

VIETNAM RESEARCH AND EVALUATION INFORMATION CENTER

Research, Evaluation and Information Retrieval Staff

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Agency for International Development

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AGRICULTURE - GENERAL

1. FOOD FOR PEACE, 1968 ANNUAL REPORT ON PUBLIC LAW 480, U.S. Congress, H. Doc. 104-91/1, U.S. Government Printing Office, Washington, D.C., 1969, 165 p.

Discusses (pp. 58-59) self-help programs in Vietnam, including use of new high-yield varieties of rice and involving pesticides and fertilizers.

AGRICULTURE - FERTILIZER

2. FERTILIZERS: AN ANNUAL REVIEW OF WORLD PRODUCTION, CONSUMPTION AND TRADE - 1967, Statistics Division, the Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations, Rome, 1968, 211 p.

Compiled annually by the Statistics Division of F.A.O. Provides extensive statistical information on production, consumption, trade, requirements, and prices.

3. NATIONAL FERTILIZER DEVELOPMENT CENTER ANNUAL REPORT - 1968, the Tennessee Valley Authority, Muscle Shoals, Ala., Publication No. F69ACD3, 24 p.

Reviews the latest developments in fertilizer technology, agronomic research, farmer education and fertilizer manufacturers and distributors demonstration programs sponsored by the Center. Section on "International Assistance Programs" (pp. 22-23) enumerates T.V.A.'s work with developing countries' production, use problems, and training courses and assistance programs offered to these countries through A.I.D. sponsorship.

AID AND DEVELOPMENT - GENERAL

4. "The Current Effect of the American Aid Program" by William S. Gaud, in Annals of the American Academy, July 1969, pp. 6-13, Lancaster, Penn.

Increased food production and reduction in the rates of population growth are stressed as the most urgent immediate tasks of US foreign aid to developing countries. Emphasis given to agriculture in A.I.D. programs has involved a number of Asian nations in the Green Revolution. Urges the continuation of the A.I.D. program and the establishment of a permanent status for the program.

5. FAR HORIZONS, 2(4), July 1969, published bimonthly for the interagency Foreign Area Research Coordination Group, Washington, D. C., 12 p.

Included in this issue are items on: a one-day seminar (at Brookings last April chaired by AID's R. V. Bernhart) to acquaint government officials engaged in development assistance with current theory and pilot research on behavioral change; a conference May 2, sponsored by State Department and AID, on American direct investment in the less developed countries; and establishment last February, with a grant from the Ford Foundation, of a new Interuniversity Southeast Asia Committee (ISAC) to coordinate the efforts of American scholars in promoting SE Asian studies here and abroad. ISAC is composed of 27 members chosen from the Association for Asian Studies.

6. U. S. FOREIGN AID IN EAST ASIA; Proposed Fiscal Year 1970 Program, Agency for International Development, Washington, D. C., 1969, 39 p.

Excerpts from A. I. D. 's presentation to Congress outlining the President's requests for fiscal year 1970 for economic aid programs handled under the Foreign Assistance Act.

7. U. S. FOREIGN AID IN THE NEAR EAST AND SOUTH ASIA; Proposed Fiscal Year 1970 Program, Agency for International Development, Washington, D. C., 1969, 32 p.

Excerpts from A. I. D. 's presentation to Congress outlining the President's requests for fiscal year 1970 for economic aid programs handled under the Foreign Assistance Act.

8. U. S. FOREIGN AID IN AFRICA; Proposed Fiscal Year 1970 Program, Agency for International Development, Washington, D. C., 1969, 52 p.

Excerpts from A. I. D. 's presentation to Congress outlining the President's requests for fiscal year 1970 for economic aid programs handled under the Foreign Assistance Act.

9. U. S. FOREIGN AID AND THE ALLIANCE FOR PROGRESS; Proposed Fiscal Year 1970 Program, Agency for International Development, Washington, D. C., 1969, 77 p.

Excerpts from A. I. D.'s presentation to Congress outlining the President's requests for fiscal year 1970 for economic aid programs handled under the Foreign Assistance Act.

AID AND DEVELOPMENT - VIETNAM

10. PROGRAM AND PROJECT DATA. PRESENTATION TO THE CONGRESS-FY 1970. VIETNAM. Agency for International Development, Washington, D. C., May 23, 1969; ii + 102 pp.

A. I. D.'s presentation to the Congress outlining the President's requests for fiscal year 1970 for Vietnam under the Foreign Assistance Act.

11. PHASE-OVER PLANS FOR A. I. D. PROGRAM IN VIETNAM, by Agency for International Development, Bureau of Vietnam Affairs, Washington, D. C., June 10, 1969, 22 p.

Looking to goal of economic independence of South-Vietnam, statement looks at trends in "burden-sharing" by U. S. and South Vietnam in: stabilization, civilian casualties and refugees, pacification, crop production, commercial import program, education, health, logistics, public works and urban development.

AID AND DEVELOPMENT - TITLE IX

12. "The Tunis Conference on Title IX, A New Dimension for Foreign Aid" by John H. Tobler, in Transition, a Quarterly Review of Materials Concerning Problems of Development and International Defense, (No. 17:23-34) January 1969, published by the Foreign Service Institute, Washington, D. C.

Report on the third in a series of regional conferences organized by the Brookings Institution under a contract with A. I. D. Guest speaker was Congressman Donald M. Fraser of Minnesota, who shared responsibility for introducing Title IX into Congress in 1966.

CHIEU HOI

13. THE HOI CHANH IN VIETNAM, by the U. S. Information Agency, Vietnam Feature Service (TCB-047), Saigon, 1969, 27 p.

Launched in 1963, the Chieu Hoi ("Open Arms") program of amnesty has succeeded in aligning 112,809 former communists with the Republic of Vietnam. To make the communist dropouts (Hoi Chanh) more acceptable in the communities to which they return, the GVN's Doan Ket ("National Reconciliation") proclaimed full restoration of civil rights to Viet Cong who renounce force.

ECONOMICS

14. POLITICAL DEVELOPMENT AND ECONOMIC AND SOCIAL GROWTH, by Edgar Owens, United States Operations Mission, Bangkok, Thailand, March 1969, 113 p.

A theory and analysis of successful political and economic development. Data on 29 developing countries, late 1940's to mid-1960's. South Vietnam is included in some sections because of U.S. involvement, even though there are some gaps in the statistics.

15. STATE-A. I. D. CONFERENCE ON AMERICAN DIRECT INVESTMENT IN THE DEVELOPING COUNTRIES; prepared by the Office of External Research, Department of State, Washington, D. C., May 2, 1969, 71 p.

This is an edited and abbreviated version of the proceedings of the conference of representatives from the universities, business and government. Professor Raymond Vernon noted that, on the basis of recent Harvard University studies under his direction, U. S. direct investment in LDC's is probably greater than government studies indicate. 200 of the largest U. S. corporations increased the number of their subsidiaries from 610 to over 1650 in the ten-year period 1957-67.

EDUCATION - ENGINEER TRAINING

16. MEKONG SYSTEMS ANALYSIS PROJECT; FINAL REPORT ON TRAINING COMPUTER APPLICATION TO SYSTEM ANALYSIS LOWER MEKONG RIVER, prepared for the U. S. Agency for International Development by the U. S. Army Engineer Division, North Pacific, February 1968, A. I. D. PASA, FE 12-66, (not consecutively paged)

Reports on the training of ten engineers from Southeast Asian countries (none from Vietnam) in the methods of (1) hydraulic and hydrologic analysis of the Mekong River, (2) system studies of river basin developments for determining multiple purpose reservoir project capabilities, (3) economic analyses for project justification, and (4) projected operating criteria required to achieve all project benefits.

EDUCATION - VIETNAM

17. PRIMARY EDUCATION IN VIETNAM: SCHOOLS FOR THE WHOLE COMMUNITY, Vietnam Feature Service, (TCB-048) Saigon, 1969, 17 p.

Modern teaching methods involving the concept of learning through problem-solving used in the Vietnamese primary schools is resulting in effective community action, environmental improvements, and enrichment of the social and economic life of the residents of the community. To expand this type of successful educational program trained teachers are in demand.

GOVERNMENT AND PUBLIC ADMINISTRATION - GENERAL

18. PUBLIC ADMINISTRATION BULLETIN VIETNAM, published by the Public Administration Division, Agency for International Development, Saigon, No. 49, June 1, 1969, 99 p.

Includes index of GVN Legislation (ordinances, decrees, arretes and selected circulars and memoranda) which have been published in the Public Administration Bulletin between June 1963 and April 1969. (pp 67-95.)

GOVERNMENT AND PUBLIC ADMINISTRATION FINANCE AND TAXATION

19. THE SYSTEM OF INDIRECT TAXES IN VIET-NAM, by Milton C. Taylor, The Michigan State University Viet-Nam Advisory Group, Saigon, March, 1960, 118 p.

Examines the system of indirect taxes and the expansion of revenue from them. Nine taxes compose the indirect tax system, of which the greatest in importance is the production tax - a combination producer's sales tax and an import duty. Favors continuation of the indirect tax system to provide the needed revenues until such time as the direct tax can be strengthened. Included are recommendations for an increase in the tax inspection force in Saigon-Cholon and adjustments of inequities of taxation. Previous MSU studies were made on the Vietnamese income, real property and patente taxes.

GOVERNMENT AND PUBLIC ADMINISTRATION
LOCAL GOVERNMENT

20. ORGANIZATION OF LOCAL GOVERNMENT IN URBAN CENTERS THROUGHOUT VIETNAM; memorandum from the Advisory Section of Assistant Director for Public Administration USAID, to Secretary General Ton That Chuoc, Ministry of Interior, Saigon, June 27, 1969, (various paging)

Urbanization is now taking place in a framework of local government not designed to cope with the accompanying problems. To remedy the situation, this study finds urban government must be organized and suggests 3 alternatives: (1) autonomous cities; (2) a classification plan for villages; or (3) chartered cities.

INDUSTRY

21. EXPANDING EXPORTS, A CASE STUDY OF THE KOREAN EXPERIENCE, by Amicus Most, Office of Program Evaluation, United States Agency for International Development, Washington, D. C., June 1969, 249 p.

Evaluates work of the A.I.D. Mission to Korea during the years 1964 to 1968 in assisting the Korean Government to develop its successful export program. Purpose is to determine factors and reasons that led to success and to provide lessons and guidelines that may be applied in other developing countries. Bibliography, pp. 227-230.

MILITARY AFFAIRS

22. PACIFICATION IN VIET-NAM, Viet-Nam Information Notes, Office of Media Services, Bureau of Public Affairs, Department of State, No. 14, July 1969, 7 p. (D.S. Pub. 8473, East Asian and Pacific Series 181)

Describes in general terms the aims of the Pacification Program; Hamlet Protection; Operation Phoenix; Revolutionary Development; Village Government-Development; Chieu Hoi Program; and a Hamlet Evaluation System, devised for computerized measurement of the pacification program.

POLITICAL AFFAIRS

23. VIETNAM THROUGH A JAPANESE MIRROR; THE IMPACT OF THE VIETNAMESE WAR IN JAPAN, by F. Roy Lockheimer, American Universities Field Staff, Inc., Hanover, N. H., East Asian Series, 16(7), 1969 13 p.

Japanese reaction to the Americanization of the war in Vietnam has been marked by huge wartime profits, faithful government support for its ally, political turmoil at home, psychological shock, renewed emphasis on Okinawa, and cynicism about the American dream.

24. SPEECH ON WAR AND PEACE EFFORTS IN VIETNAM, delivered by Vice-President Nguyen Cao Ky at the National Defense College, July 15, 1969, 19 p.

Assesses the political and military situation from mid-'65 to date; recapitulates developments of the Paris Conference; and assesses the future of the nation.

REFERENCE MATERIALS - BIBLIOGRAPHIES

25. THE JOURNAL OF ASIAN STUDIES, published by the Association of Asian Studies, Inc., Ann Arbor, Michigan, 27(5), Bibliography, September 1968, 456 p.

Lists (pp. 204-227) books and articles on Vietnam, the majority published in 1967. Titles are grouped by subject matter, including: history; economics; agriculture; social sciences; politics and government; foreign relations; education, study and teaching. Index, pp. 399-456.

REFUGEES

26. STATEMENT OF THE HONORABLE JOHN A. HANNAH, A. I. D. ADMINISTRATOR, BEFORE THE SUBCOMMITTEE ON REFUGEES AND ESCAPEES OF THE SENATE COMMITTEE ON THE JUDICIARY, U. S. Congress, Senate Committee on the Judiciary, Washington, D. C., June 24, 1969, 29 p.

Summarizes developments in the Vietnam refugee program during the past year. Discusses (1) civilian war-related casualties, including U. S. and other free world programs; Vietnamese efforts; medical manpower and logistics; and disease prevention; (2) refugees--Tet and post-Tet "evacuees"; new reporting system; upgrading of refugee statistics; increased capability of the GVN; increased CORDS refugee staff; and refugees return to normal life. Statistics.

SOCIAL WELFARE

27. CATALOG OF FEDERAL DOMESTIC ASSISTANCE; A Description of the Federal Government's Domestic Programs to Assist the American People in Furthering Their Social and Economic Progress; compiled for the Executive Office of the President by the Office of Economic Opportunity, Washington, D. C., January, 1969, 610 p.

A comprehensive listing and description of 581 domestic assistance programs and activities administered by 47 federal departments and agencies.

28. TOWARD A SOCIAL REPORT, by the U. S. Department of Health, Education and Welfare, U. S. Government Printing Office, Washington, D. C., January 11, 1969, 101 p.

Following a Presidential request to develop the necessary social statistics and indicators to supplement those prepared by the Bureau of Labor Statistics and the Council of Economic Advisors, the Secretary of Health, Education, and Welfare issued this report as a preliminary step in the evolution of a regular system of social reporting.

STATISTICS

29. SUMMARY OF MONTHLY ECONOMIC DATA FOR VIETNAM, prepared by Office of Economic Policy, Bureau for Vietnam, Agency for International Development, Washington, D. C., June 1969, 8 p.

Statistics compiled from reports prepared by the U. S. Mission in Vietnam, the National Bank of Vietnam and various GVN agencies, including the National Institute of Statistics, the Directorate General of the Budget and Foreign Aid, and the Ministry of the Economy. Included are: retail prices, cost of living, foreign exchange rates and reserves; money supply; budget data; import licensing; and Delta rice deliveries to Saigon.

30. OPERATIONS REPORT; Data as of December 31, 1969 prepared by the Statistics and Reports Division, Office of Program and Policy Coordination, Agency for International Development, Washington, D. C., 1969, 104 p.

Presents primarily AID statistical material on FY 1969 activity world wide including Vietnam. Includes: AID economic assistance; AID country destinations and sources of procurement; Food for Peace programs; AID technicians and participants; investment guaranties; and university contracts.

UTILITIES AND TRANSPORTATION COMMUNICATIONS

31. FINAL REPORT CONTRACT AID/vn-33, Federal Electric Corporation, Paramus, N. J., 1969, 230 pp; photographs.

The main requirements under the contract were: (1) to provide technical support to test, repair, cutover, operate and maintain 23 central telephone offices located in 22 of Vietnam's major cities; (2) to supply technical support to assist USAID Engineering Division in the establishment of written operation and maintenance procedures which include power plant and air conditioning equipment; and (3) to provide technical support to train local personnel in the maintenance and operations of the systems. Included are weekly reports for April 13, 1968-March 8, 1969.