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ASSESSMENT BY PRG YOUTH GROUP LEADER :E QUANG THANH
Oct 1970

HISTORY OF THE VIETNAM WAR ON MICROFILM

VIETNAMESE PEOPLE'S REVOLUTIONARY YOUTH LEAGUE
INSTRUCTED TO CONTINUE ANTI-PACIFICATION ATTEMPTS

[Liberation Radio, clandestine, in Vietnamese to South Viet-Nam,
22 October 1970]

(First installment of article by Le Quang Thanh, Secretary of the Central Executive Committee of the Vietnamese People's Revolutionary Youths Group: "Bringing the Great Abilities and Favorable Opportunities of the Members and Youths into Full Play and Thoroughly Developing their Shock Force Role to Resolutely Defeat the U.S. -Puppet Special Pacification Plan Completely").

Pacification is a life-or-death problem for the enemy. Therefore, in the recent period he has concentrated all his efforts, means, and maneuvers to serve his pacification program. Also, we have considered it a key task to harass and foil pacification in order to defeat the Vietnamization-of-the-war strategy and--in the near future--to solve the problem of who defeats whom between us and the enemy.

Let the Vietnamese People's Revolutionary Youths Group, an efficient force for the revolution, endeavor to educate and motivate all members and youths to concentrate every effort on bringing their shock force role into full play to resolutely defeat the U.S. -puppet pacification program completely.

In order to fulfill this glorious task, it is necessary, first of all, to correctly evaluate our present situation and that of the enemy and to be thoroughly aware of the enemy's tremendous efforts, failures, and embarrassment and of our very great achievements and successes--as well as our shortcomings--in harassing the enemy's pacification program in the past.

A -- Evaluation of the Situation Between Us and The Enemy.

1. The enemy's great efforts, failures, and embarrassment: Since the spring of 1968, our armed forces and people have carried out the general offensive and concerted uprisings throughout the country, scoring such great successes that the enemy has been forced to abandon his 2-prong, search-and-destroy, and pacification strategy, in favor of a clear-and-hold policy, which is nothing more than passive defense; the enemy also tries to implement the Vietnamization-of-the-war plan, a scheme which forcibly turns South Vietnamese youths into mercenaries who die for the Americans so as to decrease U.S. casualties, which forces the South Vietnamese people to pay for war expenses so as to decrease U.S. war expenses, and which seeks to gradually bring U.S. troops home in hopes of de-escalating the war from a position of strength.

In order to carry out these schemes, since the end of 1968 the U.S. -puppet clique has implemented the accelerated pacification program-- the fundamental part of the Vietnamization-of-the-war plan--by means of extremely perfidious and cruel maneuvers. Our youths are the main objective of this accelerated pacification program. In almost two years of implementing this program, the U.S. -puppet clique has concentrated every cruel, perfidious, and conniving trick on attacking our youths. It has dropped bombs, made arrests, and has imposed torture, imprisonment and exile, and (words indistinct) in hopes of stamping out the youths' combat spirit. It has resorted to psywar and "open-arms" activities and political, economic, and cultural tricks in hopes of buying or corrupting our youths.

All these tricks have been aimed at driving the youths out of the revolutionary ranks and at turning them into the cheap mercenaries and effective puppets who serve the Vietnamization-of-the-war plan. However, although the Americans and their lackeys have used all their human and material resources and cruelest and most perfidious maneuvers in the two years that they have carried out the accelerated pacification program, they have not been able to attain the expected results.

In rural areas, revolutionary forces, in general, and our Group, in particular, have persevered and developed. Our compatriots and youths in concentration camps and hamlets have continuously risen to struggle, to liquidate wicked agents and reactionary organizations and to break bondage machinery; they return to their old villages to earn their living, and take part in combat. Recently, faced with our compatriots' and youths' more and more vigorous struggle, the enemy has had to allow them to return to their old hamlets and villages to produce and to earn their living.

In cities, although the enemy has intensified terrorism, repressions, and arrests, and has strengthened bondage machinery from the upper to the lower echelons, he has been unable to hamper the struggle movement of all strata of people and youths, which has developed more and more vigorously.

This situation reflects the unavoidable, complete failure of the Americans' and their puppets' accelerated pacification program. In implementing the program, they have displayed contradictions in their attitudes vis-a-vis our people and youths. They want to win over the people and youths, but they have had to use the cruelest and most savage measures against them. Therefore, they have created a sentiment of fierce opposition among the latter driving them to failures one after another and toward total defeat.

They have been unable to destroy our on-the-spot revolutionary forces or to quell the revolutionary movement of the masses. In the areas where they have carried out the pacification program, the masses have waged concerted uprisings. The movement to oppose pressganging and to oppose the civil-defense corps has been raging among youths from both urban and rural areas, thus causing many difficulties for the enemy's efforts to increase troop strength. In many localities, the number of conscripts is below what the enemy needs for the replacement of casualties. This is a great failure of the U.S.-puppet accelerated pacification scheme. The enemy has many times recognized that this is a serious problem.

2. Guidance for the Group in harassing and foiling the accelerated pacification program: After our first inexperienced steps, all levels of our youth organs have paid great attention to attacking pacification, since mid 1969. In applying Resolutions 2 and 3 of the Group, they have trained members and youths to become clearly aware of the enemy's schemes in the accelerated pacification program. They have also attached importance to and have strongly stepped up the tasks of opposing pressganging and disintegrating the civil-defense corps, and have linked these tasks with attacks against the accelerated pacification program.

In a number of localities, Group members have developed their shock force role in political struggles, in annihilating tyrants and breaking bondage machinery, and in assisting our compatriots in participating in production and in returning to their former villages to earn their living. In many localities, basic organs of the Group have united with the masses to hold onto the lands, to defend the villages, ricefields, and gardens, and to struggle against the enemy.

The number of units of "on-the-spot" members and youths has developed constantly. They have applied many struggle methods relevant to the new situation. Group members and cadres have set many examples of gallantry and stalwartness in their antipacification struggles, in their defense of youths (words indistinct).

To sum up thus far, in attacking the enemy's accelerated pacification program alone, our Group has made great efforts and has meritoriously contributed to the great successes of the entire South Vietnamese armed forces and people in initially defeating the enemy's Vietnamization-of-the-war plan.

However, there have been a number of shortcomings in guiding the Group's attack on the accelerated pacification program. This has somewhat limited our success in carrying out the task previously as well as in the development of all of the abilities and the shock force role of our members and youths. Therefore, in the near future, we must make all-out efforts to overcome the remaining shortcomings in order to strongly step up the movement to attack the enemy's pacification program among our members and youths. It is necessary to do this so that our cadres, members, and youths may further understand the Americans' and their puppets' perfidious schemes in implementing their pacification program; they must see that pacification and antipacification are components of class struggle and that these are fierce attacks and counterattacks between us and the enemy in this new phase of our people's anti-U.S. national salvation resistance. Also, it is necessary to do this so that our cadres and members can be more clearly aware of the role and tasks of the Group in the antipacification struggle and in defending our youths and caring for their lives.

Gauging ourselves by the youths' shock force role, we can evaluate the new situation and determine whether or not this situation is favorable to us but unfavorable to the enemy. Based on the revolutionary tasks put forth for all the armed forces and people, we must further step up the movement to oppose the enemy's pacification plan among our youths and Group members.

Our Group's common future tasks are: "Based on continuously implementing our Group's Resolution 3, to mobilize all Group members and youths, concentrate our efforts, take advantage of all favorable situations, continue to step up the emulation movement to achieve the "five volunteers" and to win the "four firsts" in order to defeat the Americans and to score victories so as to repay Uncle Ho's great services; [see Editor's note at the conclusion of this article] we must continue to build our Group's real strength, widely gather youths of all strata, thoroughly develop our members' and youths' shock force role on the three fronts; armed struggle, political attack, and proselyting, annihilate villains and destroy all bondage, regain our mastership, and offer our best contributions to the total defeat of the U.S.-puppets' pacification plan.

B. -- The Group's Basic Duties in Attacking the Enemy's Pacification
In order to accomplish these duties in an outstanding manner, our Group must satisfactorily carry out the following tasks:

1. Ideological and political education: The substance of the ideological and political education used to attack the enemy's pacification must strive to clearly reveal to Group members and youths our recent victories and the immense significance of these victories, the enemy's

defeat and his critical situation, and our favorable conditions and the enemy's unfavorable conditions in the development of the revolutionary situation in South Viet-Nam and all over Indochina. Another important thing is to make Group members and youths aware of the enemy's poisonous schemes and maneuvers in the pacification plan against youths.

In addition to these tasks, the ideological and political education of the Group must insure that Group members and youths receive a sound knowledge in dealing with military and political attacks, in proselyting enemy troops in different situations in various localities, and in coordinating urban movements with rural movements in order to attack the enemy's pacification.

The whole substance of the ideological and political education is to be aimed at motivating our Group members and youths to further improve their shock role in attacking the enemy's pacification. But in order to satisfy the demands of ideological and political education, we must have a suitable form of education for each area, cleverly coordinate the substance of this education with local traditions in scoring achievements, and frequently hold meetings for our members and youths to thoroughly learn and satisfactorily implement President Ho's teaching: "Nothing is more precious than independence and freedom." The most important thing is that we must persevere in educating and in motivating. We must have good faith in the capability of the revolution and in our youths' patriotism in order to courageously engage in educating and motivating them.

Presently, attempting to weaken our "on-the-spot" revolutionary strength, the enemy has sought by all means and maneuvers to break the unit of our people and our youths, trying to dishonor them, trying to sow suspicion and disbelief among them. Therefore, one of the requirements of the ideological and political education program in attacking the enemy's pacification plan, is to lay bare the enemy's wicked plots against our Group members and youths. Only in this way can we fully develop our youths' "on-the-spot" strength in harassing the enemy's pacification.

2. To build steadfast forces in the Group which can serve as a nucleus to frustrate the enemy's pacification scheme.

To build steadfast forces in the Group is an urgent requirement and one of the primary tasks of our Group in order to frustrate the enemy's pacification scheme. Therefore, we must resolutely overcome all shortcomings and deficiencies resulting from our complacency and must make conscious efforts to overcome all difficulties stemming from our subjectivism so as to make a decisive change in guiding, building, consolidating, and developing the Group's real strength from upper to lower levels and from cadres to members; we must make each leading echelon, each cadre, and each member realize his responsibility and work positively at this task.

The present direction for building and developing our Group's real strength is to concentrate on the hamlets where our Group's bases have not been set up or are still weak, on places where there are many youths, in areas adjacent to cities, and along the important high-ways. Also, we must concentrate on areas where the various nationalities and Catholics live, in areas under mixed control, and in the cities; we must positively and urgently build and develop our Group's real strength.

In building and developing our Group's real strength, we must coordinate the development of Group membership with the organization of Group bases. We must urgently organize Group chapters wherever they do not exist and where the number of members is sufficient. We must strive to develop Group membership wherever the number of members is insufficient in order to move along toward organizing Group chapters. Members must not be allowed to operate separately but they must work together under collective leadership in order to give full play to their capabilities and strength.

It is necessary to develop the Group's real strength through the five-volunteers emulation movement. All positive thinking youths in this movement must be improved and admitted to the Group.

Whether the results of the task of building and developing the Group's real strength are fruitful or not depends on whether or not each member has properly carried out the propaganda and educational task in order to develop the Group. For this reason, along with educating members to make them more deeply understand these tasks in accordance with Group regulations, we must strive to train and improve them so they can understand the basic problems; they must learn methods of propagandizing and of educating and improving upon our objectives so they can be admitted into the Group. They should also know how to educate and motivate other youths, including those within enemy's organizations.

As for new members, it is necessary to make them understand Group policies and objectives and their duties to the revolution in general and in the struggle to frustrate the pacification scheme in particular.

We must adopt a bold and careful attitude in building our Group so as to avoid narrow-mindedness and rightist thoughts and to meet the requirements of developing our Group's real strength.

At present, the enemy's plot is to poison, smear, corrupt, and make puppets of our youths, causing us to incorrectly evaluate them and their nature which is generally good. Except for a few youths who have become reactionary elements and cruel henchmen of the enemy, the majority of youths, including those who serve in the enemy's civil defense organizations, have always looked toward the revolution and the banner of our just cause.

Nurturing deep hatred for the U.S.-puppets, they hope that we will triumph over the enemy. We must behave as revolutionaries when judging our youths so as not to mix a phenomenon with its nature. We must be confident in their revolutionary capability and patriotism so that we can boldly approach and educate them and develop our Group.

As has been said, the development of our Group must be bold and careful at the same time. If we are not careful, we will lack vigilance and the enemy will infiltrate our ranks and organizations and will cause us heavy damage and losses.

Therefore, in developing the strength of the Group we should be active and heighten our vigilance against sabotage by Swan and Phoenix spies who might sneak into our organizations; we must consider the training, improvement, and promotion of cadres as a very important link.

Any movement needs cadres to operate, and capable cadres make a movement strong. Realities have clearly proven this. Therefore, in stepping up the anti-pacification movement among our Group members and youths, we should pay particular attention to the training and improvement of cadres. We should have a group of cadres strong both quantitatively and qualitatively, capable of leading our organization in successfully carrying out its present anti-pacification mission. The program of training and improving cadres in countering the enemy pacification should mainly aim at teaching cadres how to perform motivation, propaganda, and education activities in the Group in order to motivate the youths to properly carry out the activities of the Group, and to unite them in struggle.

The training, improvement, and promotion of youths should, in the first place, aim at Group cadres at basic levels, especially in hamlets and villages. The present struggle between the enemy's pacification and our anti-pacification drive is taking place in hamlets and villages. Therefore the training and improvement of Group cadres in hamlets and villages is of immediate urgency.

In addition to our activities in hamlets and villages, we should pay particular attention to the on-the-spot training and improvement of cadres living in populated areas and in areas inhabited by numerous Catholic youths and nationalities, and should concern ourselves also with the female contingent in order to bring into full play its capabilities in our attacks against the enemy's pacification plan.

The emulation movement to achieve "five volunteers" and win "four firsts" has been underway for more than two years and has attained much success. Through this movement, our Group has gathered many youths of all strata to the anti-U.S. national salvation front. In many places, the anti-U.S. movement has developed both extensively and intensively and attracted the masses and youths to share all fields of revolutionary tasks such as joining voluntary youth forces and guerrilla forces, serving as civilian unpaid workers, building combat villages and hamlets, and so forth.

While applying the "five volunteers" movement to each locality or each type of youth, Group cadres have worked with a creative mind and made the emulation movement to achieve "five volunteers" more and more widely and deeply developed. The most outstanding achievement of this movement is the youths' voluntary participation in guerrilla warfare. Almost all Group members and youths living in the liberated areas in the Central Trung Bo, western and eastern Nam Bo provinces and in the vicinity of Saigon-Cholon are engaged in village and hamlet guerrilla forces.

Using simple weapons made by themselves and with their wisdom, youths in guerrilla forces have destroyed a great deal of the enemy's strength and war equipment, opposed raids and annihilated despots, encircled enemy military posts, harassed pacification, helped the compatriots to stage uprisings to smash all bondage and to regain their mastership, destroyed the enemy's strategic sectors and hamlets, scored many brilliant achievements and famous exploits, and greatly contributed to defeating the first stages of the U.S. aggressors' Vietnamization plan.

In order to concentrate our strength on the Group's immediate and main task, which is to harass pacification, we have to strive to further heighten the emulation movement to achieve "five volunteers" and, aiming at vigorously stepping up the movement in all aspects, we must pay particular attention to mobilizing the Group members and youths to engage in local, village and hamlet guerilla forces, produce and make use of simple weapons to annihilate villains who lead reactionary organizations, attack the enemy raiders, and help the compatriots to stage uprisings to regain their mastership, to return to their own villages to earn their living and assure production, and to take part in guerrilla activities such as building combat villages and hamlets, sabotaging the enemy's communication system, and so forth.

In harassing the enemy's pacification, we must aim at the following objectives:

1. Oppose the enemy's Psywar and "Open arms," and attack all forms of distorting and fraudulent propaganda of the enemy: In carrying out their special pacification plan, the U.S. - puppets not only have concentrated on stepping up their bloody and cruel military maneuvers but also have striven to intensify their Psywar activities in order to distort the truth and our revolutionary just cause, to sow disunity and suspicion among the people, deceive and poison youths, spoil and shake the youths' combat spirit and determination, make them unable to distinguish friends from foes, and separate them from revolutionary forces in order to use them in their dark goals.

The real nature of the so-called "mass information development" in their special pacification program is nothing but an act of stepping up their Psywar activities in accord with these dark goals. This is one of the enemy's poisonous pacification maneuvers that we have to smash at all costs. We must try to exterminate the leaders of Psywar organizations in various localities and break up these organizations. In addition, we have to boycott and destroy all facilities of their deceitful propaganda.

Along with frustrating the so-called "popular information" of the enemy, our regional cadres and members must accelerate the propaganda task and educate our youths so they can understand the revolutionary lines and policies and must expose the enemy's deceitful propaganda and false arguments with a view to motivating the youths to participate in frustrating his maneuvers.

2. Destroy all reactionary political organizations: In order to exert their control over the masses in general and the youths in particular and to cause them to indulge in reactionary thinking, the U.S. - puppets have forced them to join several reactionary political organizations or associations headed by cruel lackeys and spies. They have implanted reactionary thoughts and turned the masses and youths into cruel henchmen and dangerous spies who will turn against and sabotage the revolution. We must therefore smash all these reactionary political organizations.

3. Destroy all civil defense organizations and oppose military conscription and troop buildup:

One of the important objectives of the U.S. - puppets' pacification program is to carry out military conscriptions and to achieve a troop buildup in order to create a puppet army capable of replacing on the battlefield the U.S. troops that will be gradually withdrawn in accordance with their war-Vietnamization policy. The first objective of the special pacification program is to insure territorial security. To reach this objective, the U.S. - puppets, when conducting pacification, have resorted to all brutal, perfidious, and

ingenious military, political, economic, and cultural maneuvers, defying all hatred and insults, to drive our youths into an impasse so as to easily force them to join the draftees' military training camps. Moreover, they have coerced the youths in areas under their temporary control to join their civil defense organizations in order to serve as guards and to undergo military training so as to be integrated into the civil guard or regular army.

In order to frustrate this plot and the special pacification program, all Group echelons and chapters must strengthen guidance in the anti-conscription task among the Group members and youths. They must chiefly concentrate on destroying in ~~one~~ way or another the enemy's civil defense organizations which are a troop replenishment source. By every means, we must exterminate the cruel ringleaders and educate our youths so they may be aware of the enemy's perfidious plot in these organizations.

In order to reap good results in the attack on civil defense organizations, each cadre and each member must be patient. We must destroy these organizations again if they are rebuilt. This must be our determination and we must continue this action until the enemy can no longer rebuild these organizations.

Along with destroying civil defense organizations, we must strive to oppose the enemy's conscription maneuvers. Our cadres and members must educate our youths so they will be aware of the enemy's plot to replace U.S. blood with Vietnamese blood as revealed by Nguyen Van Thieu. In order to further increase our youths' hatred for the U.S. - puppets and to stimulate them to positively struggle against the U.S. - puppets, our cadres and youths must seek every way to protect them from falling into the enemy's hands. The best and most effective anticonscription measure is to motivate our youths to join the local guerrilla and self-defense forces in order to fight, with all available weapons, those prowlers and searchers who have engaged in conscription operations and to exterminate their cruel leaders who are secret agents, spies, and informants.

To draft our youths and to achieve a troop buildup in order to transform the puppet army into a sizable force on the battlefield which can gradually replace the U.S. troops who have been pulled out is one of the primary objectives of the U.S. - puppets' special pacification scheme. All our cadres and Group members must heighten their determination to smash this enemy scheme.

As the situation of the masses, our situation and the situation of the enemy have differed from one another in various areas, we should set forth concrete requirements and tasks for each area in order to obtain good results in smashing the enemy's special pacification plan.

1-- In areas where there are many strategic hamlets and come under the enemy's severe repression, the Revolutionary Youth Group should wage propaganda against the enemy's deceitful tricks, guide the youths in their struggle for the defense of their vital interests, and in setting forth ever higher combat norms. With respect to the youths who are forced to join the enemy's civilian self-defense organizations, it is necessary to wage propaganda to educate and guide them in the struggle not to accept the enemy's weapons, not to undertake military training, and not to act against the compatriots and revolution, but rather to struggle against and to punish the villains and disintegrate the civilian self-defense organizations.

With respect to other reactionary political organizations, we must also try to disintegrate them together with the unstable puppet administration in the villages. To achieve the aforementioned tasks, we should strive to actively and urgently build up and strengthen our real force. This is a very important factor for completely smashing the enemy's pacification plan in the area.

We should, through the struggle movements, select good youths and actively help them improve so that they may join our groups. New Group members should be constantly helped to improve their qualities and capabilities. We should also know how to persuade enemy soldiers to return to the people's cause, to mobilize the masses in political struggle movements, to handle all kinds of available weapons to fight and destroy the enemy, and how to wage propaganda and to develop our Group's organization.

2-- In areas adjacent to cities, the core cadres and members of the Group should step up armed struggle aimed at punishing the cruel villains in the enemy's pacification organization and other reactionary organizations. They should help the compatriots rise up to destroy the enemy's oppressive machinery, and to return to their native places to resume production work.

We should also help the youths form into groups and help them build spike pits and arm themselves to fight and to defeat enemy efforts to enroll youths into the puppet army. With respect to the members of

the civilian self-defense organizations, we should try by every means possible to help them destroy these organizations, or to clearly recognize the reactionary nature of camouflaged oppressive organizations such as the Association of Peasants for Pacification, the Association of Old People for Pacification, the Association of Youth and Women for Pacification, the Association of Children for Pacification and so forth: They must firmly oppose or destroy these camouflaged oppressive organizations of the enemy. Apart from helping youths and Group members join the guerrilla organizations in the area, we should also mobilize Group members and youths to join the regular or regional forces or to volunteer to join the combat-serving youth's formations. Along with attacks against the enemy, we should strive to help group members improve their qualities and to strengthen Group organization by admitting new Group members. This is the main task of Group cadres and members in the area. Moreover, with respect to children, our cadres and Group members should try to protect and educate them, and to prevent the enemy from leading them astray, or to serve his dark schemes.

3-- In areas where the people can partially exert their control, the Revolutionary Youth Group should primarily try--together with all the people--to destroy large enemy forces, strengthen the people's right of mastership, expand the liberated area, and strongly build and develop the Group's real strength. To achieve these tasks, cadres and Group members should actively mobilize the youths to join the guerrilla organizations. The cadres and Group members should themselves join the village and hamlet guerrilla forces to make them strong not only in quantity but also in quality. In the guerrilla forces, Group members and youths should try to develop rudimentary weapons, to smash the enemy's mopping-up operations, to destroy the pacification agents and pacification-supporting forces, to punish the secret agents and spies, to constantly encircle and harass enemy military posts, thus preventing him from getting out to attack the people; they should advance and destroy enemy posts and completely liberate the villages and hamlets. They should also try to destroy the civil guards and militiamen who are assigned with the pacification-supporting tasks. Besides armed attacks, Group members and youths should step up proselyting activities to persuade the puppet troops and civilian self-defense fighters to quit their ranks, to punish the villains and to bring their weapons over to the revolutionary ranks. Moreover, they should encourage the youths to join the armed forces or to volunteer to serve on the frontlines.

In order to play a key role in smashing the enemy's pacification scheme, the various levels of Revolutionary Youth Group should exert efforts to build and develop Group strength. In Group organization, the collective role of Group members should be further developed. The Group should try to develop our advantageous position and capabilities to smash the enemy's pacification scheme in the area.

Pacification and counter-pacification has become a hard and violent struggle between the enemy and us in this new phase of the South Vietnamese anti-U.S. national salvation resistance. The enemy's accelerated pacification plan emerged from the defeat of the two-pronged search-and-destroy strategy. When the U.S.-Thieu-Ky-Khiem clique realized the inevitable failure of this accelerated pacification plan, they immediately turned it into the so-called special pacification and rural development plan, which actually is only another form of the accelerated pacification plan.

The difference however resides in the fact that in the implementation of the special pacification plan, the U.S.-puppet clique will concentrate more effort to carry out the old cunning tricks and to step up their barbarous and bloody military operations as well as their **Peowar** schemes, intelligence activities--through the "Thien Nga" (Swan) and "Phuong Hoang" (Phoenix) drives--and other terroristic acts aimed at serving their Vietnamization policy; this has been admitted in the 19 June 1970 report of traitor Nguyen Van Thieu on the so-called special pacification and rural development plan.

Whatever they may call their accelerated pacification plan, the U.S.-puppet clique will certainly be unable to save their pacification scheme from being completely defeated. The contradictions in their accelerated pacification plan will certainly develop in the special pacification plan as well and will certainly drive their pacification scheme to complete defeat.

What we can anticipate, however, is that the failure of the special pacification plan will be much more bitter than that of other pacification plans. Taking advantage of their great capabilities and of their advantageous situation, and developing to the utmost the assault role of the Vietnamese People's Revolutionary Youth Group, let cadres, Group members and the southern youth bravely advance together, and with all the people, completely smash the special pacification plan of the U.S.-puppet clique.

[Editor's Note: The two emulation categories referred to on page 4 . are:

Five Volunteers

1. Volunteer to kill as many enemy troops as possible.
2. Volunteer to enlist in the army to kill the enemy.
3. Volunteer to participate in struggles in rural and urban areas.
4. Volunteer to serve the front line and join the assault youth group.
5. Volunteer to engage in farm work.

Four Firsts

1. First in production.
2. First in emulation.
3. First in quality.
4. First in thriftness.]