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7. SOURCE: CAPTURED ENEMY DOCUMENT	
15. SUMMARY: (C) This report contains information obtained from an enemy document captured on 26 September 1970 and concerns notes on Directive 20 ((possibly adopted by COSVN)). The document, which is dated 18 September ((possibly 1970)), is divided into the following three parts: (1) Characteristics of the situation in the 1970 rainy season; (2) the balance of power between friendly and enemy forces; and (3) VC/NVA missions and requirements in the ((1970)) rainy season.	
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18 Sep ((70))

STUDY OF DIRECTIVE 20
COMING TASKS IN THE 1970 RAINY SEASON

CONTENTS:

1. Characteristics of the situation in the ((1970)) rainy season.
2. Balance of power.
3. Our ((VC/NVA)) missions and requirements in the ((1970)) rainy season.

((I, CHARACTERISTICS OF THE SITUATION IN THE 1970 RAINY SEASON)).

1. ((Blank in O.T.))

2. ((US schemes:)) Abolish the neutral regime in Cambodia and set up a pro-American government.

Turn Cambodia into a colony.

Suppress the Cambodian people's revolutionary movement.

Destroy our key agencies ((in Cambodia)).

It was the US ambition to carry out ((the above schemes)) within six to eight months. It intended to proceed with de-Americanizing the Vietnam ((war)) at the same time.

3. Our forces have widened their areas of operation in Cambodia. Enemy forces there included two brigades and 67 battalions of the Cambodian forces, eight Saigon ((RVNAF)) battalions, and five US battalions.

Cambodia has taken a great step forward.

In Laos, friendly forces completely occupied the Plain of Jars and liberated the two ((Lao)) provinces adjacent to the Cambodian border and many others areas throughout Laos.

In South Vietnam, friendly forces put 230,000 enemy out of action, including 70,000 Americans, and inflicted heavy casualties upon 70 enemy battalions, equivalent to 450 companies, and 40 pacification groups and units. In addition, friendly forces also downed 4,200 airplanes, destroyed 10,000 military vehicles, 200 warships, and 1,500 artillery pieces, captured 8,000 weapons of various types, and caused 7,000 enemy soldiers to desert their ranks.

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II. BALANCE OF POWER.

1. The enemy is continuing to withdraw his troops while accelerating the pacification program.

2. Because he has been attacked repeatedly by our forces on all battlefields, the enemy has had to disperse his troops widely.

3. The enemy is now faced with four difficulties.

He has come to a deadlock. He is now engaged in the Cambodian and Lao battlefields, yet he cannot increase the number of his troops, but instead has to withdraw them. In addition, he has had to cope with our repeated offensives. All of these difficulties have rendered the enemy incapable of getting out of his deadlock.

The Puppet forces ((RVNAF)), which were incapable of protecting the South, have now been sent to help Cambodia.

Internal dissension ((possibly between the US and GVN)) grew even more acute.

Dissension between the people and the Thiéu-Ky clique has developed.

((The living conditions)) of Puppet servicemen and civil servants ((have become more difficult)).

The US ((planned to)) cut its economic aid to Cambodia ((sic)) and limit its aid to the South as soon as it completed the troop withdrawal.

4. The entire US and Puppet forces have been deployed thinly on battlefields. Enemy soldiers have been seriously demoralized and are indifferent to combat. As US troops are withdrawn, Puppet soldiers get confused and seek ways to protect their own lives.

5. Enemy schemes in the days to come.

Cause disturbances (partially in Cambodian and Laos) and continue the pacification program ((in South Vietnam)).

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Enemy and Friendly ((Situation)):

Intermediate areas:

Assembly area for troop withdrawal.

Area adjacent to troop stations.

Area where the enemy developed control and frequently launched sweep operations.

Our strong points:

The enemy does not believe in the effectiveness of his pacification activities.

His internal organization is weak.

His Popular and Regional Forces are weak.

We are able to penetrate enemy alle .

Our weak points:

The people are being relocated (GVN resettlement centers), and we can only operate around them.

Our underground forces are still inadequate.

The enemy has rallied our agents to his side in many parts of his controlled areas.

In some areas, we failed to control the population. In others, the revolutionary movement declined. In some areas, we ran short of food.

Requirements and missions:

Considering the characteristics of the battlefield, we should make every effort to motivate the people to rise up and conduct three-pronged attacks.

Our armed forces must fulfill their role of a driving force.

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Friendly situation:

1. We are holding the initiative throughout the three zones ((meaning Vietnam, Laos, and Cambodia)) of Indochina.
2. The Cambodian Revolution is developing to its fullest extent and was successful in the recent campaign ((sic)).
3. The situation has turned in our favor.

The rainy season of this year is very significant and is quite different from that of last year.

III. OUR MISSIONS IN THE RAINY SEASON:

Develop our advantages and capabilities on the main battlefield ((meaning SVN)) and throughout Indochina.

Intensify our attacks during the rainy season to gain great victories.

Closely coordinate our forces on all battlefields of SVN, Cambodia, and Laos.

Urgently develop our forces in all aspects.

Develop a high determination among units at all levels and various associations.

Try to inflict heavy casualties on the enemy's mobile troops, ((RVN)) Regional and Popular Forces, and pacification teams in local areas.

Closely coordinate three-pronged attacks with mass uprisings and the elimination of tyrants.

All echelons should clearly realize our successes and the enemy's failures and thoroughly understand our strategic plans for the rainy season.

Specific tasks and plans of each unit:

Parallel with destroying the enemy's combat potential, protect our infiltration corridors.

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Total quantity of rice		Money
312 liters of rice:		14,040\$ ((SVN)) ((118\$ SVN = \$1.00 US))
Medical allowances for 13 comrades (80\$ SVN for each person):		1,000\$ (.sic)
Food allowances for 13 comrades (360\$ SVN for each person):		4,680\$
Operational expenditures:		400\$
5,000	80	
5,000	<u>13</u>	
3,200	240	
3,300	<u>80</u>	
<u>3,700</u>	1040	
20,200	<u>14040</u>	
840		
19,360		
<u>3,755</u>	14,040	
	1,040	
23,115	4,680	
	400	23,115
	<u>20,160</u>	<u>20,160</u>
	<u>20,160</u>	02,955
	40,320	
	<u>23,115</u>	
	17,205	

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Make positive efforts to frustrate ((enemy)) pacification activities and to disorganize People's Self-Defense Force units.

Smash his troop upgrading plan:

Encourage the people to continue farming. Return the people to their native lands. ((We must)) stay close to our areas of operations.

Enlarge ((liberated)) areas, promote our movement in cities, take care of the people's living conditions, and increase secret self-defense forces.

CDEC Doc Log No. 10-1162-70 :

Employ secret guerrillas to destroy ((enemy)) storage facilities and airfields.

Provide concentrated or separate leadership according to each primary or secondary objective.

Insure the success of attacks in the rainy season. Be ready to counter enemy activities in the dry season.

Enlarge our base areas and liberated areas.

Insure that equipment is well maintained.

Attack the enemy and equip our troops with captured enemy weapons.

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