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HEATOU ARTERS

1st Pattalion, Oth Marines 3d Marine Division, (Rein), WHR FPO San Francisco, 96602

3/mq/lr1 005750 10 October 1968



Commending Officer

To:

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Commandant of the Marine Corps (Code 4037)

(1) Commanding General, 3d Marine Division (Rein), Fire

(2) Commending General, III Marine mibhibious Force

(3) Commanding General, Fleet Marine Force Pacific

Subj: Command Chronology for period 1-30 September 1968

Ref:

(a) MCO 5750.21

(b) FMFPACO 5750.8

(c) DivO 5750.1A

1st Bettelion, 9th Marines Command Chronology

1. In accordance with the provisions of reference (a), (b) and (c), enclosure (1) is submitted her with.

2. The security classification of this document is downgraded at three (3) year intervals and declassified after twelve (12) years.

DOWNGRADED AT 3 YEAR INTERVALS; DECLASSIFIED AFTER 12 YEARS. DOD DIR 5200.10



# . Declassified





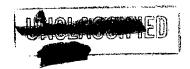
	COMMAND CUROMOLO 1-30 September 19	
PART	ī	OPGANIZATIONAL DATA
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FIGURE (1)







At 0500 on 19 September, one explosive device was thrown into Company B's line. M-26 grenades were thrown in return. At 0817 the Pattalion CP at XD 918667 received one 155mm artillery round from a friendly battery. One Marine was wounded. Throughout the day patrals from the Pattalion of found old bunkers and huts. There was no sign of recent activity, nor was equipment or ordnance found. At 1700 the Pattalion CP at XD 919693 received two 82mm mortar rounds. Air was employed on grid XD 922678 and two 82mm mortar tubes and one bunker were destroyed. Ten MMA MTA's were confirmed.

Mt 0540, on 20 September, the Fire Support Condinator obtained a sound sighting of a suspected enemy tracked vehicle. Two flights of air support were run but results were undetermined. Patrols continued through-

out the day but discovered nothing of significance.

At 1030 on 21 September, air strik's were run on XD 904663. One large secondary explosion was observed and two fighting holes and several bunkers were destroyed. At 1345 heavy bunker complexes were found at XD 901656 and XD 905659 by Company C and Company D, respectively. Peliberate searches of each area were conducted with good results. Company C found 350 binkers and storage areas. Fighting holes were near each bunker: Communication wires connected the bunkers, fighting holes, and storage salves 3000 pounds of rice and 300 lbs of rock salt were found in the storage sites, About 200 helmets and 100 packs were found, but many of these were unservicable. A few documents were found and forwar'ded to intelligence personnel. Leading to the bunker complex was a trail to the top of a mearby hill. Steps had been cut into the trail and a hamboo banniater ran alongside. At the top of the hill was a bunker with good observation of the surrounding area. Company D found a mass grave at XD 903660 which contained twenty-four bodies. The bodies appeared b be 4-5 days old. Inother grave was found nearby containing 96 more hodies. a command post, a mess bunker, also a small bunker complex containing and 15 small living bunkers was located. Tables and chairs had been constructed on the top of the bunkers with camouflaged mofing above. Well worn trails connected all the positions. In discarded back along one of the trails were found a personal letter, an ID card, and other documents, all of which was forwarded via intelligence channels. Total enamy KIA confirmed were 120.

t 0930 on 22 September, a patrol from Company B found a builder complex at ND 910656. The bunkers measured approximately seven feet by 5 feet by 6 fect. Each had a patin with a thotched from f, troics and chrise. There were ten small kitchens with cooking mathemals lest incide them. There appeared to have been a neat and order withdrawal as there was little gear left behind. A few of the bunkers had been destroyed. Also significant was the absence of fighting positions in the surmunding area. The following gear was found: one SCS (serial #295513), five W-47 magazines, 200 W-47 rounds, one bendoleer, one granade, three cars of rifle oil, three cooking pott, one water on, mine packs, three entrenching tools, one cantern and cover, one confiass, four pair of boots, five pounds, of salt, three machetes, 15 priches, In utility shirts, 13 utility trousers, three sweat shirts, five pair of socks, several undershirts and shorts, three covers, two belts, assorted medical gear, ten dollars of MVA currency, two gas amsks, and personal tailet articles. At 1600 Common or C at XD 901656 found 75 The Tunkers They mptv of gear.

TOSUPE (1-)





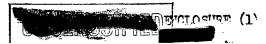
At 1700 on 23 September, Company P found a bunker complex at TO 910666. It consisted of approximately 100 covered bunkers, 50 open fighting holes, 15 living bunkers, and one storage bunker. A well developed trail system ran throughout the area. The storage area contained only three one hundred Ib bags of rice. The entire area was well camouflaged from aerial observation. The area had been thoroughly policed prior to its evacuation. At 1700 Company P reported finding 50 grass buts and several bunkers at XD 912654. Fifteen hundred pounds of rice and asserted clothing had been left in the area.

At 0945 on 24 September, Company & found 13 one-man bunkers at VD 911653. They appeared to be 3-4 weeks ald. It 1045 Company B found a thirty bunker complex at XD 911652, 250 pounds of rice, and belief, one gas mask and thirty 7.62m rifle rounds were found in the area. Several tables and chairs were also found. Near the area was an observation post in a tree. The words, "Ta Dan Lon Tri" were written on the tree. It secut dog alerted the patrol but the area was checked with negative results. At 1200 a patrol from Company 4 at XD 916654 found a series of bunkers containing medical supplies, mass facilities and asserted equipment. It total of 350 pounds of rice was found. It 1600 elements of Company I found four bunkers at XD 916654. In these were found ten bounds of salt, 250 pounds of rice, six cans of water, and a small medical bit. It 1800 on 24 September Company D found 2 graves at VD 916643 containing an estimated 24 bodies each. At the head of one grave was written "Mariyana VAN—TUONG-9/9".

At 1100 on 25 September - Company C at 40 887645 found an ammunition storage area 20 meters off a well used trail. The following ordnance was discovered: 616 60mm mortar rounds, 397 82mm mortar rounds, 233 RFE-2 rounds, 218 RFG-7 rounds, 39 88mm rocket munds; 147 antitank mines, 1000 12.7mm rounds, and 266,000 7.62mm rounds, 1800 lbs of rice was stored nearby. At 1330 the same day, Company D, while destroying an ammunition cache at XD 887645, was taken under fire by enemy temps hidden in nearby bushes. The unit returned fire and called in artillery support. The company exploited the contact resulting in 7 MAKI's confirmed. At 1430 Company B at XD 911645, found fifty bunkers, sixty .50 caliber machinegun positions and three mortar pits. One thousand rounds of 12.7mm ammunition, 8two pair of boots were found in the area.

At 0900 on 26 September Company P discovered seven shallow graves, each containing one body, at XD 91641. They appeared to be 7-10 days old. At 0930 the same unit found a bunker complex at XD 917694. The bunkers were built in an "4" frame measuring 3 fact by 4 feet by 6 feet. A kitchen was also found. Fighting holes surrounded the bunkers and trails connected the positions. Four grandes, 300 7.62m machine gun munds and twenty new gas masks were found. At 1030 elements of Company B contured a wounded NVA while searching the bunker complex. The prisoner had been wounded only slightly, but the nature of his wound had prevented him from walking. He was hidding abong trees and was without food, water, weapon, equipment or clothing. He made no attend to escape and was returned to the S-2 for questioning and evacuation. At 1100 on 26 September a patrol from Company A at XD 911645 found sixty bunkers, thirty fighting holes, two S2mm morter munds, 100 bounds of rice, four N-47 magazines, '100 rounds of 7.62m munds, and medical supplies made in TRAMON,

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HUNGARY, and CZECHOŚEVAKIA. Written over one bunkerwere the words "DAT UKIRNG NGHDAY CAM YAO". At 1400 Company C found an "E" shaped bunker (5 feet by 6 feet by 3 feet) at XD 913644 with 50 boxes of 150 caliber machinegun emmunition in it. At 1530 a patrol from Company of found 4 82mm mortar fuses at YD 908642.

At 1115 on 27 September Company P found four graves at VD 916641. Each grave contained one body and appeared to be about 7-10 days old. The following gear was found near the grave: two granades, and 100° small arms rounds, 200 12.7mm rounds, three MV belts, one canteen, and one gas mask. At 1135 a patrol from Company Dispotted one enemy moving towards their position at XD 891652. A marine fired at the WM soldier, wounding him in the hip. He was then taken prisoner and evacuated. 1145 a patrol from Company D made contact with a plateon-size force at XD 88654. The many employed automatic weapons, grenades and small arms. The petrol returned fire with their organic weapons. We reinforced squads were sent to assist and their arrival enabled the unit to assault the enemy positions. The enemy withdrew and the patrol pursued by fire. One USMC KIA and four USMC WIA resulted. At 1230 Company A found 2250 ,50 celiber rounds at XD 914646. At 1300 Company P found a bunker compilex running south at XD 910640. One WA was seen running to the southwest of the complex. Two explosions were heard and two MVA were observed running from the area. Both were killed by small arms. They were utilities and helmets. One AK-47 rifle was captured. Approximately ten WM Were then sighted moving from the area where the first W' had been seen. The Marines fired upon them, wounding four. It 1315 a heavy automatic weapon fired on a helicopter from 4D 905635. Air, Atillery and Almm more rs were fired on that area with unknown results. At 1330 on 27 Sentember Company B while on patrol at XD 910640, heard movement in the bushes and observed two NVA moving toward their position. One Marine fired his .45 caliber pistol at both. The closest MV1 fell at the Marine's feet still alive and trying to shoot his AK-47 rifle. The Marine took the "VA's rifle from him and killed both enemy soldiers with it. At 1330 elements of Company B received small arms and 60mm mortars at 40 911641. They returned small arms fire and requested 81mm morters and artillery for subport, The patrol intercepted six MV and killed two and wounded four. ot 1440 a helicopter was hit with automatic weapons fire from an unknown location. At 1500, Company P, while moving south on a well used trail at XD 888642, was taken under fire by one outomatic wearen and small arms. They returned fire with organic weapons and confirmed two W/ WIA. 1 t 1540 Company B received small arms at MD 80265th. They returned fire but results were unknown. At 1540 Company D made contact with an estimated squad of WA at VD 883654. Contact was broken and no casualties resulted.

At 0930 on 28 September, Company D found one partially destroyed SKS rifle at XD 895639. At 1000 one enemy was observed at XD 901635, and artillery fired with undet rained results. At 1330, Company P found numerous bunkers and have fired buts at 70 908640. Also found were five granades, one RPG-2 rained, eating standles, a gas mask, a wellet und ID





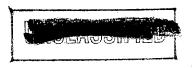
card, and six blocks of denolitions. It 1500 an aerial observer controlled fixed wing support in the destruction of five bunkers at VD 9026 20. It 1700 Company A found an ordnance storage area at XD 912546 containing fifty 82mm norter rounds, 100.50 caliber rounds, and twenty directional mines. It 1800 Company A at XD 902640 found two bodies, six granades, four AK-47 rifle magazines, one conteen and cover, one bottle of insect repellant, two bettle dressings and one piece of currency.

At 1140 on 29 September Comment & proceived fifteen rounds of small arms line at XD 892654, small arms and 60m fortar fire were returned with unknown results. At 1230 a patrol from Conrapt " abserved a sound size unit of Mineving toward their mosition at XD 904637. They were on line and appeared to be looking for something. The enemy scattered when fixed upn. 45 1530 a Marine from Company Alobserved a bush moving 20 meters from his position down a steep incline. Then he approached the ares the bush continued to move so he fired one mund at it. A search of the area revealed footprints only. At 1900 an observation most from Company 4, at ND A 1642, made contact with an unknown size enemy force. The OP was reinforced shortly thereafter and came under a large volume of small arms fire and PPG rounds. One Marine was wounded as the chany abtacked from both the east and west flank. The contact was estimaked to be a platonn size unit. Marines held their masition and returned fire, Artillery and morear fire were employed and the action subsided after bhirty minutes. Marine cosmedies were two USAC FIA and seven USIC With Company a confirmed one Met VII. Throughout the night the purimater received appredic fire and growades. Marines returned the fire in kind. Interdiction fires were utilized extensively and a flare ship was on sostion throughout the night.

At 1930 30 September Company A saw enemy troops withdrawing from the

eres. We further contact was made that day.

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F. COMMAND RELATIONS: From 1-30 Sentember 1968, the 1st Pattalion 9th Marines was under operational control of the 9th Marines.

#### G. EQUIPMENT:

- (1) ORGANIZATIONAL DATA (MOTOR TRANSPORT)
  - (a) Location: OHANG TRI, VANDERTET COMPAT TASE
  - (b) Period covered: 1-30 September 1968
  - (c) Officers and Staff: latLt J.T. CLARK 'TO, CYSCT W.T. IRVINE MT CHIEF.
  - (d) Average Monthly Strength:

<u>Off</u> <u>Fnl</u> 23

- (2) eneral concept of operation:
  - (a) Organic motor transport was primarily engaged in resupply and administrative runs.
- (3) SIGNIFICANT EVENTS: Mone

II. LOGISTICS. During the month of September 1st Pattelion 9th Marines spent most of its time in the field. Meather hampered resummly. For a period of three days inclement weather forced the heliconters to be grounded. Tong range patrol rations (LRPR) were is sued to the bettelion to preclude shortages in the absence of heliconter surport. Issue of the LRPR proved effective as they are light, compact, and when used mudently, can provide three meals sustinance per ration. The termain which 1/9 worked also caused logistical problems. A sixty foot cannot of trees covered most of 1/9 is 10; making resupply by heliconter difficult. External lifts needed 60 foot elings in most cases.

Plastic six gallon water bags were utilized for most resumly, but in several instances they had to be dropped to the ground in external slines, causing breakage of many of the bags. When water cans was difficult due to restrictions imposed by the 60 foot campy.

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CIVIC-MCTION: During the month of Sentember 35 hars of soap, 14 toothbrushes, and paste, bandaids, methiclate, 66 childrens shirts, 44 pairs of pants, 4 pair of shoes, and 60 pounds of adult clothes were taken to Father CO of CAM LO Refugee Village. Thirty rounds of candy were received from the United States and taken to the childrens ward of the CUANG TRI CITY MOSPITAL. Hand bills and maters have been displayed in the Pattalian areas in OMANG TRI, concerning the Memorial Childrens Hospital. A tour was also conducted of the temporary hospital. at Bong Ha. 20 volunteers from 1st Pattalian 9th Marines participated in this program of advertisement.

- J. ADMINIST TION. Nothing significant to remort
- K. PERSONVE, The follo ing personnel were transferred from this cormand:

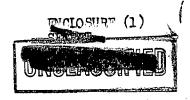
<u>usmc</u>				<u>usm</u>		
<u>Off</u>		Bnl	<u>Off</u>		<u>Thl</u>	
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	The follo	wing personn	el were joine	ed by this onm	mand:	
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L. INTELLIGENCE: During the month of September 1st Pattalion 9th Marines, participated in operations near the Demilitarized Zone. Then v forces in the Battalian area of operation consisted primarily of one division (the 320th) and the 812th Regiment. Supporting the above infantry units were the 164th Artillery Regiment, and the 64th Artillery Regiment.

Captured documents revealed the 320th Divisor as moving back into the LMZ to be replaced by 304th Division, It was thought that majority of enemy units had made a systematic orderly withdrawal to the mathwest as friendly units moved into the area. The finding of mass graves (Themwelled by air and artillery) showed perhaps an every unit of two or more bettalions or of regimental size in the 1/9 M. Contacts made were with smaller units, squad to platoon size, and were probably gear grand or recon elements covering the withdrawal of larger main forces or granding the numerous sumply caches found in the area. Postile indirect fire was light and sporadic consisting solely of 60mm to 82m mortars.

From 1 - 11 Sept. 1/9 operating in the vicinity of the POCKPILE (TON SON LAM) 21 bunkers along with 10 trenches and various discarded equipment. Also 18 82mm mortar rounds were found. There was no sign-

ificent enemy contact during this period.

From 12 - 14 Sept, the Pattalian was located at CMP CARPOIL and the surrounding area. There was no significant enemy contact during this

time, 30 - 40 82mm mortar rounds were found.

From 17 - 30 September the battalion took part in an Operation Lancaster Trousdale North, northwest of VANDERRET COMPAT BACK. During the operation there were numerous sightings and contacts and many discoveries of enemy fortifications, munitions and mass graves. The following bunkers and munitions were found: 1397 bunkers, 2x82mm mortar tubes (destroyed), 3 SKS's, 4 AK-47's, 1 unk own caliber weaken, 45x82mm mortar munds, 619x' 60mm mortar rounds, 2x107mm mocket, 39x88mm mortar munds, 19x122 fockets, 116x107mm recoiless rounds, 23x7FG-2 rounds, 213x7FG-7 rounds, 266,350 W 47 rounds, 758x12.7 rounds, 300x7.62mm rounds, 7,450 lbs ruce, 35 lbs selt, and numerous documents, equipment and medical subplies. Two prisoners of war were captured.

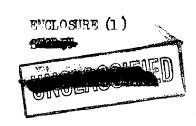
M. WEITHER: Temperatures ranged from the high 70's to the low 100's. Winds ranged from 5 to 25 knots and precipitation was accasionally heavy

due to two typhoons off the coast.

#### N. COMMUNICATIONS:

Communications were good during the month of September with no remarkable occurences. However, while testing and evaluating the KY-38 cipher unit it was noted that during periods of heavy min, the equipment failed to work properly. The assumption was made that moisture adversely affected the equipment; this was noted on the required weekly report.

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O. RECILIAN: Juring the month of Sententier, antiller recevided support for two major operations. Lancoster Transdale and Lancoster Touth. These operations ere in effect from 1 Sentember to 16. September and 17 September to 30 Sentember respectively.

On the first operation, artillery uplayed a minor role as monkysical contact was experienced by ground units of lst nottalion of hazmines. Prior to and i mediately after insertion of the battalion, artillery initiated and maintained pre-creation fires on surrounding prominent terrain features. Subsequent fire missions were sent in artilly by the company forward observers and were defensive in poture.

On the following operation, Landester Trausdale North, 1st Nottalian (the Marines was inserted into Landing Zone Pacific Located at co-ordientes NO 907676. This insertion was also supported by preparation and supporting artillery fires and was completed by 1200 on 17 September. At 1209 of the same day, an artillary fire mission was sent in by Company Als forward observer, resulting in 25 My MTA confirmed. At 1340, Company Bls forward observer sighted 4 energy transmoving from west to east towards the Pan Mai River. A fire mission was initiated resulting in 4 My MTA confirmed. At 1340, Company Mis forward observer also completed a fire mission thich resulted in 2 My MTA confirmed.

At 1700, on 19 September ortillery fired in conjunction with close

air support resulting in a total of 10 WAWI's confirmed.

the 1330 on 25 Sentember, Company D's forward abserver completed

a fire mission resulting in 7 MV MIA confirmed.

The 1st confirmed W. MJ. (1) resulting from artillery occurred

at 1900 on 1 September.

uring the course of Operation Lancastar Trousdale Morth, high angle fire as found most of active due to the large hill masses and high treat camply present.

P. III: 'ir activities on Operation Lancastor Trausdale continued into the month of Sentember. On 3 Sentember the bettalian CP moved to LZ Black by belicanter. 4 Sentember through 7 Sentember see no air activities as a trapical stans amunded all sincraft. Formal resumbly and air activities continued late into the afternoon on 7 Sentember when the stars broke. On 11 Sentember the CP was helilifted back from Machine COR 'T ASS. The bettalian then woved, by truck, into come Copymil on 12 September.

Air operations resumed when 1st Pattalian 9th Parines was helilifted to consence operation Lancaster Transcale North on 17 Sentether,
Air strikes, can shies, and floreshins are employed throughout the
a eration. TEL missions were employed each might and serial observers
supported during Maylight hours. Let Pattalian 9th Marines everaged 2
sinstrikes each day and 6 TET missions mightly from an mencement of the
aperation. On 28 September air strikes silenced an active martar mosition at 10 8976665 on estrayed 5 hunkers in the same area. On 30
September under marginal weather can itions, an arra TT-17 (Coschwan 11)
picked up two exergency medevices. Shout 15 minutes later an MMC-364 TT46 (Swift 5-2) flew into the same to might up A migrative medevices. The
zone was classified as "hot" and both beliganters were unescorted during
their mickups.