attack to the West. By 9 May the battle for DAI DO had been won. Friendly losses for the DAI DO conflict were 96 KIA, 326 WIA (MEDEVAC), and 13 WIA (MINOR). The NVA suffered an impressive defeat. 768 NVA were killed and 10 NVA were captured as well as 128 IWC, 44 CSWC, and large amounts of ordnance and NVA equipment. A major attempt of the enemy to isolate DAI DO by closing the CUA VIET LOC was defeated -- the waterway remained open.

Concurrent with the DAN DO pattle, 3d Merines conducted operations with 3/21 of the 196th Light Infantry Frigado USA in the LAM XUAM/NHI HA area. The army unit made several heavy contacts as they swept through the area. In the period 2-15 May 3/21 sustained 29 KTA, 48 WTA (MEDEVAC), and 40 WIA (MINOR). 3/21 and supporting air and artillery accounted for 145 NVA KTA, 2 NVA were captured along with 78 IWC and 27 CSWG.

On 17 May, E/2/4 made contact with the enemy in vic (YD253714) sustaining 2 KIA and 8 WIA (MEDEVAC). The short contact resulted in 23 NVA KIA.

Again on 25 May, E/2/4 engaged a large NVA force in vic (YD282713). H/2/4 moved in to reinforce and both units remained in heavy contact throughout the day sustaining 18 KIA, and 33 WIA (MEDEVAC). With the help of supporting erms, the two companies killed 238 NVA and captured 4 NVA 200/5, 4 INC, and 1 CSWC.

The next significant contact occurred on 27 May. 2/9 (-). A and D/1/3 made contact with an estimated NVA Battalion dug in vic LAI AN (YD 247724). Both units received considerable mortar fire. 2/9 (-) sustained numerous casualties due to the mortar fire and heat so the 1/3 units passed through 2/9 (-) to continue the attack. Heavy contact was made by 1/3 units as soon as they passed through 2/9 (-) positions. The enemy employed mortar, rockets, artillery, and small arms. The fight for LAI AN continued through the end of the month. Cumulative Losses for the battle were: Friendly: 21 KIA, 141 WIA (MEDEVAC), 19 WIA (MINOR), Enemy: 88 NVA KIA, 8 NVA POW, 34 IWC, and 3 CSWC,

The month of June saw 3d Marine units conducting patroling and company sweep operations but there was little contact. On 25 Jun 3d Marines displaced the "A" Command Group to C-2 to conduct Regimental Operation LEATHERNECK SQUARE. For the first time since the unit entered RVN, 3d Marine Regiment was able to operate with all its T/O battalions, 1/3, 2/3, and 3/3. The Operation was in reaction to intelligence information and was designed to trap an enemy force of battalion strength or larger between 3 maneuvering battalions. 2/3 approached on the ground from the south while 1/3 and 3/3 were helilifted in to move in from the east and north respectively. Forces from the 2nd ARVW Regiment set up blocking positions on the east. The operation located numerous enemy bunkers which were destroyed but the only contact occurred when 3/3 encountered an estimated squad (enemy) vic (YD 173695) firing small arms from bunker. Supporting arms claimed 6 enemy KIA. Total NVA KIA for the operation were 9. Friendly Losses were 1 KIA, 18 WIA (MEDEVAC), and 2 WIA (MINOR). Though there was little action, the operation showed that the 3 battalions could operate well as a regiment.

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The final operation conducted by 3d Marines as part of NAPOLEON/SALINE was a 3 battalion sweep up "JONES CREEK" to the DMZ, in conjunction with operation THOR. Again, 3d Marines had its own 3 battalions. 1/3 commenced the attack moving north on the west side of JONES CREEK to get in position to provide security for ARVN engineer work on the LAI AN road. on 4 Jul 1/3 made contact with an estimated enemy platoon vic (YD 246723). 1/3 received mixed arty, RPG, 82MM and small arms fire as they attacked the enemy who were fighting from bunkers and village ruins. 1/3 continued to receive heavy mortar and arty fire. 6 Jul 1/3 continued attack on objective 8 (LAT AN) and 2/3 conducted search of objective 9 (NHI TRUNGO) and continued attack to objective 12 (YD 265745). 1/3 continuted to meet NVA resistance as they pushed through objective 9 towards objective 11 (YD 2473). Though 1/3 sustained some casualties in this centact, particularly from the mortars and arty, they inflicted considerable losses on the enemy. As 2/3 maneuvered around the ARVN position A-1 toward objective 12 they made contact with an unknown size NVA force armed with small arms, automatic weapons, and RPG. They also received 82MM mortar fire from objective 12. On 7 Jul 1/3 again met heavy resistance as they conducted a coordinated tank/infantry assault on objective 11. The enemy utilized small arms as well as mortars and 85MM arty to hold their position. 1/3 successfully took objective 11, capturing 2-82MM mortars and continued on to take objective 13. Meanwhile, 2/3 took objective 12 and 14, receiving light resistance at objective 12 (YD 2673). . 13

3/3, who has been in reserve, moved north and seized objective 10 (YD 2974) without incident. On 8 Jul 3 continued attack as 1/3 and 2/3 began withdrawing south. The operation ended on 9 Jul with these totals: Friendly; 16 KIA, 75 WIA (MEDEVAC) and 27 (MINOR). Enemy; 230 NVA KIA, 7 NVA POW's, 29 IWC, and 8 CSWC captured.

With the conclusion of the JONES CREEK Operation, 3d Marines ended its participation in Operation NAPOLEON/SALINE and passed responsibility for NAPOLEON/SALINE to 1st Marine Regiment.

10. Results

- a. U.S. losses; 378 KIA, 1598 WIA (MEDEVAC), 430 WIA (MINOR), and 1 MIA (USA)
- b. Enemy losses; 3298 NVA KIA, 84 NVA POW, 60 VC KIA, and 9 VC POW.
 - c. Captured enemy equipment/material during operation NAPOLEON/SALTNE:
 - (1) Weapons; 599 IWC, and 196 CSWC including:

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176 AK-47 159 SES/CKC 57 LMG 21 RPG-2 9 60 MM MORTARS 6 SZMM MORTARS 6 Shally 5 AK-44 ~ j 5 PPS-43 5 HMG 5 RPG-7 L AK-50 2 82MM RPG 2 SMM PISTOL 1 FLAME THROWER 1 75MM RR 1 57Mm RR 1 SHG 1 MAUSER

(2) Ammunition

1 .45 PISTOL 1 .38 PISTOL

18,363 7.62MM
16,062 12.7FM
1,207 60MM MORTLARS
1,072 82MM MORTLARS
334 RPG-2
140 RPG-2 BOOSTERS
99 82MM MORTLAR BOOSTERS
76 140MM RAT
48 8"
48 8"
48 REFLE GRENADES

40 75MM RR 26 RPG-7 21 60MM MOSTLAR FORE 12 57MI FR 12 57MI FR 10 62MA NO

8 82MM FUSE 2 122MM RKT

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(3) Explosives

> 735 LES INT 454 GRENADES 322 FU TIME FUSE FERREIM TA CY 14 BLASTING CAPS 27 CHICOM GRANADAS EL SATONEL CHARGES 20 U.S. ARTY DUDS 14 C-4 (LBS) 9 BANGALORE 9 AP MINES 8 U.S. BOMB DUDS S CNAS AND I BAG BLACK POWDER -

2 ELECTRICAL FIRING DEVICE

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(4**)** Weapons Ascessories

153 AK-47 MAGS
32 KPU DRUMS
5 60MM MORTAR BIGRTS
5 AA MO BASE PLATES
4 60MM MORTAR BASEPLATES

1 DEFONATOR CORD

3 CZMM MORTAR SIGHTS 2 CZMM MORTAR BASEPLATE 2 CZMM RG EXLINSIONS

2 82WM RG TELLIODS

2 HMG SHOULDMR HARNESSES

1 HMG HOURT

1 AA WEAPON TRIPOD

1 HMG REPAIR KIT

1 82MM MORTAR AIMING STAKE

1 MG RUFTURED CARTRIDGE EXTRACTOR

(5) Individual Equipment

112 PACKS

96 GAS MASKS

81 HERMETS

48 ENTREMOBING TOOLS

36 PONCHOS

28 CANTREMS 15 POUCHES

8 CARTRIDGE BELTS

THE STYPE

- 2 FLASHLIGHTS
- 2 GAS MASK FILTERS
- 2 MESS GEAR KITS
- 2 HAMMOCKS
- 1 RAINSUIT
- 1 PICK
- 1 BAYONET SCABBARD
- 1 BINCULARS

ASSORTED CLOTHING

- (6) Communitation Equipment
 - 12 BATTERIES
 - 7 RADIOS
 - 4 HEADSETS
 - 4 FIELD PHONES
 - 1 REEL OF WIRE
 - 1 MICROPHONE
 - 1 TELEGRAPH KEY
- (7) Modical Supplies
 - 109 AMPULES W/NEEDLES
 - 24 CONTAINERS OF WATER PURIFICATION TABLETS

 - 5 PERSONAL HEALTH KITS 5 CONTAINERS OF U/I MEDICINE
 - L BATTLE DRESSING
 - 3 MEDICAL RITS
 - 3 SYRINGES
 - 1 ACE BANDAGE
- (8) Documents

MAPS

OVERLAYS

NOTEBOOKS

RADIO BOOKS

TRAINING MANUALS

DIARIES

I.D. CARDS

LETTERS

PHOTOGRAPHS

PROPAGANDA PAMPHLETS

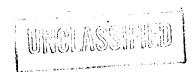
PERSONAL PAPERS

- (9) Food
 - 37,095 LBS OF RICE
- Fortifications and Positions (10)
 - 937 BUNKERS
 - 218 HOLES
 - 23 STRUCTURES
 - 3 HMG POSITIONS
 - 2 HARBOR SIGHTS

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o. Supply

- (1) The primary source of supply during operation
 NAPOLEON/SALINE was supply point distribution from FLSG-B DONG HA.
 An additional supply point ... was established under
 Regimental Control at the mouth of the CUA VIET River. This
 distribution point received a limited amount of Bulk supplies
 direct from Force Logistics Command, DANANG.
- (2) The supply system during the operation functioned with no significant problems. Resupply was effected by helicopter, Naval Landing Craft (LCM-8), LVTP-5, M76 Amphibious carrier (Otter), Truck, and small boat.
- Regimental Headquarters, lat Amphibian Tractor Battalion, and the resident Infantry Battalion, which was located at MAI XI THI vic (YD 282668). Battalions operating south of the CUA VIET River normally received one hot meal every other day, operations parmitting. This meal was prepared in Battalion rear areas, either QUANG TRI or DONG HA, and transported to the battalion by small boat or helicopter.

d. Maintenance

(1) First and second echelon maintenance was performed by using units. Third echelon maintenance contact teams from FLSG-B were used extensively for both wheeled and tracked vehicles.

e. Transportation

- (1) Carrier Amphibious, M76 (Otter). During the entire operation a detachment of the Otter Platoon of H&SCo, 3d Mortor Transport Battalion was under the operational control of 3d Marines. The Otters were used primarily in inter battalion resupply and medical evacuation. The capability of this vehicle to swim and to negociate marginal terrain made it in valuable in the CUA VIET Area.
- Amphibian Tractor (LVTP-5). Tractors of the lat Amphibian Tractor Battalion were used in daily resupply and for tactical troop moves. When operated over favorable terrain this vehicle was highly effective. Its use was hampered by vulnerability to land mines and difficulty in negotiating marginal terrain.
- (3) Truck. The lack of road nets and extremely sandy terrain in the CUA VIET Area restricted use of wheeled vehicles. The organic vehicle of 1st Amphibian Tractor Battalion and 3d Marines were augmentated by a section of trucks from 3d Mortor Transport Battalion. Truck assets of BLT 2/4 were used in general support of the Regiment.



(11) Recommendation

Because the enemy moved almost entirely at night in the NAPOLEON/SALINE AO and because the terrian there is level with little vegetation, extensive use of night observation devices and ground surveillance radar for detection of enemy movement is recommended for future operations in this area.

11. Administrative Matters

a. Administrative plans issued by this Regiment proved to be adequate for all operations conducted during Operations NAPOLEON/SALINE. Personnel paragraphs of Operational Orders covered the following categories:

(1) Personnel Strengths, Records and Reports.

(2) Replacements

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(3) Discipline, Law and Order (4) Burial and Graves Registration

(5) Moral and Personnel Services that included the following

(a) Keeping troops informed of current situation

(b) Emergency Leave

- (c) Decorations and Rewards
- (d) Information pertaining to R&R
- (e) Postal Services
- (f) Exchange Services
- (g) Finance Services

(6) Personnel Procedures

b. Casualties were treated in the field when appropriate. If evacuation was necessary it was accomplished in most cases by helicopter. The expeditions treatment and evacuation of casualties during Operation NAPOLEON/SALINE was a definite asset to the fighting spirit and moral of the troops.

(1) All WIA's were evacuated to D Med. DONG HA, the USS IWO JIMA, and 18th Field Med Hospital USA, QUANG TRI.

(2) All KIA's were evacuated to D Med, DONG HA, and 18th Field Med Hospital USA, QUANG TRI for processing and further evacuation.

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- (4) Landing Craft. LCM-8 craft were made available by NSAD, CUA VIET. For the first 10 weeks of the operation one craft was assigned dialy and its use coordinated by the Regiment. After 15 May landing craft were controlled by Division Embarkation Section and as many as 3 per day were utilized.
- (5) Small Boats. Outboard Mortor Boats, both fire team assault boats, and Commercial Ski Barges were utilized for resupply, courier, and liaison transportation.
- (6) Helicopter. Helicopter support during the operation was adequate.

f. Communications

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- (1) General. The Regimental Communications Platoon provided adequate cummunications for the Commander to command and control operation NAPOLEON/SALINE. Communications were in accordance with Div0 P02000.2G.
- (2) Radio. Radio curcuits within the Regimental Head-quarters were in accordance with DivO PO2000.2G. Units OPCON to the Regiment utilized Regimental TAC #1. On occasion Army units were OPCON to this Regiment and no particular problems were noted while operating with these units. The covered curcuit used to communicate with Division presented some problems, the majority of which involved the power source.
- (3) Radio Relay. Radio Relay was employed from the Regimental Headquarters to Division and to the OPCON battalions. The equipment used were the AN/TRC-27 and AN/MRC-62. No major problems were encountered other than power source.
- (4) Wire. All wire within the Regimental Headquarters area was considered adequate. No major wire problems were noted.
- (5) Message Center. The Regimental Communications Center Section passed a total of 6,390 messages by electrical means. One problem deserves special consideration the overheating of equipment. The type of shelter provided for the message center. must be considered to minimize this problem.

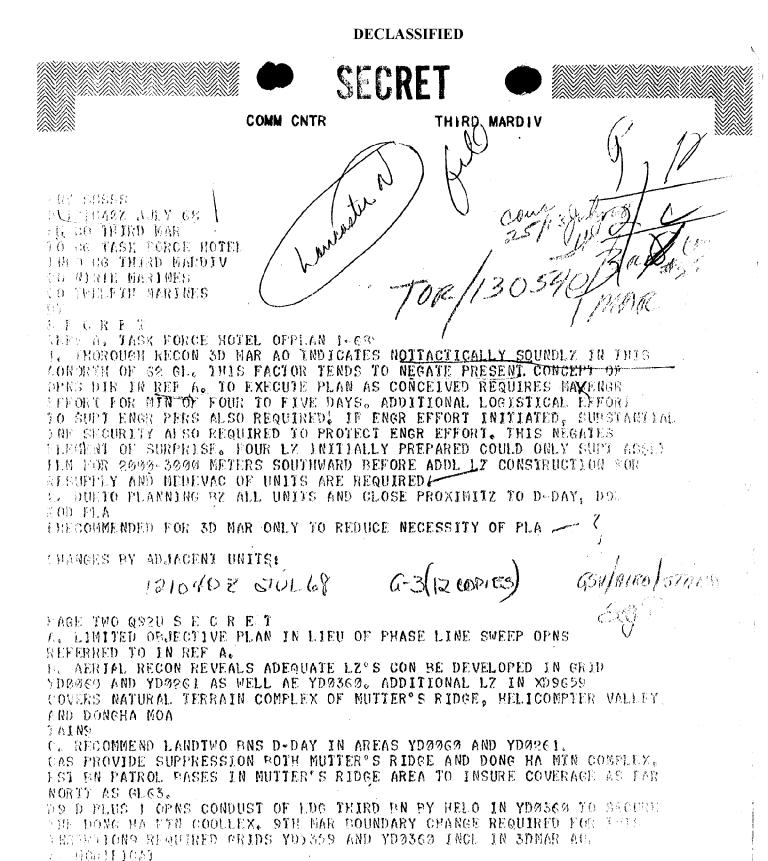
(6) Problem Areas

- (a) Frequencies and Frequency Interference due to the number of Marine and Army units operating in the northern I Corp Tactical Zone and in our AO and the number of frequencies available. Minor diffculties on frequency coordination were encountered.
- (b) Power Sources were 60 and 400 cycle power generating equipments avialability continue to be marginal.



12. Commander's Analysis

- a. During this operation the enemy demonstrated a willingness to at and and fight in a conventional manner utilizing well constructed, fortified positions along the tree lines of villages and supported his infantry with mortars and artillery. He also utilized counterattacks in an attempt to catch assaulting forces off guard before they had a consolidated position. The NVA also exhibited an ability to infiltrate large units of up to regimental size into abandoned villages at night and prepare defensive positions rapidly. He continually utilized the tactic of waiting until friendly forces were within a few meters of his defensive position before commencing fire in an attempt to pin-down friendly forces so close that effective supporting arms could not be used.
- b. In areas north of CUA VIET it is highly recommended that village areas demarcated by tree lines be reconned by fire and that preparatory fires be utilized prior to advancement across the paddies into the villages. During the dry season tanks can be effectively employed to advantage against the fortified positions, but they must have adequate infantry protection from RPG's and mines.
- c. A strong reserve can be successfully employed to exploit initial successes and maintain initiative once the enemy has been driven from his fortified positions. Aerial Observers are also invaluable in detecting enemy build-ups and counterattack forces.
- d. Rapidly responsive counterbattery fire must be planned and execute to silence the 130MM and 152MM guns emplaced north of the DMZ when infantry forces operate north of the CUA VIET.
- 13. Recommendations. There are no recommendations at this time.



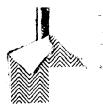
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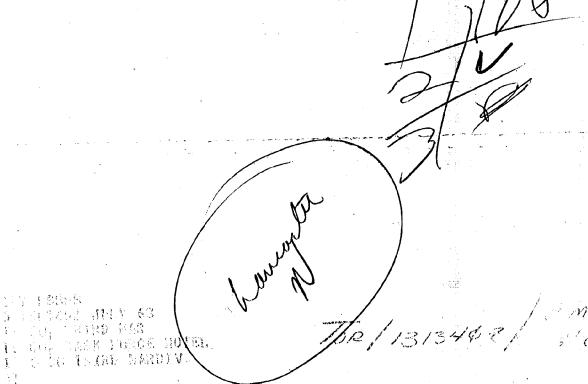


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BY WEEK MOVIOR MER 130831H JULY 1968 -

15 HEADTE PRODUCED PLAN FOLLOWING REQUIREMENTS

P PROPRIETA TEAMS (YD 926637) FOR 151996H JULY 1968 THROUGH Trusting.

3 EMPLOYEE MINE SPEED TEAMS TO HANDLE ROUTE OR SIN AC MOVE LATER

THAN TELEGRAP WILLY 686. STATE LOUIPMENT TO CAME CARROLL NLT 151000H JULY 1968.

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