MARINE FIGHTER ATTACK SQUADRON 323 Marine Aircraft Group 13 1st Marine Aircraft Wing, FMF, Pacific FPO, San Francisco 96602

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From:

Commanding Officer

To:

Commanding Officer, Marine Aircraft Group 13

Subj:

Command Chronology; submission of

Ref:

(a) MCO 5750.2

(b) WgO 5750.1B

(c) MAG13 Gru0 5750.1C (d) Brig0 5750.1B

Encl:  $\sqrt{(1)}$  Command Chronology for the Month of August, 1967

1. In accordance with references (a) through (d), enclosure (1) is hereby submitted for the period 1-31 August 1967.

#### COMMAND CHRONOLOGY

Unit: Marine Fighter Attack Squadron 323

Location: MCAS Chu Lai, RVN

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Period: 1-31 August 1967

# PART I - Organizational Data

A•	NAME	RANK	BILLET	DATES
	Edison W. MILLER John L. THATCHER Joseph B. WUERTZ Dave G. DREWELOW William W. MACKEY Charles W. BROWN Rabun N. PATRICK	LTCOL MAJOR MAJOR CAPT MAJOR MAJOR CAPT	Commanding Officer Executive Officer S-3 (Operations) S-1 (Administration) S-4 (Logistics) Maintenance Officer Aviation Safety Officer	1-31 Aug 1-31 Aug 1-31 Aug 1-31 Aug 1-31 Aug 1-31 Aug 1-31 Aug

#### B. Unit Location and Dates

MCAS Iwakuni, Japan 1-16 August 1967 MCAS Chu Lai, RVN 17-31 August 1967

## C. Average Monthly Strength

1.	<u>Off</u>	icer	On-Hand	Manning Level	<u>T/0</u>
2.	d.	Naval Aviators Naval Flight Officers Aviation Ground Officers Naval Flight Surgeons  isted	20 18 3 1	21 21 5 0	26 26 5 0
	a. b.	Marine Navy	322 4	325 0	318 0

D. <u>Important Visitors</u>. On 17 August, Major General Norman J. ANDERSON welcomed the squadron back to Vietnam at MCAS Chu Lai on behalf of the 1st Marine Aircraft Wing.

### PART II - Significant Highlights - Narrative Summary

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The first half of August found the squadron at MCAS Iwakuni, Japan winding up a three month period of aircrew and military training, and additionally, preparing for the coming deployment to Vietnam and its third combat tour there. During this time, the squadron was given an Administrative and Material Inspection by Marine Aircraft Group 15 and pronounced combat ready.

On 16 August, the squadron departed Iwakuni for MCAS Chu Lai, RVN, aboard USAF transports with men and partial T/E. Aircraft and the bulks of squadron equipment were left in place for VMFA-314, with whom the squadron traded places. Combat operations at Chu Lai commenced, however, on 15 August, utilizing aircrews and men from the advance party.

The transition to combat was smooth, abetted by the fact that 55% of squadron aircrewmembers had previous combat experience in Vietnam. Missions were flown in support of every major Marine ground operation in the I Corps area, as well as support for the 7th Air Force. Towards the end of August, a large number of strikes were flown against North Vietnamese artillery positions in and north of the DMZ which were hitting Marine positions in the Dong Ha - Con Thien area. Many flights received intense AAA fire during these missions.

Some highlight missions during the month:

On 26 August, Lt K. P. O'MARA (RIO: Capt N. E. DOUGLAS, WM Capt D. G. DREWELOW/Lt F. A. GRIMSHAW) led a hot pad CAS scramble up to the DMZ, and with friendlies 100 meters at 3 and 9 o'clock, made laydown deliveries up a valley, effectively wiping out a trapped NVA unit with an as yet undetermined number of KBA.

On 27 August, Capt M. E. COSTELLO (RIO: Capt M. S. SHORE) flew three different missions which accounted for 40 enemy KBA.

On 30 August, Major L. T. LASSETER (RIO: Capt C. F. STILES; WM Capt J. B. CASKEY/CAPT R. L. DRAGE) accounted for 27 structures destroyed, 8 damaged, and an undetermined number of KBA, on a CAS mission 12 miles south of Chu Lai for ROK Marines.

On 31 August, Major L. T. LASSETER (RIO: Capt C. F. STILES: WM Lt R. L. CULWELL/Lt J. H. WARNER) on another CAS scramble south of Danang killed 29 enemy (confirmed), destroyed six structures and damaged five more.

During August, the squadron received Battle Damage Assessments on approximately 10% of its missions as follows:

Enemy killed by air70 Structures106	Confirmed/57 Probable
Structures	Descroyed/55 Damaged
Bunkers	Destroyed/2 Damaged
Secondary Explosions28	
Trench Line50	Meters Destroyed
Road Cuts6	
Ford Cutsl	
Fighting Holes37	Destroyed
Weapons Positions5	Destroyed
Bridgel	
Rocket Positions2	Destroyed/l Damaged
Gun	Destroyed

# PART III - Significant Events

- B. <u>Administration</u>. During August, the administrative section moved and re-established squadron records at Chu Lai in addition to the myriad of orders and entries required during a squadron move.
- C. Flight Operations. Statistical Summary:

Total Combat Sorties	312
Total Flights	
Total Combat Hours	384.4
Total Flight Hours	440.8
Average Pilot Strength	20
Average Pilot Sorties	16
Average Pilot Hours	22.0
Number of Group Pilots Flying W/323	3
Average Group Pilot Sorties	10
Average NFO Strength	18
Average NFO Sortie	20
Average NFO Hours	24.2
High Day (Sorties)	31 August (25)
High Day (Hours)	31 August (28.5)

- D. Training. August culminated the squadron's basic training program for the Japan deployment with Familiarization Firing of the M-14 rifle by the enlisted personnel at the MCAS Iwakuni 1000 Inch Range. Personnel will be retrained in the M-16 rifle when it is received, hopefully, sometime before January 1, 1968.
- E. <u>Logistics</u>. The move from Iwakuni to Chu Lai was accomplished with nine USAF transports (1 C-124, 8 C-130) carrying 300 personnel and 125,000 pounds of equipment.
- F. Maintenance. Monthly Averages:

Aircraft Assigned	22
Average Aircraft On-Board	16
Average Aircraft Available	. 8 (50%)
Average Hours Per Aircraft On-Board	

During the month of August, the squadron traded aircraft with VMFA-314 with whom places were exchanged. Twenty-one aircraft were received and 23 transferred during the transaction. No aircraft were sent or received from the PAR facility at NAS Atsugi, Japan.

G. Ordnance. During August, the squadron expended 527.2 tons of ordnance by type and number as follows:

MK81 250# Snake-eye Bomb	876
MK82 500# Snake-eye Bomb	1336
MK117 750# GP Bomb	
MK83 1000# GP Bomb	
MK77 500# Fire Bomb	
2.75" FFAR	
Zuni Rocket	
20mm Round	

H. Motor Transport. Realizing the critical state of motor transport at Chu Lai, the squadron acquired three USAF-surveyed pick-up trucks in good repair on Okinawa and transported them to Chu Lai where they rendered golden service for about ten days. Alas, an FMFPac Directive required them to be returned from whence they came, thereby reducing the squadron's motor transport once again to zero where it is likely to remain for some time to come in view of the unsatisfactory performance of the Cerlist-type vehicle, now undergoing "rehabilitation".