

4th BATTALION 3rd INFANTRY

Volume 1, No. 25

April 20, 1970

DEUCES ARE DEADLY 2-2-2

TWO seemed to be an Americal Division unit's lucky number when on a recent mission it entered an old NVA basecamp for the second time in as many days and killed two NVA in two fire fights and confiscated two AK-47s, two Chicom grenades and two full AK-47 magazines.

Company A, 4th Battalion, 3d Infantry of the 11th Infantry Brigade was operating 18 miles northwest of Duc Pho when the dual action occurred.

The first platoon had been cutting through the thick underbrush when it broke through to the basecamp area. Specialist Four Donald Etienne (Leopold, Ind.), pointman for the platoon, spotted two NVA as he broke through the underbrush and immediately opened fire on them. He missed this time but would later get a second chance.

The second platoon set up security while the first platoon went in to search-out the now-abandoned NVA basecamp. Following a search of the area, the first platoon started working down toward the river to the south of the basecamp while the second platoon stayed behind.

The first platoon had gone about 50 meters when an NVA was spotted crouching behind a large boulder. Etienne opened fire on the NVA soldier. First Lieutenant Thomas Kwasigroch (Syracuse, N.Y.), first platoon leader, said, "When the NVA stuck his head up to fire we nailed him to the wall."

After securing the AK-47 and other equipment, the first platoon started back toward the basecamp.

Meanwhile the second platoon had spotted another NVA soldier trying to flank the returning first platoon. The second platoon opened fire as the NVA dove into a nearby bunker. Then Private First Class Monty Garner (Houma, La.) threw sev-

(Cont. on pg. 6, col. 2)

decided to give Guy a change of scenery. The Medical Platoon brought Guy over to the battalion area for that change of scenery and before long he became a part of it. After his release from the hospital, Guy came to live with the members of the Medical Platoon. It wasn't long before he had made many friends with the Old Guard members and slept in one place after another, even trying the officers billets, until he chose the Commo Platoon as his home.

Shortly after the boy was medivaced, First Lieutenant Robert P. Kettering (Canton, Ohio), former S5, began a search throughout the Bato District for Guy's relatives. Finally the day came when the Bato District Chief informed Lt. Kettering that Guy had no relatives. Lieutenant Kettering then launched a one-man campaign to find someone in the Duc Pho District who would adopt the homeless Montagnard boy.

Providence was on his side, for Vo Kim Plumz, hostest for the 4-3 NCO Club became attached to the Montagnard boy and decided to talk her parents into adopting him.

Her father, Vo Ba and her mother Le Thi Nguget, from Duc Pho, agreed to adopt Guy.

Now, Lt. Kettering had something to work with, but (Continued on page 2, column 2)

NEW "GUY"

The 4th Battalion, 3d Infantry recently had a new 'Guy' enter the battalion.

Guy, is the nickname for a Montagnard boy from Bato who was medivaced to LZ Bronco, by Bravo Company, for treatment of a gun shot wound in the leg.

During Guy's three week stay in the 23 B Med Hospital, Private First Class Michael Daugherty, medic, (Charlotte, N.C.) became the unofficial Old Guard Liaison for the care and treatment of Guy. Private First Class Daugherty said, "I went over to the hospital every day and helped Guy exercise his leg, then one day the Medical Platoon

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R&R:

HAWAII

If the Tokyo Ginza, or the Hong Kong world of Suzie Wong or the floating markets in Bangkok don't appeal to you, you can always spend your R&R in the Hawaiian Paradise.

Hawaii is one of the most famous tourist spots in the world and for you this means sun, shopping, sports and sweet young things to wet the appetite of the most discerning individual. There is a constant influx of uncounted thousands of college girls, nurses and school-teachers who have a big appetite for adventure and fun.

When your plane touches down at the Honolulu Airport you will be bussed over to Fort DeRussey for an incoming briefing. And this isn't the type of incoming you associate with that remote firebase back in 'Nam. DeRussey is right on the sparkling Waikiki Beach, sandwiched in between the towering \$100-a-day luxury beach-front hotels. Fort DeRussey has its own beach, bath houses, check stands with rental swim gear, tennis and volleyball courts and snack bars. There is a dining room, service club, patio bar, PX, a barber shop a laundry, just about everything you want or need.

If you are counting coins, you will find that the R&R center has a block of rooms and apartments on permanent reserve for 'Nam grunts. The rates are somewhat more reasonable than the hundred-dollar-a-day room at some of the tourist hotels. The tabs go from \$2.25 to a whole 7 dollars a day, and reservations are not necessary.

If you choose not to stay in Army billets you only have 160 or so hotels to choose from in the Waikiki area. You can get bookings right at the R&R Center or by mailing for reservations. Stay away from the splashy, obviously tourist places, like the Royal Hawaiian Hotel. Don't dispare, there are a number of Class A, numba one, hotels that offer special R&R rates without a cut in quality---like the Ilima Hotel with a color TV and a private kitchenette in each room, or try the fantastic Outrigger where every room has a beach front view; outrigger canoe rides, surfboards and catamarans are offered along with room service.

One exceptionally good deal is the rent-a-car service. For R&Rs the major companies in Honolulu offer a 20 per cent discount off the top on any model. You can rent a beach buggy and spin through the sand or rent a GTO and drive your Waikiki Wahini up to Pali Point Outlook for a panoramic view of the lush, rich, valley of Oahu Island and the blue Pacific beyond.

Meeting the chicks in Honolulu is as easy as saying, "Aloha." You can see them in the hotel coffee shops, or the hamburger heavens. There is a constant stream of young stuff flowing in, fresh off their surfboards. In fact, a good way to meet the chicks is to grab a surfboard--take a couple of lessons the first day, then go out and look around for a foundering young mermaid who needs your "expert" advice. It is just possible that she might teach you something that will more than make up for the time spent. Remember of course, that teaching is one of the noblest of professions.

The whole island of Oahu is one large optical banquet, and of course, the most attractive attractions at each sightseeing stop are girls. Take the tours, friend. That is where the tourist girls go, and there are few places better to meet the beach bunnies than at such photogenic places as the Arizona Memorial, afloat in Pearl Harbor; the replica of old Hawaii, Hawaiian Village; or Iolani Palace, traditional ruling center of the old island kingdom. (Cont. on pg. 6, col. 1)

NEW "GUY"

(Cont. fr. pg. 1, col. 2) even then it was going to be a long laborious process.

Before the adoption could take place, the District Chief at Duc Pho and the District Chief at Bato had to agree that the adoption was best for the boy. Acting as an intermediary, Lt. Kettering was finally able to get the District Chief at Bato to release the boy for adoption. With this agreement the adoption could now proceed.

During the interim Lt. Kettering became very attached to Guy and would spend several hours with him each time he came to LZ Bronco. It became a ritual that Guy would hug Lt. Kettering and each would say "good-bye" before Lt. Kettering returned to San Juan Hill. Little did Lt. Kettering know that when he said "good-bye" to Guy on 1 April that it would be for the last time, for the following day Lt. Kettering was killed by an NVA booby-trap.

He never saw the completion of his work, and since then, Guy has helped keep the memory of Lt. Kettering fresh in the minds and hearts of the men and officers of the Old Guard.

The adoption proceeds, but in the meantime Guy has become a part of the Old Guard, and until the adoption, the members of the Old Guard will see to it that the robust youngster with the broad grin is well taken care of.

OLD GUARD

LTC Stanley V. Wielga CO
1LT David J. Sheehan S1
SP4 Robert Daniels REPORTER

This newsheet is published weekly under the supervision of S1, 4-3 Infantry, Americal Division APO 96217, as an authorized publication. Views and opinions expressed herein do not necessarily represent those of the Department of the Army. AFPS, AF and command information material used.

COMPASSIONATE TRANSFER

If you're mad at the first sergeant, unhappy about your assignment or in debt because of mismanagement, don't ask for a compassionate reassignment to solve your problems.

But, if a member of your immediate family has a serious medical problem, there's been a death resulting in severe hardships which can be mended only by your presence, you may have grounds for such a transfer.

In 1969, nearly 9,000 enlisted men were transferred for compassionate reasons, of 55% of the applications received. Thirty-six workers in the Pentagon devote full time to processing the 700 requests received each week. Every application is reviewed by at least three field grade officers, and the merits of each case are weighed individually.

The bible for compassionate transfers, AR 614-6 with changes, states that "consideration for reassignment may be given to cases of extreme hardship which can be alleviated only by an assignment to a specific area." The key words are "extreme hardship."

Of all the cases considered by DA last year, 43% were based on physical illness in the soldier's family, 17% claimed family mental illness, death in the serviceman's immediate family resulted in 14% of the applications, and only 10% resulted from marital difficulties.

The AR is specific in explaining what grounds justify compassionate transfers:

1. The problem can be alleviated only by the soldier being assigned to a specific locality.

2. The problem must be such that it can be expected to clear up within a reasonable period of time - usually one year is maximum.

3. The problem did not exist or wasn't foreseeable when the soldier last entered active duty.

4. Leave, correspondence, power of attorney or assistance from another person would not alleviate the problem.

If the problem results from a condition of the serviceman's parents-in-law, they must be dependent on him for at least one-half of their support and no other family member is available to solve the problem.

Every application for transfer is a "special case" to the Compassionate Review Branch. Each is carefully considered on its own merits and a decision rendered accordingly. Granting or denying a compassionate transfer is not affected by the number of vacancies existing at the Army installation to which a soldier applies for assignment.

How does the soldiers go about requesting a compassionate transfer? There's only one route and it's a fast one. Discuss your problem with the first sergeant, commander and personnel officer.

The AR explains in detail what documentation is needed to substantiate an application, and the paperwork must go through the chain of command. The DA Compassionate Review Branch reports that processing time from the soldier, through channels and return to him averages 30 days. And the request takes only five days to process at DA.

Don't waste your time by requesting a compassionate reassignment for loneliness, chronic illness, or problems which can be solved by leave or with the help of others.

WELCOME TO 4-3

ALPHA

SGT Fred Brown - Westminister, Calif.
SGT Steven Burnett - Los Altos, Calif.
SGT Gaston Herbert - Graniteville, Vt.
SGT Jay Horeary - Whiting, Ind.
SGT Gayle White - Adrian, Ind.
SP4 Thomas Brewington - Rockingham, N.C.
SP4 S. Fitzgerald - Woodland Hills, Calif.
SP4 Coley Hebrard - Hilda, S.C.
SP4 James Jennings - Newark, N.J.
SP4 Terry Melvin - Tampa, Fla.
FFC Jerry Murphy - Fontana, Calif.
PV2 George Hutchings - Dayton, Ohio
PV2 Michael McNally - Floral Park, N.Y.
PV2 Tommie Vestal - San Antonio, Tex.
PV2 Gordon Pooley - New York City, N.Y.
PV2 H. Maldonado - Rio Piedras, Puerto Rico

BRAVO

SP4 Dennis Brasfield - Amory, Miss.

CHARLIE

PSG William Niswander - Clarksville, Tenn.
SGT Samuel Piper - Milton, Delaware
PV2 Jerry Bowlin - Bean Station, Tenn.

DELTA

SFC Troy Brown - N. Wilksboro, N.C.
SSG Larry Faulkner - Roosevelt, Okla.
SSG Ronald Rogers - Barre, Vt.
SSG Jake Voight - Long Beach, Calif.
SGT William Floyd - LaFollette, Tenn.
SP4 Lee Harper - Haysville, Kansas
SP4 Milton Harrison - Bennettsville, S.C.
SP4 Charles O'Neil - Nantucket, Mass.
SP4 Arthur Procaccino - Mishawaka, Ind.
SP4 Jesse Timothy - Michigan City, Ind.
FFC Paul Dudley - Sanford, Ind.
FFC Stephen Hoare - Queens, N.Y.
FFC David Niemerg - Dieterich, Ill.
PV2 Kenneth Osborne - Buffalo, N.Y.

ECFO

SFC Charles Brown - Brooklyn, N.Y.
SFC Charles Strunk - Cincinnati, Ohio
SGT Douglas Graveley - Avon, Montana
SGT Robert Stratton - Clay Center, Kan.
FFC Kenneth Fushini - Denver, Colo.
FFC Edward Mau - Sweet Springs, Mo.
FFC Thomas Roesch - New Ulm, Minn.

ARE DRUGS YOUR BAG?

The darkness of the bunker was penetrated by a small glowing light from a cigarette. One soldier inhaled deeply, holding the smoke down as long as possible, and passed the "joint" to his buddy. Ten minutes later both men were dead. A "sapper" had walked up to their position and tossed a grenade at them. This is one tragic instance of the effect of marijuana.

Marijuana is notoriously accessible in Vietnam and is generally made stronger than the marijuana in the states. Marijuana ("pot" "grass" "tea" "marijuana") can be classified as a hallucinatory drug. The active ingredients in marijuana have the capacity to cause LSD-type hallucinations when used in the pure form. Effects are said to vary with the quality of the "grass" and the personality of the user.

Pot effects the sense of time. An 18-year-old soldier said that after smoking with a friend in a nearby bunker that it took him an hour to reach his hooch while in reality it took him ten minutes. "You feel as if you are on the outside looking in at the action going on."

The user smokes to rid himself of his problems. However, he is just adding to them. None of the user's anxieties and tensions have been relieved and this leads to a deeper and more serious frustration. His mind tends to be oriented in the "now" rather than the "future". Overall, the effect of marijuana on the user is passivity rather than aggressiveness. At the time he is "high", he feels great. But when he "crashes" he is very depressed and this could induce another "high." It is a vicious cycle. Marijuana is in no way a physical addiction. The user experiences no withdrawal symptoms. However, he may become emotionally or psychologically dependent on "grass" and use it as a crutch to escape his "hangups." It is possible that the "pot head" will try to intensify his kicks by searching for more powerful "stuff."

The dangers of smoking "pot" is increased in Vietnam because the soldier finds himself in a combat zone where the lives of his buddies may depend on him.

Don't let drugs be your "bag" or you may go home in one! (FS-16-70)

VUNG TAU CLOSED

The in-country R&R facility at the coastal resort of Vung Tau 40 miles southeast of Saigon will be closed permanently on April 15, officials said Wednesday. No reason was given for the decision, but plans are being made to open another in-country R&R spot at an undisclosed location in the near future.

TAKE YOUR MALARIA PILL TODAY, O.K.?

-4-

NEW GI BILL IS LAW--

President Nixon signed into law a measure increasing by 34.6 per cent the benefits available to veterans of the Vietnam war.

The measure would increase from \$130 to \$175 per month the allowance for full-time single veteran students.

Press Secretary Ronald Ziegler said the measure, retroactive to Feb. 1, would cost an estimated \$132.4 million during the current fiscal year and \$275.5 million during the 1971 fiscal year.

Persons with more than six months service in the armed forces since 1964--about 3.7 million--would be eligible for the benefits. There currently are about 736,000 veterans taking advantage of the GI Bill.

GOOD-BYE "JAMMER"

Sometime in the near future each of us will go home and for most of us we will soon after separate from the U.S. Army. There are many possible occupations that one is likely to come up with but, who ever heard of a man who wanted to be a "jammer"?

Well, at least for one who recently ETS'd from the 4th Battalion, 3d Infantry, this will be his job. The man is former Specialist Four Robert Dancel.

A jammer is a member of a roller derby team. Roller Derby skating is, "A competitive body contact sport" according to Robert Dancel a former member of Bravo Company.

Prior to induction into the U.S. Army, Robert Dancel from San Francisco, was a professional roller derby skater. He became interested in the sport through previous roller skating experience and television productions of the sport.

After attending a training center in 1963, Dancel started skating professionally in 1965. Under a contract with the Original Derby League, he played for the Honolulu Hawaiians, the San Francisco Bombers, the Midwest Pioneers, and the New York Chiefs. While playing for the Midwest Pioneers, Dancel won a six lap speed race.

A professional roller derby club has a seven man team and a seven woman team. Opposing clubs have separate competitions for the men and women teams. The five players who are actually in the rink at any one time are called a pack, which consists of two jumpers, two blockers, and a pivot man, who can serve as either a blocker or a jammer. Dancel, wiry, and 5'6" tall, became a jammer possessing the qualities of speed and maneuverability which are needed to bypass the opposing blockers and score in the allotted time of 70 seconds.

We who remain with the "Old Guard" would like to wish him the best of luck in his return to his old job as, "jammer!"

COMMAND INFORMATION

A War Trophy is, "any small item of equipment or material taken from hostile forces in armed conflict. The item has no intelligence value, not be prohibited from importation into the U.S., not be prohibited as a war trophy by pertinent laws or directives, and must be authorized and/or registered in accordance with provisions of MACV Directives."

Regardless of what you may have heard, many items are not war trophies, and cannot be taken back to the U.S. This applies to all automatic and crew-served weapons, including the AK-47, regardless of modifications to alter their serviceability. In addition, ammunition of any type, cartridge cases, primers, explosives and incendiaries cannot be taken back as war trophies.

The only U.S. Weapons confiscated from the enemy which can be confiscated as legal war trophy firearms are the following: (a) U.S. Rifle, Caliber .30, M1903 Series; (b) U.S. Rifle, Caliber .30, M1917 (c) British Enfield, Caliber .30, M1917.

There are two ways to go about taking that war trophy back to the states, the legal and the jail road. The illegal way can, and usually does, result in serious disciplinary action. Not only are you violating military laws and directives, but you are also subject to punishment by federal courts for breaching U.S. customs laws. The federal courts frown on this sort of thing and can give you an extended vacation of five years in a federal prison and a \$5,000 fine.

You begin your registration of Non-Firearms Trophies by completing three copies of DD Form 603-1 (War Trophy Registration/Authorization) for each item. Then each item must be screened. This screening must be completed within 30 days after obtaining the article, so it's important to start the paper work as soon as possible.

Each article will be screened to determine if it is a legal war trophy. If so, the DD Forms 603-1 will be approved and the original returned to you. The duplicate copy may be packaged with the article, or carried on your person, but must be made available to appropriate U.S. government officials at your port of entry. The triplicate copy will be forwarded by the screening command to this headquarters, MACV, ATTN: MACJ214 (CMEC).

Once your trophy is screened and authorized you can have it mailed, shipped, included in authorized baggage, or carried personally to the U.S. Articles not accepted as war trophies will not be returned to you.

WAR TROPHY FIREARMS

War trophy firearms must be screened and authorized in the same manner as non-firearms. In addition, two more forms are required: DD Form 603 (Registration of War Trophy Firearms), and an RVN Export License. (Cont. on Adjacent column)

(Continued from bottom of adj. col.)

After screening you must complete four copies of DD Form 603. These, and the already authenticated duplicate DD Form 603-1, will be forwarded to the appropriate registration activity. The original DD Form 603 will be authenticated and returned to you, along with the duplicate copy of DD Form 603-1. You must retain these forms permanently. They are not transferable and must be presented for inspection upon request of proper authority.

One more step remains and your war trophy firearm will be ready for transporting to the U.S.....that is the RVN Export License.

RVN EXPORT LICENSE

Prior to removing a war trophy firearm from Vietnam, you must obtain an RVN Export License. You may obtain an export license by submitting a request for a license (Annex D, MACV Directive 643-2), in duplicate along with your authenticated DD Forms 603 and 603-1, to the Registration Section, USAHAC Provost Marshal APO 96243.

All requests for export licenses should be submitted at the earliest possible date, but not later than 90 days prior to your departure from Vietnam. In exceptional cases, where a war trophy is acquired within 60 days of your scheduled departure from Vietnam, and time doesn't allow for the complete processing cycle, the local Provost Marshal will issue a temporary export license.

This temporary license will be issued only if the time criteria is met and all the procedures have been followed for obtaining an RVN Export License as described before. The authenticated DD Forms 603, 603-1 and Request for Firearms Export License will be forwarded to the USAHAC Provost Marshal, Saigon, in the usual manner by the local Provost Marshal. A notation will also be added that a temporary export license was issued and will include a forwarding address to which the RVN license may be sent.

TRANSPORTING WAR TROPHY FIREARMS

War trophy firearms CAN NOT be mailed or shipped to the U.S. On aircraft or ships, legal war trophy firearms must be packed in your accompanied baggage and cannot be carried into the passenger compartment.

Firearms carried personally aboard a ship must be turned over to the ship's armory for safekeeping during the voyage.

In either case, you must have a copy of DD Form 603 and DD Form 603-1 immediately available as verification of your authority to possess the weapon. You are also responsible for insuring that the chamber or magazine is cleared.

R&R: HAWAII

One of the best places to meet vacationing college queens and company stenographers is on the all-day "circle-the-island" tour. The tour provides a good view of the island's most famous attractions---the upside-down waterfall, the royal palace and the Polynesian Cultural Center.

But you can't diet on sun, sand and sights all day. There comes a time when it becomes necessary to grab your new-found friend and head out to get refueled. A good place to start is the Jolly Roger Coffee Shop, with its grass-shack and bamboo atmosphere. If you are interested in eating the best weiner schnitzel in the islands go to the Heidelberg with its open-air beer garden. If you're a stickler on steaks, Chuck's Steak House, in the Edgewater, grills one of the best cuts this side of Texas.

Once you have a beach bunny on the line, romance her Hawaiian style with the islands' original foodfest, the Luau. Giant pigs, are roasted on hot coals for three hours, while you prepare yourself with flagons of beer. The picnic tables are then pulled out with dishes of exotic Polynesian food, and the eating begins.

You'll have more than enough to sandwich into your five days in the Sandwich Islands. Girls, sun, girls, swinging nightlife are all a part of the Hawaiian scene.

AWARDS

HHC	ACM'A'
CPT M. Gorelick	
1LT J. Tidgewell	"
SGT Carl Brown	"
SP5 V. Capizzi	"
SP5 J. Fitzgibbons	"
SP5 D. Gilbert	"
SP5 J. Sowinski	"
SP4 R. Bernis	"
SP4 F. Hensley	"
SP4 J. Valdez	"

ALPHA	ACM'V'	ACM'A'
CPT J. Schwebach		
SP4 Randall Ish		"
SP4 J. Bukowski		

NEW DELTA CO

Captain Robert G. Yeargen took over command of Delta Company on 11 April on San Juan Hill. The transferral of command took place on TOC during which the Battalion Commander, Lieutenant Colonel Stanley V. Wielga congratulated Captain West for his distinctive leadership.

While First Lieutenant Kim Goodpasture, First Lieutenant Jack Swaney, Second Lieutenant Simmons and First Sergeant Lester Lein looked on, Captain West relinquished the Company standards to LTC Wielga who in turn passed them to Captain Yeargen, reminding him of the immense burden of leadership which will incur in the next six months of command.

Captain Yeargen entered the Army in January 1966. He received his Captain's bars in 1968. Prior to assuming command of Delta Company, Captain Yeargen was in charge of S3 operations at the Combat Center in Chu Lai.

Upon assuming command of Delta Company, Captain Yeargen renewed an association with First Sergeant Lein that dated back to Ft. Gordon, Ga. At that time, Captain Yeargen was Company Commander of Charlie Company, 4th Battalion, 2d BCT Brigade and 1SG Lein was his acting First Sergeant. During an interview, 1SG Lein, said, "I am looking forward to working with Captain Yeargen again."

Asked how he felt about losing Captain West, 1SG Lein said, "Delta Company is at a loss as a result of his departure but we are glad that he is getting a break." Captain West now goes to Division G2 where he will spend the last 92 days of his tour.

DEUCES CONT.

eral handgrenades into the bunker and when things settled down he went in and dug out one NVA and one AK-47, bringing the afternoon's total to two NVA killed and two AK-47s confiscated.

TRUE FRIENDSHIP

CHAPLAIN (MAJ) CLYDE J. WOOD
The true meaning of friendship comes to a focal point among soldiers in combat. I've seen a whole company of men where everyone was a real buddy. All superficial differences such as location of birth and color of skin are forgotten.

Intépendance may be one of the causes. I do not feel, however, that it answers all the reasons why men cast aside lifetime biases.

Proximity to one another could also be a answer. We see that we are more alike than we have been willing to admit. Yet most of us know that often, just being close is not always good for harmony and goodwill even among soldiers.

What then is the fortifying factor that brings about cooperation and the togetherness that belongs to a unit of fighting men? I think it is the acceptance of individuals. Even the islet is brought into the inner circle and made to feel a part of the group. Differences have to be ironed out, but these are done acceptably. There is a bond of genuine friendship that may be hard to understand for others, and may even be unnoticeable to them, yet it does exist. It can be discovered by observing when contact is made with the enemy, or an accident happens.

Jesus summed up the epitome of friendship when He said, "Greater love hath no man than this, that he lay down his own life for his friends." Time after time this test is passed.

AWARDS

BRAVO	ACM'A'
SSG R. Leveck	BS"V"
SP4 C. Padilla	"
PFC R. Pinardi	

CHARLIE	BS"V"
PFC L. Lawrence	

DEIMA	ACM'A'
SGT B. Eidell	

ECHO	AM
CPT Felix Ciarlo Jr.	
PFC L. Taylor	PH

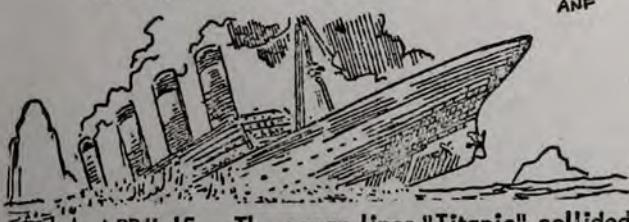
American Heritage Almanac



APRIL 6 ...On this day in 1906 Admiral Robert E. Peary reached the North Pole and left the flag of the United States flying there.



APRIL 11... Your American Heritage. The first U.S. Army air patrols were made over German lines by an observation squadron on this day in 1918 during World War I.



APRIL 15 ..The ocean liner "Titanic" collided with an iceberg in the North Atlantic and sank on this day in 1912.



APRIL 18 .. On this day in 1945 Ernie Pyle, famous World War II correspondent, was killed during the battle of Ie Shima.

7
E
R
P
If you have less than 7 years of active service, you may qualify for reenlistment for a Service School course of your choice. Upon graduation, you will be awarded an MOS in your specialty field.

There are over 100 Service School courses in a wide range of areas from which you may choose, if you qualify. And if you qualify for an opening...you'll get it. For example, if your choice is Aircraft Maintenance, there are over 15 different courses ranging from Single-Engine Observation and Utility Airplane Maintenance to Multi-Engine Medium Transport Helicopter Maintenance. Microwave Maintenance also offers over 10 courses from Basic Radar Repair through Television Equipment Repair.

Army Schools prepare you for a proud future. A school of your choice, plus experience in your field, will bring you recognized leadership and steady advancement. And you'll see that the career opportunities are attractive.

See your Career Counselor PSG John Hill, at S1 today.

TOUR

EXTENSIONS

Foreign Service Tour (FST) Extensions.

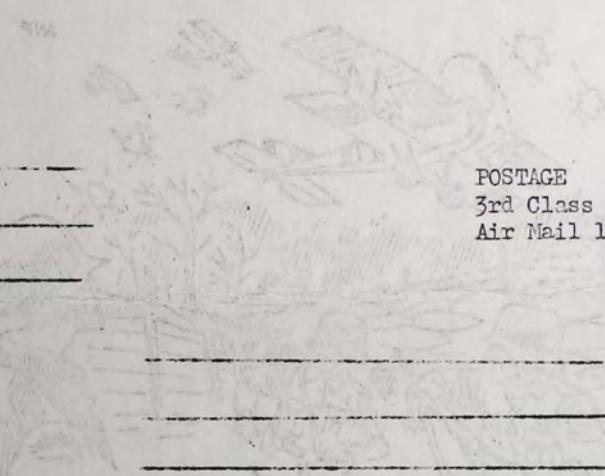
a) All enlisted personnel who wish to extend their foreign service tour for a unit outside the American Division must submit their applications not earlier than six months, and must reach HQ, USAFV in sufficient time to be approved NLT ninety (90) days prior to DROS.

b) All enlisted personnel wishing to extend their FST for another unit within the American Division, or for their present duty assignment must submit their applications not earlier than six months and must reach USAFV Headquarters in sufficient time to be approved LT sixty (60) days prior to DROS.

c) In order to insure action by so roving headquarters within the time frames outlined above, applications should be submitted LT 120 days and 90 days respectively prior to DROS.



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ant dal mo aki dholi oft bedon yob 7
verall gulyi rofie batini oft la gell



POSTAGE
3rd Class 4¢
Air Mail 10¢

APO SAN FRANCISCO 96217

MAIL YOUR

NEWSHEET

HOME NOW

Fold in thirds vertically, then staple or tape at the edge
Sorry, does not qualify as free mail.

1944
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no hollou, hollouwado nis yd asil, nami
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