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TRUONG CHINH, HOANG QUOC VIET VISIT LANG SON

BK010808 Hanoi Domestic Service in Vietnamese 2300 GMT 29 Sep 1980

[Text] From 25 to 27 September, Truong Chinh, member of the VCP Central Committee Political Bureau and chairman of the National Assembly Standing Committee, and Hoang Quoc Viet, VCP Central Committee member and chairman of the VFF Central Committee Presidium, were in Bac Son district, Lang Son Province, to attend a meeting marking the 40th Bac Son uprising anniversary.

The two comrades were warmly and cordially welcomed by: Hoang Truong Minh, VCP Central Committee member and secretary of the Provincial Party Committee; Be Chu Lang, deputy secretary of the Provincial Party Committee and chairman of the Provincial People's Committee; (La Tha), deputy secretary of the Provincial Party Committee; (Trinh Hung), District Party Committee secretary; (Leo Ngoc Long), chairman of the Bac Son District People's Committee; large numbers of representatives of various organs and mass organizations--some of whom were combatants of the Bac Son guerrilla unit; and delegates of the local revolutionary families.

On the morning of 26 September, Truong Chinh laid a wreath at Bac Son district's fallen heroes cemetery in memory of the fallen heroes who had sacrificed their life for national independence and freedom. Then, the district leaders accompanied Truong Chinh and Hoang Quoc Viet to the Bac Son uprising museum. Truong Chinh, filled with emotion, stood for a long time in front of the statue of Hoang Van Thu and the portrait of Phung Chi Kien, stalwart communist militants who devoted all their lives to the struggle for the party's noble ideals and for the national liberation cause. He scrutinized the exhibited artifacts depicting the Bac Son uprising.

Truong Chinh cordially urged the district leaders and cadres of the museum to preserve the artifacts, which are treasures of the revolutionary struggle history of our party and people. Truong Chinh and Hoang Quoc Viet planted a memorial cypress in the courtyard of the Bac Son uprising museum.

During his stay in Bac Son, Truong Chinh worked with the standing committees of the party committees of Lang Son Province and Bac Son District, met with elderly revolutionaries, representatives of national meritorious families and representatives of local organs and mass organizations. The meeting was organized by the party and people's committees of Lang Son Province on the occasion of the Bac Son uprising anniversary.

Participating in the meeting were Hoang Quoc Viet, Lt Gen Dam Quang Trung, Hoang Truong Minh, Tran Tong and many other comrades. Truong Chinh was very happy and deeply moved when he saw his close friends again--namely (Cao Dam), one of the former Bac Son guerrilla unit leaders; (Quoc Vinh) and (Ha Khai Lac), former Bac Son guerrillamen who performed the party's liaison and communications duties to help Truong Chinh, Hoang Quoc Viet and some other members of the party Central Committee during the time of clandestine operations; and Mrs (Ly Thi Quyen), member of a revolutionary family who recalled the profound memories of various stages of the revolutionary struggle fraught with hardships and sacrifices.

These emotional recollections reflect the optimism and confidence of the people who are unswervingly and wholeheartedly loyal to the party. The participants in the meeting expressed their gratitude to the party Central Committee, National Assembly and government, and pledged to Truong Chinh and Hoang Quoc Viet that they would develop the glorious traditions of the Bac Son uprising, strenuously emulate in productive labor to make the country ever more beautiful and prosperous, and make worthy contributions to national construction and defense.

On this occasion, Truong Chinh called on the revolutionary family of Comrade (Nam Tien)-- a current member of the Bac Son Party Committee--and the families of (Quoc Vinh) and (Ha Khai Lac)--retired cadres and former Bac Son guerrilla men.

Truong Chinh was happy to learn the good news from each of the families, whose offspring, industrious in study and work, have positively contributed to national construction and defense. He repeatedly urged the revolutionary families to remain always exemplary by satisfactorily implementing the guidelines and policies of the party and state and actively contributing to the revolutionary cause in order to be forever worthy of the family's glorious traditions.

#### Report on Meeting

BK010804 Hanoi Domestic Service in Vietnamese 2300 GMT 29 Sep 80

[Text] On 27 September, a solemn meeting was held at the square of Bac Son District town by the party and people's committees of Lang Son Province and Bac Son District to mark the 40th Bac Son uprising anniversary, 27 September 1940-80.

Large numbers of representatives of various central and local organs and mass organizations, elderly revolutionaries and delegates of national meritorious families, together with 2,000 delegates of the armed forces and people of all nationalities from various villages in the district, proudly and elatedly participated in the meeting.

The meeting presidium consisted of Truong Chinh, Hoang Quoc Viet, Lt Gen Dam Quang Trung, Hoang Truong Minh, Be Chu Lang, (La Tha), (Trinh Hung), (Leo Ngoc Long) and many representatives of the local organs and mass organizations. The participants in the meeting gave a long ovation when the presidium members took to the meeting platform. The army band played the national anthem and the leader song.

(Trinh Hung), on behalf of the Bac Son District party and people's committees, read a report. He asserted: Developing the heroic national traditions, the Bac Son District party organization and people resolve to overcome all difficulties, enthusiastically emulate in productive labor, production and work, advance toward scoring even more and greater achievements and, together with the people throughout the country, successfully build socialism and defend the socialist fatherland.

The entire square resounded with applause when Truong Chinh took the floor. After recalling the historical background and analyzing the important developments of the Bac Son uprising, Truong Chinh stressed: The Bac Son uprising ushered in a high tide of the national liberation struggle of the Indochinese peoples in 1939 and 1945 and opened a period for the Vietnamese people to use various forms of revolutionary violence by combining armed struggle with political struggle and mass uprisings with the people's armed forces' offensive in order to overthrow the imperialist and feudal administration and gain independence and freedom. The text of his speech will be broadcast in a future newscast.

The meeting ended amidst the strains of the Bac Son martial song and the song "Just as if Uncle Ho Were Present on the Great Victory Day."

#### Truong Chinh's Speech

OW300833 Hanoi VNA in English 0720 GMT 30 Sep 80

[Text] Hanoi, 30 Sep (VNA)--The Bac Son armed uprising forty years ago ushered in a high tide of the national liberation struggle in Vietnam, said Truong Chinh, member of the Political Bureau of the Communist Party Central Committee and chairman of the National Assembly Standing Committee. He was speaking at a meeting at Bac Son in the northernmost province of Lang Son last weekend in celebration of the 40th anniversary of the Bac Son armed uprising.