

First In Vietnam

THE OBSERVER

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FRESH MEAT — A Vietnamese soldier leads a cow from an Air Force C-123 Provider, at a U.S. Army Special Forces camp. The Air Force airlifts the fresh meat on the hoof to the camps. (USAF Photo)

Navy Corpsman Doctor For Hill Country People

Dalat (USN) — The strapping 6-foot Navy corpsman, carrying a rifle and wearing a flak-jacket, may be the closest thing to a doctor thousands of Vietnamese and Montagnard villagers in surrounding villages will ever know.

In the hill country 35 miles from Dalat, when you say doctor you are talking about Hospital Corpsman First Class Larry E. Andrews who answers to the name "Andy."

He is part of a 13-man Seabee team, located several miles from the nearest large city and other American forces. They build roads, bridges and schools for the people in this area, 160 miles northeast of Saigon. This is all part of the Navy's civic action program.

The village of Ta-Ly is typical of the villages Andy visits. In this collection of thatch-roofed shacks, boasting a single room wood-frame school house, he holds sick call. He repeats the process several times a week in other villages.

After removing his flak jacket and rifle and placing them within easy reach, Andy drags a home-made table into the village center. From a large, steel box he removes an assortment of pills, vitamins, and bandages. A crowd assembles and he holds sick call in the shadow of the cross of the village church.

He lances boils, dresses cuts, and dispenses medicine for dysentery, a complaint that attacks both Americans and Vietnamese. Or he may be confronted with a case of smallpox.

He treated a four-year-old child for smallpox during one of these visits. After he cleaned and dressed the ugly

sores on the child's body, he attempted to explain to the parents the importance of getting the youngster to a hospital. The next day, he saw the "patient" playing in the dirt of the village street.

Andy explained that white and black pills are unpopular because they are unhappy colors for the Vietnamese. After giving his patients various colors of pills, he's seen them off to the side swapping for the colors they like best. He said they

really like the red, green and blue pills and call them "happy pills."

"I've been well accepted in this area by the local Vietnamese," Andy said. "We've had various village chiefs come to the Seabee camp time after time wanting to know when we would be coming back to their villages. Once they begin to believe in you and what you're trying to do there is nothing in

(Cont'd on P-12, Col. 1)

'These Boots Are Made For Walking'

Di An (USA) — Nancy Sinatra will now be able to wear some real walkin' boots when she sings her hit song, thanks to members of the 1st Infantry Division's Recon Platoon in the 2nd Battalion, 18th Infantry.

Men of the unit, all fans of the young singer, decided that Nancy deserved professional walkin' boots.

The noncommissioned officers got together and sent her a pair of jungle boots, compliments of the "Big Red One."

Explaining their gift, they wrote, "These boots are made for walkin'—and they have walked over half of South Vietnam."

They also added an invitation for Miss Sinatra to try out her new boots on Vietnamese soil—with the Recon Platoon, of course.

Rescue At A Shau

Plucks Downed Pilot From VC-Held Airfield

Saigon (USAF) — "I thought about it a minute and decided to try. I felt confident, and I didn't even think about getting hit. I just wanted to get 'Jump' Myers out of there," said Maj. Bernard F. Fisher, in giving his reason for landing on the enemy-held air strip at A Shau last March 10.

He has been nominated for the Medal of Honor for the daring rescue.

Fisher, a Skyraider pilot with the 1st Air Commando Squadron at Pleiku, was with other A-1E pilots striking a large force of North Vietnamese regulars attacking the A Shau Special Forces camp, 60 miles northwest of Da Nang.

Bad weather hampered close air support, but the pilots dove beneath the low hanging clouds to strafe the enemy troops who had overrun most of the outpost. The outnumbered Special Forces and Vietnamese Army troops were squeezed into the northwest corner of the camp.

On one of the runs, the Skyraider flown by Maj. Dafford W. (Jump) Myers was hit by enemy ground fire.

As fire licked back from the engine and smoke filled the cockpit, Myers told the

other pilots he was going to try landing on the airstrip.

Myers made a wheels-up landing. His belly fuel tank was still on the aircraft and as the plane skidded down the runway, the tank split and exploding gas trailed behind. When he stopped, burning gasoline enveloped the aircraft.

"I was sure he was badly burned, it took him so long to get out of the plane," Fisher recalls.

Myers took cover in a brush-covered ditch at the side of the strip. Fisher saw Myers' clothes smoking and thought they were on fire.

Fisher called for rescue helicopters to pick up the downed pilot and when he was told it would be at least 20 minutes before help could come Fisher decided to land and pick up Myers. He was advised not to attempt the rescue.

"They didn't say I couldn't

(Cont'd on P-12, Col. 4)



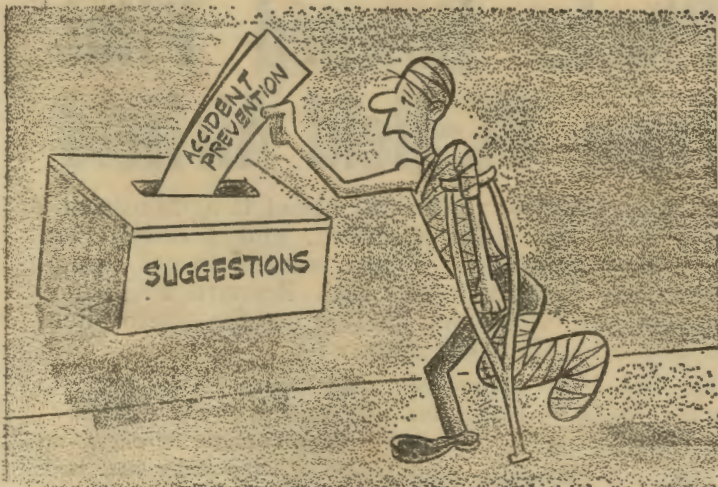
DOCTOR — Navy Hospital Corpsman Larry E. Andrews talks with the villagers about their health problems as he holds a village sick call. He averages more than 1,000 patients a month. (USN Photo)

EDITORIAL

Accidents Are Costly

Many bright ideas and money-saving suggestions have been contributed in the Department of Defense drive for cost reduction. Tens of thousands of servicemen and women all over the world daily make a real effort to cut expenses. Yet scores ignore the one area where the biggest waste of all occurs—accidents.

Accidents can cost grief and loss of life. Others may involve personal injuries. They all cost dollars



—millions of dollars annually. They also deter military readiness, the product of defense dollars.

Accidents are caused for the most part either by human or mechanical failure. Often mechanical failure can be traced back to human oversight.

No one will ever devise a system to eliminate accidents completely, but everyone can contribute toward reducing them. The effort will often save lives. It will always save dollars.

Every man and woman in uniform and every civilian working for the services is armed with the primary weapon in this war against accidents. That weapon is forethought.

A little time and a little care can make the difference.

Questions & Answers

The War In Vietnam

Each week the Observer will print questions and answers from recent reports of the JUSPAO Field Representatives. The answers are based primarily on American and Vietnamese policy. (Editor)

QUESTION: Why doesn't the U.S. bring the Vietnam conflict to a conclusion by any means necessary so we can concentrate our efforts on the many problems of nation building?

ANSWER: The U.S. has no intention to escalate the war. We do not want to cause unnecessary suffering to the Vietnamese people, North or South. We have tried very earnestly to bring the conflict to a conclusion by peaceful means. As you are well aware, the U.S. suspended bombing raids on North Vietnam December 24 and continued that suspension for some 37 days as an effort to contribute to the acceptance of Hanoi and Peking of our offer of unconditional discussions. At the same time, President Johnson dispatched several high-ranking representatives to explain to a number of chiefs of state our most earnest desire to end the conflict peacefully and promptly. Unhappily, there has been no encouraging response whatsoever from Hanoi to these peaceful efforts. Instead, there have been familiar charges from Hanoi, and of course from Peking as well, that our peace offensive, despite the prolonged bombing pause, was merely a "fraud" and a "swindle" deserving no serious consideration.

We can employ greater measures but against a regime as intransigent as Hanoi, encouraged as it is by Peking, greater measures will not necessarily produce an earlier end to the conflict. It seems that the Hanoi regime will delay and delay until events clearly forecast defeat. We want no further difficulty for the South or North Vietnamese people. We will endeavor to keep such difficulties at a minimum and at the same time use enough force to prevent a successful communist aggression.

Washington Memos

(AFNB)

ENOUGH COMBAT

★ **BOOTS** were purchased during FY65 by the Defense Personnel Support Center, Philadelphia, to provide a pair to every American soldier who fought in the Revolutionary War, the War of 1812, the Mexican War and on the Union side during the Civil War.

★ **FORMER PRESIDENT EISENHOWER'S** aircraft, Columbine III, a VC-121E Super Constellation has arrived at Wright-Patterson AFB, Ohio, for retirement in the Air Force Museum. Named after the flower of Mrs. Eisenhower's home state of Colorado, Columbine III has been used by the Air Force since 1954.

★ **SELF-CONTAINED HOISTING** units inside six wing pylons of the Navy's new A-7A Corsair II light attack aircraft can load bombs and rockets swiftly and easily. The aircraft is the first to be equipped with such a weapon loading system. Corsair II can carry 15,000 pounds (its own weight) of bombs, rockets, napalm tanks and mines.

★ **BATTLE FLIGHTS TESTIFY** to helicopter durability. Figures released by Army CofS Gen. Harold K. Johnson reveal that helicopters flying combat missions will be hit by ground fire once in every 400 sorties, knocked down by ground fire once in about 8,000 sorties, and lost to ground fire once in 16,000 sorties: One out of every two shot down are recovered.

★ **96 MEMBERS OF USMA** graduating class have volunteered for duty in Vietnam following completion of Ranger and Parachute schools and four months with state-side combat units.

★ **SERVICE OR CIVILIAN** personnel may earn cash awards for suggestions that effect improvements or economies in DOD components other than their own. Another method is suggesting improvement of material or services bought from contractors. Should a suggestion earn a cash award for adoption in the individual's own unit or service, the suggestor may also receive another cash award.

★ **23RD ARTILLERY GROUP, RVN**, is training volunteer NCOs as forward air observers to reduce workload of officer observers. Volunteers are trained to spot the enemy and call and adjust artillery fire. They are given observer wings at the end of the course.

Conduct Of War

U.S. Secretary of Defense Robert S. McNamara appeared before the Senate Foreign Relations Committee March 3, 1966, where he answered a number of questions pertinent to the conduct of the war in the Republic of Vietnam. The Observer has published the questions and the Secretary's answers for the benefit of its readers. (Editor) Last of a series of nine questions.

QUESTION

Has not the United States become stretched so thin militarily by our operations in Southeast Asia that we are not prepared to support our commitments elsewhere in the world?

ANSWER

The answer is no.

We have today a total active duty military strength approaching three million men. U.S. forces now in Southeast Asia represent only about ten per cent of that strength. Moreover, the three million figure does not include the organized reserve of about one million men receiving regular paid drill training in the reserve components of the armed forces. Nor does it include the other trained reserves and the vast civilian manpower resources of our nation.

A decision not to request a call up of the reserve forces and an unlimited extension of active duty tours do demand some special effort and ingenuity on the part of our military leaders to build up our forces as rapidly as required. But the task can be accomplished, while at the same time preserving our ability to meet contingencies elsewhere in the world. In fact, it will enhance our ability to do so since we will be leaving our reserve forces intact and available to meet new emergencies. Indeed, we have undertaken a number of measures to increase the strength and readiness of these reserve forces.



Robert S. McNamara
Secretary of Defense

With regard to tactical air power, we now have a total of about 4,700 aircraft, including both the active and reserve forces of the Air Force, Navy and Marine Corps. Only a fraction of these have been committed to Southeast Asia.

It is clear therefore that, far from overextending ourselves, we have actually strengthened our military position. Our active duty forces are being expanded, our reserve forces are being strengthened and made more combat ready, and our production and logistics base is being vastly increased—all without calling up the reserve forces, generally extending involuntarily active duty tours of military personnel or imposing price, wage and material controls on our economy. The very fact that we have not taken these steps means that we still have great untapped resources upon which we can quickly call to meet any other major contingencies which may confront us in the future.

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NIGHT PATROL—Sentry dog handler A2C Leonard Bryant and his German shepherd "Nemo" patrol an isolated fence line at the Tan Son Nhut air base. Nemo, like other sentry dogs, can scent a penetrator as far away as 350 yards.

Anti-Litter Bug Cashes In On Trash

Di An (USA)—PFC Jackie D. Stark of the 1st Infantry Division Artillery, is no "litter bug."

Walking down the street in front of the 2nd Brigade's post office Stark noticed a stack of paper lying in the mud. He stopped to pick it up and place it in a trash receptacle.

Before he did, he checked the bundle and found that the "trash" was actually \$700.

Stark gave the money to Maj. Elmer H. Birdseye, executive officer of the 1st Battalion, 7th Artillery. An announcement was made in the daily bulletin that a large sum of money had been found. Three days later, the owner, an unidentified sergeant from a nearby Special Forces camp, claimed the money.

The grateful sergeant insisted that Stark keep \$100 as a reward for finding the money. Stark rejected the money, saying that he didn't deserve a reward for doing what was right.

The sergeant left the money with Major Birdseye to be used in Stark's name for a worthy charity. The battalion decided to contribute the money to the An Lac Orphanage.



OFFENSE AND DEFENSE—Air Force sentry team—man and dog who defend against Viet Cong infiltrators—watch an Air Force F-4C Phantom jet land at Cam Ranh Bay air base. At nightfall, handler-sentry dog teams take up positions ringing all air bases in Vietnam. (USAF Photos)

Man's Best Friend Becomes Foe To Infiltrators At Air Bases

Saigon (USAF)—Night falls, and members of the Air Force's top teams against Viet Cong infiltrators move to their positions on the air bases throughout Vietnam.

The Viet Cong fear these teams and friendly forces respect them. No insurgent has been able to slip past the posts held by the Air Force dog-handlers and their German shepherd sentry dogs.

It is not because no one has tried it. The record tells the story of what happened.

Last February, three attempts were made by the VC to infiltrate Pleiku air base. Sentry dog teams intercepted them and they were driven off by small arms fire. Another team chased off would-be infiltrators at Bien Hoa air base the same month.

At Tan Son Nhut sentry dog teams blunted probe attempts just before the base was hit by VC mortars. During the attack, 16 mortar rounds fell near an airman and his

dog. The sentry was hit in the right arm by shell fragments but he and the dog held their post.

Other sentry dog teams at Tan Son Nhut rounded up 25 people who couldn't explain their presence on the base during the attack.

There are more than 500 sentry dogs at bases in Vietnam. At each base the number varies according to the size of the installation.

Security officials at the bases say they have found no sign the dogs are affected by the heat and humidity in Vietnam. The dogs, like humans, have to become accustomed to the tropical weather. It takes the dogs about 10 days to shed their inner hair, according to MSgt. William B. Moon, supervisor of the Air Force sentry dog

program in Vietnam.

The dogs are used only at night to lessen the effect of the heat. During the day they are kept in their kennels out of the sun.

Moon attributes the success of the sentry dog program to the animal's keen sense of hearing and smell. "Our dogs can intercept a probe outward of 350 yards," he said. "This gives the handlers a decided advantage over anyone trying to infiltrate."

This Pigeon No 'Stoolie'

Di An (USA)—The men of a 26th Infantry, 1st Infantry Division unit have the smallest "Blue Spader" in history on the company rolls.

The tiny "Spader," is a pigeon found by SFC Robert L. Bynum, mess sergeant of Company A, 1st Battalion. It has been christened "Wilbur."

"Wilbur" was a casualty of Operation Rolling Stone. Bynum found the bird lying in the dust.

The mess sergeant tenderly nursed the pigeon back to health, force-feeding him with an eye dropper. Within a month the bird was in flying shape.

Bynum expected his ward to return to its natural environment, but "Wilbur," accustomed to the Blue Spaders, decided to stay.

The pigeon is now a full fledged member of the unit, and participates regularly in Company A's activities, usually sitting on Bynum's shoulder.

Capture Two Viet Cong, Roast 'Em For Dinner

Ba Ria (USA)—The odor of roasting pork came from the thatched hut in the Viet Cong village. The two troopers took turns rotating the piglets over a slow-burning fire built on the dirt floor of the hut.

The pork dinner for the men of Company C, 1st Battalion, 503rd Infantry,

marked the end of a long, weary, muddy day for these men from the 173d Airborne Brigade. The paratroopers had spent the day crawling through tunnels and searching the houses. They slogged through ankle-deep mud, caused by the rain that had been falling since early mor-

ning.

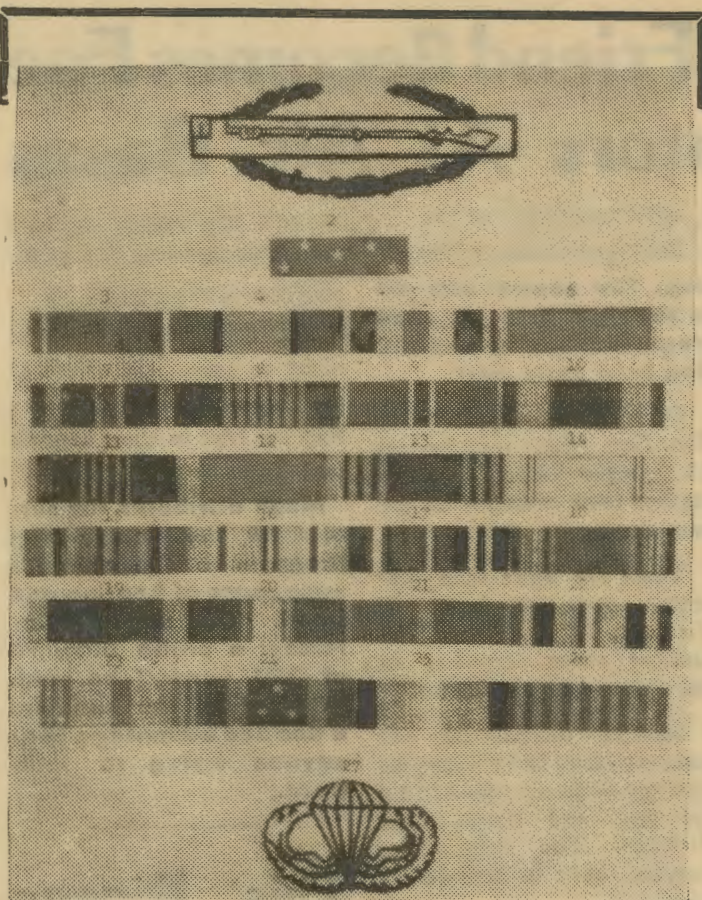
Olive green jungle fatigues became a wet, red-orange hue, boots gained pounds of weight with heavy layers of mud, and the men's bodies were stained to match the color of the surrounding terrain.

At day's end it began to look as though the day's search had been fruitless.

Suddenly, from under one of the Viet Cong huts, two young pigs darted between the legs of startled but hungry paratroopers. The chase began.

One trooper ran to the left to turn the escaping piglets. The quick witted pigs turned and ran between the troopers behind

(Cont'd on P-9, Col. 4)



When Wearing Ribbons, Wear Them Correctly

With many awards and decorations being won by servicemen in Vietnam, many questions have arisen as to the order in which they are worn. The Observer staff hopes that this layout will be of assistance to its readers.

1. Combat Infantryman Badge
2. Medal of Honor
3. Distinguished Service Cross
4. Distinguished Service Medal
5. Silver Star
6. Legion of Merit
7. Distinguished Flying Cross
8. Soldier's Medal
9. Bronze Star
10. Air Medal
11. Commendation Medal *
12. Purple Heart
13. Good Conduct Medal
14. American Defense Service Medal
15. American Campaign Medal
16. Asiatic-Pacific Campaign Medal**
17. European, etc, Campaign Medal **
18. World War II Victory Medal
19. Army of Occupation Medal
20. National Defense Service Medal
21. Korean Service Medal
22. Armed Forces Expeditionary Medal ***
23. Armed Forces Reserve Medal
24. Philippine Ribbons
25. Foreign Decorations
26. United Nations Service Medal
27. Parachutist's Badge

* The Joint Service Commendation Medal may be worn in lieu of the Commendation Medal. When both are authorized the Joint Service Commendation Medal is worn before the Commendation Medal.

** If European Service came before Asiatic-Pacific Service, these two medals change place.

*** The Vietnam Service Medal is worn in lieu of the Armed Forces Expeditionary Medal. When both are authorized they are worn in the order in which they were earned.

'Tropic Lightning' Patrols Hit Deep In VC Sanctuary

By Lt. Jack Carollo, USA

Cu Chi (USA) — Patrols through a dense jungle area with a high canopy mean hours of sweating, getting scratches from thorny vines and being plagued by swarms of insects. The discomfort is accepted as part of life by the infantryman in this "different kind of war."

After completion of a patrol, the soldier flops down for a rest. An hour later he is up again to go back into the hell of the Boi Loi jungles. Another sweep has been started by the 25th Infantry "Tropic Lightning" Division.

The Viet Cong doesn't want the Americans in their sanctuary. It is here that units have found hundreds of tons of rice, enough medical supplies to treat several battalions for months, ammunition and weapons.

Mines, booby traps and continuous sniper fire harass the American forces in the area. "Dustoffs" (medical evacuation helicopters) are shot at as they remove the casualties. Mortars and artillery pound the area, and the

frequent cry for a medic is a heart-rending sound.

Viet Cong guerrillas continue sporadic sniping and the infantryman advances with little concern. He can't see the enemy. He returns fire in the general direction but even when he scores a hit the VC doesn't fall because the enemy and his weapon are tied securely to the tree he occupies.

Frustration continually dogs the "ground pounder." He blasts at an area hoping to flush out the elusive enemy, but "Charlie" answers with command-detonated mines and grenades.

The units of the 2nd Brigade of the 25th Infantry Division have hit the Viet Cong in his home. They have disrupted his centers, his

classrooms and his hospitals, causing him to fight back in desperation.

The enemy throws everything he has at the "Tropic Lightning" soldiers. He is inflicting casualties. But he is also leaving his own dead behind and he no longer has the facilities to treat his wounded. He is running.

Bodies of enemy soldiers are being found in tunnels. The VC has no time to dig graves. He is kept on the move. Sixteen Viet Cong bodies were picked up as the companies of the 27th Infantry, the famous "Wolfhounds" moved deeper into the Boi Loi.

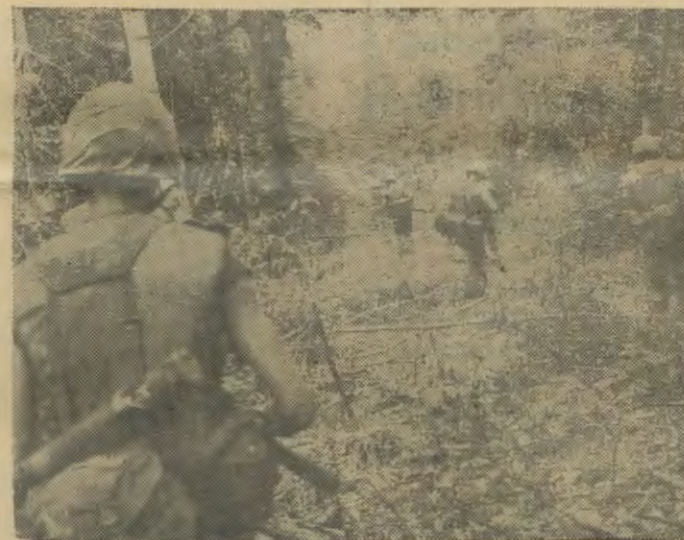
And so it goes, day after day, as America's ultimate weapon — the infantryman — continues to do his job.

Marine Uses 'Clean' Ammo

Hue/Phu Bai (USMC) — Marine PFC Jack A. Fish is perhaps more familiar with the ammunition used by the Marines than are most of his Leatherneck companions in the 4th Marine Regiment.

Fish was employed by a firm that manufactures the ammo for the M-14 rifle before he entered the Marine Corps. His job was washing bullets.

"Every time I pick up a round, I wonder if I haven't seen it before," said Fish, who estimates he has fired some 2,000 rounds since he entered the Corps.



PATROL— Members of the 23rd Infantry, 25th Infantry Division, advance deep into Boi Loi jungles searching for the Viet Cong during Operation Wahiawa. (USA Photo)

Leatherneck Photo Planes Stop Enemy 'Dead In Tracks'

Da Nang, (USMC) — When a Marine Crusader pilot "shoots" the Viet Cong they are stopped in their tracks.

The Crusader, a photo-reconnaissance plane, stops the enemy with film and camera.

The plane is part of the two-fisted punch of Marine Composite Reconnaissance Squadron-1. Skippered by Lt. Col. Francis C. Opeka, the Crusader is capable of flying faster than the speed of sound and can fly at altitudes greater than 50,000 feet.

The other half of the punch is the Skynight. It is a two-place twin-jet aircraft used for electronic intelligence.

The "whale," as it is

called by the men in the squadron, is the electronic version of the F3D. The Skynight was used in combat during the Korean War.

The two aircraft conduct day and night photographic reconnaissance, airborne electronic and communications counter-measures in support of all U.S. and Army of the Republic of Vietnam forces in Vietnam.

The theme around the squadron is speed. The faster the information is collected by the two planes, the faster the counter-measures can be brought to bear on the enemy.



'Farmer Soldier' Protects Key Bridges

Cam Lo—They are spread throughout Vietnam, guarding key bridges on highways which link cities on this war-embattled peninsula. "They" are the hard fighting farmer-soldiers of South Vietnam, the Popular Force (PF).

Many of the PF at Cam Lo have lived here since birth, but for the next month their home will be a concrete bunker on a hill which overlooks a bridge known simply as PK7.

This ordinary looking bridge on Highway 9, 500 miles north of Saigon, however, is of major importance to Cam Lo, since it is the only link with the western cities of Da Nang and Quang Tri.

For a little more than \$10 a month, the PF soldier puts his life on the line guarding strategic bridges and hamlets, providing intelligence information to the advisors, conducting operations and establishing ambushes.

Some American advisors have claimed these are the toughest fighters around.

According to SFC Herbert Yamabayashi, operations and intelligence sergeant for the

Cam Lo advisory team, the PF are killing more Viet Cong and sustaining more casualties statistically than any other Vietnamese unit.

At first glance you would think that somebody was pulling your leg. In his black pajamas and averaging only five feet tall, the PF soldier looks like anything but a killer, but he is fast becoming an expert at the Viet Cong's own game of ambush.

At times the odds are a little uneven, an 11-man squad will be pitted against a VC company. They get their noses bloodied, but they give worse than they get.

Why do they stay and fight when the odds are against them? The best answer came from a teenage Montagnard: "The VC killed my brother, now I kill the VC."

The PF does have one problem, attrition. As Yamabayashi said, "The men leave to join the Vietnamese army, not to get out of it."

Story and Photos
by

Sp4 D.R. Brown, USA
Staff Writer



BRIDGE GUARD — A Popular Force soldier stands guard at the approach to PK-7, a vital bridge on Highway 9 which connects Cam Lo with the western cities of Quang Tri and Da Nang.



SABOTAGE DETERRENT — Four members of the Popular Force at Cam Lo keep a sharp watch for possible Viet Cong sabotage, on the hill over-

looking PK-7. The farmer-soldiers, residents of the area, live in a concrete bunker which overlooks this key bridge on Highway 9.

Viet Cong Thre

Ban Me Thuot — "Death to American Advisors," read the sign over the road. Painted in Vietnamese, in the colors of the enemy, it greeted each vehicle of the armored convoy that sped across the Ho Chi Minh Trail, just 15 kilometers from the Cambodian border.

Lt. Nguyen Van Do, commander of the 14th Squadron of armored personnel carriers (APCs), translated the fatal prophecy to his counterpart Capt. Warner D.

Stanley, U.S. Army senior advisor to the 8th Armored Cavalry Regiment, who kept his ear glued to the radio and watched the L-19 flying overhead.

The APC's and two companies from the 45th ARVN Infantry Regiment left Ban Me Thuot at daybreak destined to link with the main element of the 45th Regiment and escort them back to home base.

An explosion rocked the lead truck on the 33-vehicle

convoy. All but men in the cab from the transport.

Capt. Ronald Advisory Team sed the blast from following and medevac helicopter.

The command to the head of trucks. Stanley saw a patrol was to secure the landing.

Vietnamese formed first a mangled comrade.



Advisor directs medevac chopper to a safe landing



Gunner on APC relaxes after a successful mission



Alert crew watches for movement in VC-controlled woods



Machine gun on personnel carrier protects

at Backfires; ARVN Troops Slain

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were blown
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D. Hogue of
33, witness-
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deployed to
ing area.

edics per-
aid on their
ades who lay

haphazardly around the three-
foot-hole, 10 feet in diameter,
that marked the mine crater.

The advisors estimated that
the mine was made from
a 155mm howitzer "dud"
planted in fresh dirt next to a
fallen tree that blocked half
the road. The blast ripped
through the thin shell of steel
between the driver's seat and
rear wheels indicating that
it was detonated from the
forested area surrounding the
road.

A helicopter hovered over
the ambush site. Stanley
threw a green smoke grenade
in a road clearing, and the
hospital ship, marked with a
red cross, touched ground
with its rotor blades nearly
scraping the tree-line.

Capt. James F. Paulk, flight
surgeon from the 155th Avia-
tion Company, jumped off
the chopper with a medic
and the two applied splints.
Almost all the casualties had
broken their legs and ankles
when the truck blew up from
under them. One man died
at the scene.

The captain walked past
the demolished truck. He
swore at the ways of war.
Vietnamese troopers car-

ried the 16 casualties to the
landing area.

Sledding across the tree-
tops with every load, two
helicopters evacuated all
casualties in five trips. When
the flight surgeon climbed
aboard with the last medevac,
the chopper pilot pointed to a
bullet-hole under the surg-
eon's seat. One of Charlie's
snipers was still around.

Two hours after the disaster
the convoy was rolling again
with the APC's sandwiched
on the lead and rear of the
truck transports.

Each APC was armed with
a .50 caliber machine gun, one
.30 caliber gun and more than
2,000 rounds of ammunition.
Its 24-inch tracks crackled on
the asphalt road. Alternate
.50 caliber mounts were
aimed toward the opposite
sides of the route.

Stanley gave his own
eyewitness account of the
alertness of the man behind
the .50's on the command
APC. "On a recent mission,"
he said, "an advisor dis-
mounted from the APC and
stepped behind a tree at the
side of the road.

"The gunner," the captain
continued, "was unaware

that the advisor had left the
vehicle, and opened fire. He
fired three shots before I
could stop him. Two bullets
straddled the tree just above
the advisor's head and the
third hit the trunk dead center
and dropped at the feet of
man on the other side."

Stanley added, "the gunner
is dependable, almost too..."

Here he was interrupted
by a sniper's bullet, and

finished the sentence by
shouting for all to duck in-
side the wall of steel. One
man whispered from below,
"Charlie must be a bad shot."

Finally the escort convoy
joined with the 75-truck
troop carriers from the 45th
Infantry Regiment returning
from operations in Quang
Duc Province. The combined
forces turned for home base
at Ban Me Thuot.

The Viet Cong greeted the
45-kilometer-long train on
the return trip with a ditch
blockade the width of the
road. Propaganda posters
nailed to the stakes read:
"Vietnamese Patriots Will
Stop American Imperialist
Aggression," but the words
were just a mockery to sol-
diers who had seen their own
men stopped cold by "Viet-
namese Patriots."



ARVN soldier walks away from the truck blown by VC mine

**Story & Photos
by Sp4 H. B. Bryan, USA,
Staff Writer**

slon



ts approaching convoy



Capt. Warner D. Stanley (second from left) assists in loading casualties

Psycho Detachment 'First' For Troops In Vietnam

By PFC Andrew Barylski, USA
Staff Writer

Saigon — The only combat psychiatric team in Vietnam boasts that 90 per cent of its patients are returned to duty. The 935th Medical Detachment, attached to the 93rd Evacuation Hospital, is located in Long Binh on the fringes of D Zone about 25 miles from Bien Hoa.

The eight officers and 12 enlisted men in the team are specialists in psychiatry, neurology and social work.

The 935th operates out of a newly-constructed clinic with eight offices, a waiting room, and a treatment and conference room. Its ward has 18 beds, but is capable of handling up to 30 inpatients. Patients are usually kept up to 15 days before evacuation or return to duty.

The inpatient service subscribes to a daily schedule. Patients are admitted, given clean clothing, a shower, and a warm meal, followed by sedation for rest, when appropriate. They are expected to keep their areas clean and to assist ward personnel in maintaining a neat ward.

Ward details are supervised by an appointed inpatient

NCO. Patients are required to stand during ward rounds and display the same military courtesy they would for their own unit commanders to the attending physicians. At all times the patient is reminded that he is part of the U.S. military in a combat situation and is expected to behave accordingly. There are very few incidents of "acting-out-behavior."

The combat situation is considered to be the ideal place to use "milieu therapy," that of one patient being responsible for another's welfare. The use of the "buddy-system" in the psychiatric ward helps maintain the attitude of expectancy of recovery and return to duty.

Combat psychiatry is somewhat different than psychiatry practiced in a non-combat area or in

civilian life, because the majority of the cases are really stress reactions in one form or another. These stresses vary from simple separation from home and family to the severe stress of combat.

According to Maj. John A. Bowman, detachment commanding officer, combat fatigue isn't seen quite as frequently as it was during World War II or the Korean War, because combat is not as prolonged or sustained. Combat here is brief, lasting from several hours to a couple of days. A unit may go on a brief mission and return to camp to await another. This type of combat produces a tremendous psychological stress. Other stress reactions that have been noted are the physical stresses of heat, dehydration, and diarrhea, which, in a cumulative effect, severely aggravate mental stress.



BIRD OF PARADISE— The befeathered miss is Gloria Mills, a Miami Beach, Fla., dancer and showgirl.

Picture Of The Week



GRATEFUL— Smiling her approval a Vietnamese woman holds a CARE package just given her by a Medical Civic Action Program Team from Marine Wing Headquarters Group 1 (USMC Photo by SSgt. William Beasley)

Civic Action Team, Infantry Squad Join To Distrust Viet Cong Mission

Than Han, (USA) — What started out as a routine civic action mission for the 25th Infantry Division turned out to be a "search and destroy" operation at the same time.

A squad from Company A, 2nd Battalion, 35th Infantry, was escorting a civic action team from the 41st Civil Affairs Team attached to the brigade, on a mission to the village of Plei Ea La. When the small task force arrived at the village, located about two miles from the brigade's forward command post at Than Han, the squad made sure that it was safe to enter.

The civil affairs team, headed by Capt. M.D. Spargo, the 41st's medical officer, entered the relatively small village to conduct a sick call. Assisted by Lt. Hugh Harris of the infantry unit's medics, Captain Spargo treated all of the ill villagers that would come forward to be treated.

They also handed out vitamins and candy to the small children of the village.

While they were there, the civic action team also explained the reason for the Americans presence in their area and that the 3rd Brigade Task Force intended to operate in

the vicinity of the village of Plei Ea La.

They also told the people that, should they become sick,

Alert Marines Spot House Fire

Chu Lai (USMC) — Two Leathernecks from the 1st Marine Division driving through the village of An Tan saw smoke pouring from a house.

"Stop the vehicle, there's a fire there," Cpl. Raymond T. Salisbury shouted to his driver. He and Cpl. James M. Smith jumped from the truck and started pulling flammable material from the walls of the hut.

The two Marines and the villagers formed a bucket brigade and within a few minutes, the blaze was brought under control.

The owner of the house thanked the Marines and they went on their way to the Marine Division's intelligence section where they are assigned.

they could get a free pass to go to the Pleiku Hospital for treatment, if they wanted it.

The infantry squad headed back to the brigade forward command post, taking a different route than they took on their earlier trip.

About midway on their return trip, the men of the patrol spotted a sprung booby-trap. They bypassed the spot near the trail, and found a lone grain-storage hut.

It was found to be a Viet Cong food cache and held nearly a ton of rice. After searching the area for more huts, and finding none, the patrol returned and burned the rice to deprive the enemy of some future meals.

By the time the little force returned to the command post they had accomplished two missions: They made friends with the villagers of Plei Ea La and disrupted "Charlie's" future menu.

Both of these missions definitely hurt the Viet Cong without spilling a drop of blood.

Aussie, Yank 'Tigers' Pounce On Viet Cong

Vung Tau (USA) — The "Top Tigers" of the 68th Aviation Company and the "Tigers" of the newly-arrived 5th Royal Australian Regiment were mated for training at Vung Tau airfield.

The Aussie unit is at Vung Tau learning airborne tactics prior to relieving the 1st Royal Australian Regiment.

The "Tiger" aviators and aerial observers gave classes, demonstrations and staged two practice airborne assaults in a secure area.

The "practice" and "secure" aspects of the training operation was not enough for some of the more anxious observers from "Down Under."

After the first practice assault, four officers of the 5th RAR volunteered as observers on an aerial search and destroy mission with the gun platoon of 68th Avn. Co.

That afternoon, when the searching aircraft encountered ground fire, a new sound was added to aerial warfare in Vietnam.

Above the chatter of machine guns, the roar of rockets and the other sounds associated with the normal attack of armed helicopters, a new sound could be distinguished, if not completely understood.

Cries of "There goes the Blighter!" "Tally-ho" and "Jolly good show!" were interspersed with "Bloody something - or - other" that defies spelling or publication.

It sounded like a combination of a cricket match, the Fourth of July, and a Saturday afternoon ball game.

The final box score: Aircraft hit-none; Americans hit-none; Australians hit-none;

VC killed-five (probable); VC structures destroyed-five; VC structures damaged-fifteen.

Jolly Good Show!

VC 'Donate' Drugs To Mission Hospital

Di An (USA) — The Viet Cong, with an assist from the 1st Infantry Division, donated 40 pounds of medical supplies to the Hospital of the Brothers of St. John at Ho Nai village.

Sgt. Thomas F. Delano of Company B, 1st Battalion, 18th Infantry, uncovered the supplies while he was searching an enemy tunnel complex.

The supplies included strychnine, morphine, quinine and bottles of vitamin pills. Delano found the drugs when he was searching one of the compartments of the underground maze.

He carried them to a resupply point and a helicopter took the supplies to the headquarters camp of the 18th Infantry.

Lt. Joseph F. Wichlow, civic affairs officer, contacted Brother Bernard Samuel at the hospital and asked if he wanted the medicine. The missionary said the hospital would "gladly accept the medicine, regardless of its source."

Delano accompanied the officer when the delivery was made to the hospital.



A 'SAFE' PLACE — Finding a place to stack his money was just one of the problems faced by Lt. Gerald H. Young of Headquarters Support Activity, Saigon. The Navy officer, who was disbursing officer, finally placed these packs of Military Payment Certificates on top of his safe. The responsibility for the temporary storage of the currency, used to pay troops and bills, now rests with the Army. (USN Photo)

Swift Patrol Boat Crew Saves Junk's Passengers

Song Cau (USN) — A routine night patrol near this village off the central coast of South Vietnam became a rescue mission for the crew of a Navy Swift boat.

The fast patrol craft had sighted a junk and approached it for a routine inspection. The boat, loaded with 157 passengers, was swamping due to the overload, heavy seas and high winds.

Lt. James H. Franklin, in charge of the Swift brought his boat alongside the junk to take aboard the passengers. Although six is the normal Swift crew, 157 wet, frightened ref-

ugees climbed aboard from the sinking junk. All were taken off safely.

As the patrol boat proceeded carefully with its large load to the radar picket destroyer escort USS Vance also patrolling the area, the junk swamped and sank.

The refugees were transferred to the Vance which headed for Qui Nhon, 300 miles NE of Saigon. There they were turned over to Vietnamese authorities for transportation to their destinations.

It was later learned that all 157 refugees were enroute to Tuy Hoa and Nha Trang, fleeing their homes at Song Cau to escape Viet Cong in that area.

Soldier Says 13 His Lucky Number

Di An (USA) — Sp4 Frederick J. Schaller, Jr. regards 13 as his lucky number, and has a very good reason for doing so.

During a recent operation with the 1st Infantry Division, Schaller, who drives an armored personnel carrier, was only momentarily stunned when a sniper's bullet penetrated his driver's helmet.

The bullet entered over his right eye, crossed his forehead, and made its exit over his left ear.

He was taken to the Lai Khe Dispensary and treated for slight flesh burns across the top of his forehead. The APC and Schaller's helmet both are marked with the number 13.

▲ Capture VC, Roast 'Em

(Continued from P-3, Col. 5)

them. A second man charged in from the right to turn the running porkers into the grasping arms of their pursuers and fell.

He landed in a puddle of slippery mud. Then, a hearty shout of "Airborne" resounded through the village. One soldier dived through the air, slid six feet through the soupy mud, and came up with one victim held securely by the feet.

The second pig managed to elude his pursuers for a few more moments. Another airborne tackle and he was ready for the hungry trooper-butcher.

Now the troopers had to find a kitchen. They checked

first what appeared to be a Viet Cong mess hall. In the floor they found a pit, protected with heavy wood planking.

The troopers removed the cover and found two tons of rice and six tons of salt. While two men prepared the night's meal, other troopers bagged salt and rice, which would later be distributed to refugee families by the 173rd Airborne Brigade's civic action section.

When the work was finished the men sat down to barbecued pork, an unusual treat in a wet and muddy jungle, and a satisfactory end to a day's work well done.



AID TO WOUNDED VIET CONG — A medical team from the 1st Battalion, 18th Infantry of the 1st Infantry Division gives first aid to a wounded Viet Cong soldier captured during Operation Birmingham in action north of Tai Nin. (U.S. Army Photo by MSgt. Sam Wallace)

- Vietnam News Wrap-Up -

Slight Increase In Combat Activity

Small unit actions increased slightly in the Republic of Vietnam during the week May 21-28, and the kill ratio was up slightly. Enemy losses for the period totaled 1,173 killed and 197 captured to make the kill ratio 3.5 to 1 in favor of friendly forces. U.S. battle losses included 87 killed and 605 wounded, while the Free World force troops had 3 KIA and 6 wounded.

A total of 21 battalion-size operations netting contact with the enemy were in progress during the period. U.S. forces conducted 13, the Republic of Korea Army had 2, the Australians had 1 and there were 5 combined operations.

There were a total of 4,278 small unit actions and 104 of those showed contact with the enemy.

In general, there was an overall slight increase in combat operations with little change from the previous week.

Air Force pilots flew 1,288 combat sorties the week of May 21-28 in the Republic, hitting enemy troops, fortifications, supply areas and shipping. Forward air controllers credited the strikes with sinking 40 sampans and killing a possible 55 enemy troops. B-52 bombers struck daily at targets northeast of Quang Ngai city.

Seventh Fleet carriers Hancock, Enterprise and Kitty Hawk launched 145 combat missions over North Vietnam hitting supply areas and transportation facilities. Pilots from the Intrepid flew 489 strike sorties in the Republic and FACs reported 286 structures and 10 sampans destroyed.



Operation Mobile Ends in I Corps

The III Marine Amphibious Force conducted patrol and ambush activities in I Corps area during the week May 21-28.

A multi-battalion operation dubbed Mobile was conducted by combined units of the 7th Marines and the Vietnamese army from May 25-28 in Quang Ngai province. The operation netted 24 enemy killed, 15 captured and 74 suspects detained by the combined force. Friendly losses were light.

Three Operations Conducted In II Corps

Operation Crazy Horse, a search-and-destroy operation, continues in II Corps. Elements of the 1st Brigade, 1st Air Cavalry Division have killed a total of 286 enemy troops and have captured 21 in the operation in Binh Dinh province. Friendly losses remain light.

A battalion-size force from the 3rd Brigade, 25th Infantry Division continues Operation Paul Revere in Pleiku province. Enemy losses now total 50 killed and 13 captured. The 1st Brigade, 101st Airborne Division and units from the 2nd ROK Marine Brigade continues Operation Fillmore in Phu Yen province. Enemy losses at the end of the week May 21-28 totaled 298 killed, 51 captured and 53 weapons seized.

Wahiawa Ends, Lexington Continues

The multi-brigade Operation Wahiawa, conducted by the 25th Infantry Division in Hau Nghai province in III Corps ended May 27. The "Tropic Lightning" troops killed a total of 157 enemy and captured 32 weapons.

Operation Lexington, a brigade-size operation by the 2nd Brigade, 1st Infantry Division, was kicked off May 17 in the Rung Sat Special Zone. To date, enemy losses total 42 killed and 10 captured.

Elements of the 173rd Airborne Brigade and the 1st Battalion, Royal Australian Regiment launched Operation Hardihood May 16 in Phuoc Tuy province. Enemy losses include 29 killed, 1 captured and 10 weapons seized.

Market Time Holds 170 Persons

U. S. Navy ships, boats and aircraft and U. S. Coast Guard cutters continue surveillance of the Republic's coastline. They reported 3,251 vessels inspected and 4,665 vessels boarded and searched. They held 13 junks and 170 persons were detained.

- World News Summary -

Surveyor Makes Beeline For Moon

Surveyor-1, the latest lunar-lander in the American space race, sped on its way with astonishing accuracy toward its target on the moon. Launched from Cape Kennedy May 30, the three-legged, 2,194-pound craft was given a good chance of landing gently on the moon and returning closeup photos of the lunar surface.

Meanwhile, a "traffic snarl" at Cape Kennedy temporarily delayed a space laboratory shot designed to find out more about the relationship between the sun and the environment of the earth. Called Orbiting Geophysical Observatory (OGO), the satellite is the third of a series of seven experiments designed for this purpose.

Astronauts Cheer Moon Launch

Astronauts Thomas Stafford and Eugene Cernan, captain and pilot for Gemini-9, cheered the Surveyor spacecraft off on its trip to the moon and then resumed training for their space flight which was to blast off in the early morning hours of June 4 (Saigon time).

The Atlas rocket carrying the ATDA (augmented target docking adapter), an unmanned satellite was to precede the launching of Gemini-9 by an hour. Stafford and Cernan will attempt a series of rendezvous and docking maneuvers with the ATDA. These maneuvers will be necessary when the three-man Apollo moon missions are launched.

Draft Chief Hits Lottery Proposal

Lt. Gen. Lewis B. Hershey, director of the Selective Service system, said that recruiting would suffer under a Pentagon plan to select 19-year-old peace time draftees by lottery.

The Defense Department said that "various lottery systems are being considered" along with "the desirability of selecting draftees at a young age such as 19." The Department denied that a study group's plan constitutes a recommendation. The study group was ordered by President Johnson two years ago. Hershey said he "thinks the plan fails to consider the effect on recruiting."

'Commando' Boat Sunk By Cubans

Cuban planes and patrol boats sank a launch carrying infiltrators from the United States, and at least two of the infiltrators were killed and two others captured, according to the Cuban armed forces ministry. A Cuban sailor and a soldier were wounded, the ministry said.

The report was confirmed by Cuban exile sources in Miami, Fla., who said the boat belonged to an exile organization called "Commandos-I." The sources added that the boat was armed and carried a crew of six. They were attempting to infiltrate one of the six into Cuba, the sources said.

U.S. Pays Tribute To War Dead

Americans paid tribute to the sacrifices of the country's servicemen Monday (Memorial Day) in observances of sorrow made all the more immediate by the new graves of men who died in Vietnam. There were parades and wreath-layings throughout the country as bright sunshine and dry weather prevailed in most of the nation.

At Andersonville, Ga., PFC Jimmie L. Williams, a wearer of the Green Beret, who died in combat, was buried in historic Andersonville National Cemetery. His family took the Special Forces soldier's body to Andersonville when no suitable spot could be found in the segregated cemetery in his hometown of Wetumpka, Ala.

Job Openings On Ice Island

The U.S. Weather Bureau is looking for four men willing to live six months on an ice island in the Arctic Ocean. The island, now 350 miles northeast of Point Barrow, Alaska, is four miles long and two miles wide.

The island, previously used as a base for gathering data on Arctic weather during the International Geophysical Year, will be used as a weather station.

Week's Sports Highlights

By Ed MacKay

England's Graham Hill won a disputed victory in the 50th running of the 500-mile Memorial Day auto race at Indianapolis. The tall Londoner, a newcomer, took the win over Jimmy Clark of Scotland, the defending champion. Representatives of Studebaker Corp., and other Clark backers contended the scorers and judges erred and that the Scot won.

Only seven cars of the original 33 were still on the track at the end of the race. Eleven cars were eliminated at the start in a massive 16-car pileup in which no one was seriously injured. The crash delayed the race more than an hour and a half.

One of the finishers, Gordon Johncock, faces a charge of speeding on the highway and he is also accused of failing to appear in court. Johncock was arrested May 21 and scheduled to appear in court May 28 at Cicero, Ind., after being charged with driving 90 m.p.h. in a 65 m.p.h. zone.

● **Memorial Day was a bad day for the Cleveland Indians as the American League leaders dropped two games to the California Angels. The Indians have lost four games in a row but still have a three-game lead over the Baltimore Orioles.**

The Orioles took a 5-1 victory over the Minnesota Twins in the opener of a day-night double-header at Minneapolis-St. Paul.

At Washington, the Senators and the New York Yankees split a double-header with the Yanks winning the opener 4-2 and the Senators taking the nightcap 2-1.

Two Memorial Day double-headers were played in the National League. Roberto Clemente smashed two homers to power the Pittsburgh Pirates to a 5-3 victory over the Chicago Cubs after the Pirates took the opener 3-2 at Pittsburgh. The Phillies and Mets split

a twin bill at New York. Jim Bunning hurled Philadelphia to a 7-2 win in the opener and Jack Fisher's relief pitching gave the Mets the nightcap 3-1.

● Cassius Clay, the world heavyweight boxing champion, is cooling it in Cairo. He called off a planned visit to Port Said Memorial Day and returned to Cairo for relaxation. He had scheduled an exhibition with several Egyptian boxers at the Gezira Sporting Club in the Egyptian city.

While he was in Alexandria, Clay pretended to be knocked down by an Egyptian boxer during a friendly exhibition match. He rose after the eight-count amid cheers and laughter from an estimated 5,000 spectators.

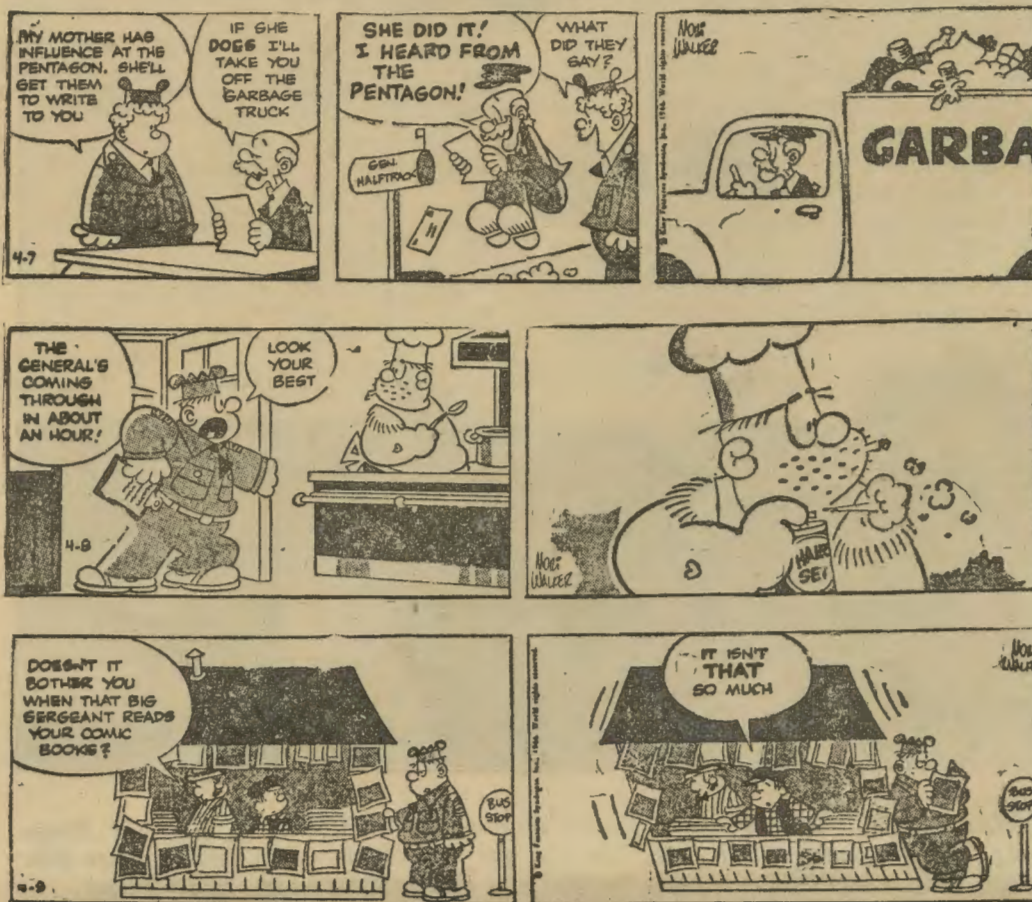
Heavyweight challenger Ernie Terrell, commenting on the Clay-Cooper fight in London, said he had "seen better in the Golden Gloves."

● The injury-ridden Buffalo Bills took the American Football League title last year despite those injuries. This year, the Bills eye an easier season with split end Glenn Bass, flanker back Elbert Dubenion and center Dave Behrmann coming off the disabled list.

Joel Collier, who replaced Lou Saban as head coach, will need these reinforcements to win in the East again. Saban now is head man at the University of Maryland.

BEETLE BAILEY

BY MORT WALKER



PEANUTS

By Cartoonist-Of-The-Year Charles M. Schulz



I don't care what you would rather wear!... The uniform is black pajamas!



DROP EM IN!— Supplies of rice float to earth at Duc Phong, site of a Special Forces camp opened recently in III Corps. The rice was air-dropped to help feed the more than 1,000 refugees who have moved into the area since the camp was set up. (USA Photo)

▲ Navy Corpsman Doctor For Hill People

(Cont'd from P-1, Col. 3)

the world they wouldn't do for you," he added.

He takes no armed escort with him on these village rounds. He said his visits are meant to be friendly.

"This duty is like nothing I've ever done before. I do carry a weapon for my protection as well as my patients' if it comes to that. It's a funny feeling being out here in the middle of no-

where. You never really know where the rear, front or flanks of this war are. You've always got to be on the alert," Andy said.

"When I first got here, about six months ago, there was no medical civic action program. So I went out to some of the villages in the mountains and saw some of the village chiefs. With them and some of the public health

workers of their villages, we got together and set up some schedules," Andy recalled.

▲ Plucks Pilot From VC

(Cont'd from P-1 Col. 5)

go after him," says Fisher, "so I headed for the landing strip. Besides, if the enemy soldiers got him before I did, he'd be dead. I had no other choice."

Three other Skyraider pilots followed Fisher to cover his landing. His first approach was too fast. The veteran pilot made a quick reverse turn and came in from the opposite direction.

Even with the brakes locked and flaps up to add more weight on the wheels for better braking action, Fisher still skidded off the end of the dirt strip into an area where 55-gallon drums had been left when the field was abandoned. He squealed to a halt with smoking brakes only 100 feet from where Myers was hiding.

"The only time I was really scared," remarked Fisher, "was when it looked like I wasn't going to be able to stop. I just stood on the brakes as hard as I could and prayed."

The moments it took Myers to get to the aircraft seemed interminable, according to Fisher. When Myers got close to the cockpit, Fisher grabbed him by the

seat of the pants and pulled him in head first.

In the brief time the aircraft was on the ground, it was hit several times by enemy fire. One round passed through the cockpit. "The striking bullets sounded like rain hitting on a tin roof," Fisher recalls.

The Skyraider pilots who were strafing enemy troops reported they were out of ammunition, but they continued to make passes on the enemy positions.

Except for singed hair and eyebrows, Myers was not injured. As the Skyraider pilots buzzed North Vietnamese troops, Fisher and his scorched but safe passenger took off and returned to the Pleiku air base.

Typically, Fisher gives most of the credit for saving Myers' life to his wingmen and to the mechanics who maintain the Skyraiders.

"It was strictly a team effort," he insists. "I probably owe my life to the men who flew cover for me and to the mechanics who maintain these aircraft. We never would have gotten out of there without them."



DIGGING FOR GOLD— Vietnamese women from the village of Tan An Hoi dig up valuables buried near Cu Chi. They recovered 5,000 piasters and an unestimated amount of gold jewelry at the base camp of the 25th Infantry Division. (USA Photo)

CROSSWORD PUZZLE

Answer to Previous Puzzle

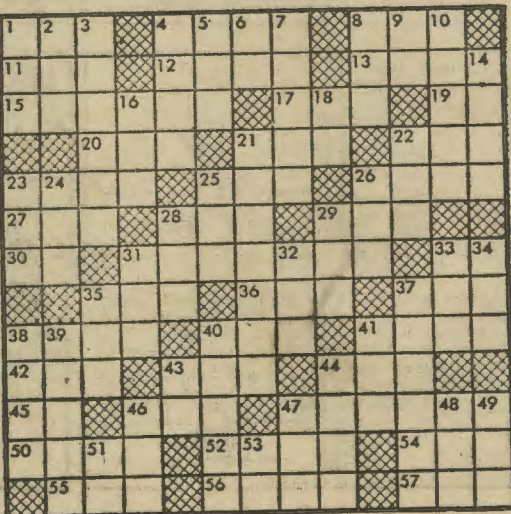
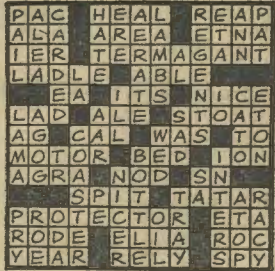
ACROSS

- 1-Marry
- 4-Filament
- 8-Noise
- 11-A state (abbr.)
- 12-Ireland
- 13-Again
- 15-Forrest warden
- 17-Prohibit
- 19-Brother of Odin
- 20-Uncouth person
- 21-Pinch-hitter (slang)
- 22-Golf mound
- 23-Barracuda
- 25-Flying mammal
- 26-Musical instrument
- 27-Possessed
- 28-Transgression
- 29-River island
- 30-Symbol for yttrium
- 31-Lead
- 33-Note of scale
- 35-Cushion
- 36-Devoured
- 37-Animal's foot
- 38-At what time?
- 40-Beverage
- 41-Crippled
- 42-Chicken
- 43-Bitter vetch
- 44-Pose for portrait
- 45-Babylonian deity
- 46-Music as written
- 47-Puts one on guard
- 50-Allowance for waste
- 52-Greek letter
- 54-Be in debt
- 55-Arid
- 56-Break suddenly
- 57-At present

DOWN

- 1-Armed conflict
- 2-Guido's high note

- 3-Waltzed
- 4-Pay attention
- 5-Ventilate
- 6-Prefix: not
- 7-Contradict
- 8-Man's nickname
- 9-Preposition
- 10-At no time
- 14-Cry
- 16-Ship channel
- 18-Hebrew month
- 21-Heelless shoes
- 22-Make lace
- 23-Timid
- 24-Stroke
- 25-Storage box
- 26-Strike
- 28-Turf
- 29-High card
- 31-Container
- 32-Southwestern Indian
- 33-Male sheep
- 34-Female sheep
- 35-Writing implement
- 37-Sponsor
- 38-Sharpen
- 39-Listened to
- 40-Desert dwellers
- 41-Falsehood
- 43-Latin conjunction
- 44-Strike
- 46-Pigpen
- 47-Indonesian tribesman
- 48-Couple
- 49-Stitch
- 51-Teutonic deity
- 53-Printer's measure



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